

City of Greater Geraldton

4.17 CHILD SAFETY & WELFARE

SUSTAINABILITY THEME

Governance

OBJECTIVES

The City of Greater Geraldton is committed to creating a culture and environment where the safety and welfare of children is paramount. This shall be achieved through the commitment to implementing the Western Australia Government directives and National Principles for Child Safe Organisations across its operations.

POLICY STATEMENT

The City supports children safety and welfare in our community, and when accessing our facilities and in the care of our services. All persons undertaking work with children (PWWC) must uphold and promote the protection of children and respond appropriately where concerns are identified.

The City is committed to the ongoing education of children, young people and families, staff, volunteers, contractors and key stakeholders about their rights, responsibilities and reporting processes relating to child safety and welfare.

POLICY DETAILS

1. Build a Child Safe Culture

All PWWC have a responsibility to support the City's commitment and obligation to create a child safe culture. Such a culture is critical to ensuring the welfare and safety of children under our care, as all children have a right to develop and reach their potential.

2. National Redress Scheme Participation

The City's commitment to child safety and welfare was confirmed in May 2020 when Council resolved to participate in the National Redress Scheme. This policy expands on the City's established position and provides a clear public commitment to the National Principles for Child Safe Organisations.

3. Recognising Abuse or Neglect

The City has a zero tolerance of child abuse, and shall treat all allegations seriously with a commitment to investigate allegations. The City shall follow the direction of Police and relevant child safety and welfare agencies in the management of its child safety and welfare responsibilities.

The City acknowledges that every child has the right to be heard, protected and to have their concerns managed appropriately. The City will use its best endeavors to seek to resolve the concerns of a child in accordance with this policy.

The City shall endeavor to recognise when a child within its care is exposed to any form of abuse. Appendix 3 provides definitions of the six main types of abuse which could occur or present.

4. Child Safety and Welfare Procedure & Code Of Conduct

The City requires all PWWC to comply with this policy and the related Responding & Reporting Procedure and the Child Safety and Welfare Code of Conduct which are detailed in Appendix 1 and 2.

5. Child Safety Officers

In delivering services to children, the City shall ensure the appointment or the use of existing designated employees as Child Safety Officers. This role shall be undertaken by specifically appointed youth and children services officers or the manager responsible for the service.

6. Recruitment

All PWWC engaged in child-related work as defined in the *Working with Children Act 2004* are required to hold a Working with Children (WWC) Card. In addition the City takes responsibility to assess if a person is suitable to work with children and young people in addition to a WWC Card.

For positions that involve engagement with children, recruitment is based on selection criteria which clearly demonstrate the commitment to child safety and wellbeing to ensure the most appropriate PWWC is employed.

7. Training & Supervision

The City is committed to ensure that PWWC have access to training to develop and maintain an understanding of child safety and wellbeing. In addition to position specific training requirements, training will be available to all PWWC which shall include how to identify, assess, and minimise risks of child abuse and to detect potential indicators of child abuse.

8. Confidentiality

The City shall ensure that all information or details relating to children is maintained in strict confidence. Any and all personal information collected by the City in providing services for children shall be restricted to only PWWC with responsibility for the services in compliance with this policy and its associated procedure and code of conduct.

CONSEQUENCES

This policy represents the expected standards of the City. Deviations from the standards outlines shall invoke disciplinary action to be taken as per the City's operational policy 002 Disciplinary Policy.

KEY TERM DEFINITION

Child (and or Children) in accordance with the section 3 of the *Children and Community Services Act (2004)* defines a Child as a person who is under 18 years of age. In addition reference to **young persons** is read to include any person below the age of 18 years of age.

Persons Working with Children (PWWC) relates to all persons undertaking child-related works. This includes but is not limited to the following, City staff, volunteers, and students,

persons undertaking work experience, contractors, and partnered organisations who are responsible for the provision of children's activities or programs.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Council are responsible for providing leadership for the good governance of Council by acting as a responsible partner in fostering and developing an organisational culture that has zero tolerance for child abuse. Council will advocate in the best interests of children to create and sustain a community in which children are safe and protected from abuse.

The Chief Executive Officer and Directors are responsible for driving the culture of zero tolerance for child abuse and ensuring that the organisation has effective controls in place for child safety and welfare. This will be achieved by ensuring:

- The City has in place and implements robust child safety and welfare procedures that protect children from child abuse.
- Suspected or alleged instances of child abuse are reported and fully investigated.
- Support is provided to managers, staff, volunteers and contractors in undertaking their child safety and welfare responsibilities.

Managers, Facility Managers and Child Safety Officers shall ensure this policy and associated procedures are followed and implemented by:

- Acting as the first point of contact for receiving reports of child safety concerns or allegations of abuse within Council.
- Supporting the notification of child safety concerns or allegations to relevant authorities (Police or Child safety and welfare agencies).
- Assisting alleged victims and their families to access counselling and support services.
- Providing support to affected staff through City's Employee Assistance Program.

All staff volunteers and contractors must familiarise themselves with the relevant laws, the Code of Conduct, and policy and procedures in relation to child safety and welfare, and comply with all requirements, including:

- Participation in staff induction and refresher training.
- Report any suspicion or reasonable belief that a child's safety may be at risk to a designated Child safety and welfare officer.
- Provide an environment that is supportive of all children's emotional and physical safety.

WORKPLACE INFORMATION

CCS501 National Redress Scheme Participation

Child Safety and Welfare Code of Conduct (Appendix 1)

Responding and Reporting Procedure (Appendix 2)

Children and Community Services Act 2004

Working with Children Act 2004

National Principles for Child Safe Organisations (Appendix 3)

POLICY ADMINISTRATION

Directorate		Officer	Review Cycle	Next Due
Corporate and Commercial Services		Manager Organisational Development	Biennially	2022
Version	Decision Reference	Date	Comment (if applicable)	
1.	CCS XXX		Newly developed policy	

APPENDIX 1

CHILD SAFETY AND WELFARE CODE OF CONDUCT

The Child Safety and Welfare Code of Conduct (the Code) lists behaviours that are acceptable and those that are unacceptable. It provides a high-level statement of professional boundaries, ethical behaviour and acceptable and unacceptable relationships. Above all, a Code helps to protect children from harm.

The Code serves to protect all children and young people (any person under 18 years of age), reduce any opportunities for abuse or neglect to occur, and promote child safety & wellbeing within the City. It provides guidance on how to best support children and young people and how to avoid or better manage difficult situations. Where a Persons Working with Children (PWWC) breaches the Code, the City may take disciplinary action, including in the case of serious breaches, dismissal and external reporting.

This Code applies to all City staff (including contract and temporary), committee members, contractors and sub-contractors, interns, volunteers or any other person or bodies associated with the City or any of its staff that engage with children and young people. The City acknowledge that protecting children and young people's safety & wellbeing is everyone's business.

The Code is made available to all PWWC, families and participants via the City's website.

All PWWC are expected to act in accordance with this Code in their physical and online interactions with children and young people.

ALL PWWC SHALL

- Act in accordance with child safety and welfare policy and procedures at all times.
- Behave respectfully, courteously and ethically towards children and young people, their families and towards other staff and volunteers.
- Listen and respond to the views and concerns of children and young people, particularly if they communicate (verbally or non-verbally) that they do not feel safe or well.
- Promote the human rights, safety and wellbeing of all children in City.
- Demonstrate appropriate personal and professional boundaries.
- Respect the cultural and religious practices, individual capability and gender identity/sexuality of children, young people and families, and understand and respond to any identified special needs.
- Create an environment that promotes and enables children and young people's participation, is welcoming, culturally safe and inclusive for all and their families.
- Involve children and young people in making decisions about activities, policies and procedures that concern them wherever possible.
- Contribute, where appropriate, to City policies, discussions, learning and reviews about child safety and wellbeing.
- Identify and mitigate risks to children and young people's safety and wellbeing as required by City risk assessment and management policy and/or procedures.

- Respond to any concerns of a child or young person's harm or abuse promptly and in line with City policy and procedure for receiving and responding to concerns.
- Report all suspected or disclosed child or young person's abuse or neglect as required by *Children and Community Services Act 2004* and by City policy and procedure on internal and external reporting.
- Handle all personal information in accordance with City's privacy responsibilities.

ALL PWWC ARE PROHIBITED FROM

- Engaging in any unlawful activity with or in relation to a child.
- Engaging in any activity that is likely to physically, sexually or emotionally harm a child.
- Engage in any form of sexual relationship with a child or young person.
- Unlawfully discriminate against anyone on the basis of gender identity, culture, race, religion or disability.
- Be alone with a child unnecessarily.
- Travel, or be accommodated, alone with a child or young person before, during or after a City program, excursion or camp. Where approved transport is undertaken, a minimum of two adults must be present.
- In the event that a child or young person presents at a City staffed facility and there is only a single PWWC in attendance. The PWWC is to immediately report to their line manager the presentation of an unplanned child's or young person attendance. The PWWC in the provision of support to the child or young person must comply with their line managers directions.
- Instigate personal contact, including online contact, with children and young people they are working with for a purpose unrelated to City activities.
- Disclose personal or sensitive information about a child, including images of a child, unless the child and their parent or legal guardian consent or unless they are required to do so by City policy and procedure on reporting.
- Use inappropriate language in the presence of children or show or provide children with access to inappropriate images or material.
- Ignore or disregard any suspected or disclosed child abuse or neglect.
- Report to work under the influence of or in possession of alcohol or illegal substances.
- Take photos or videos of children on personal cameras or mobile phones/devices. All photos must be authorised and be taken on City supplied devices.
- Use personal social media platforms such as Facebook, Instagram, Snapchat etc. to contact or converse with children engaged in City programs. Appropriate contact with children for the purpose of delivery of City programs must be limited to official City accounts/platforms only.

- Give personal gifts to children unless under the banner of a gift from City (e.g. gifts from the City to each child at Christmas).

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APPENDIX 2

RESPONDING AND REPORTING PROCEDURE

All Persons Working with Children (PWWC) are required to identify, report and respond immediately (or where reasonably practicable no later than before ending a shift) any concerns, suspicions or allegations of child abuse. Refer to flowchart at the end of Appendix 2 for guidance.

Where a child safety concern may result from:

- a disclosure from the child or young person,
- a disclosure from a parent or carer,
- disclosure from another child,
- physical or behavioural indicators of abuse, and
- staff and/ or volunteer involvement in the community external to their professional role with City.

IF A CHILD OR YOUNG PERSON IS AT RISK OF HARM OR IN IMMEDIATE DANGER, YOU MUST REPORT THE SITUATION DIRECTLY TO WA POLICE ON 000.

In the event an allegation of abuse is made against any City related PWWC it may potentially constitute a serious breach of the Child safety and welfare policy, this procedure, the Child Safety and Welfare Code of Conduct, and child safety and welfare legislation.

Breaches if substantiated include, but are not limited to:

- sexually assaulted a child or young person who is involved in one of our programs or activities,
- physically assaulted a child or young person who is involved in one of our programs or activities,
- verbal abuse, denigrate or bully a child or young person who is involved in one of our programs or activities,
- sexually harass a child or young person who is involved in one of our programs or activities,
- take, reproduce and/or distribute photos of a child or young person without the consent of their parents/ guardians,
- publish any material containing images of children or young people who are involved in one of our programs or activities that can be used for the sexual gratification of others,
- groom or otherwise interfere with the physical or mental wellbeing of a child or young person.

In accordance with the Child Safety and Welfare Policy this Procedure and the Child Safety and Welfare Code of Conduct, all PWWC or any other party who has identified an issue must immediately report any suspected or alleged incident of abuse as per the procedure below.

STEP 1 - REPORT

If an allegation is made against any PWWC, it must be reported to the City's Manager Organisational Development who is responsible to inform the Chief Executive Officer.

If the allegation is made against the Manager Organisational Development, the allegation is to be reported to the City's Manager Corporate Compliance & Safety.

If an allegation is made by an external stakeholder or partnered organisation, the allegation is to be provided in writing to the City. This will then be provided to the Manager Organisational Development for investigation.

If an allegation is made against a third party or where suspected abuse is identified but is unrelated to a City activity the City shall report the matter to the Department of Child Protection and Family Support.

STEP 2 - RECORD

A written record of observations and/ or any statements (correspondence) disclosed by a child or young person or other person should be factual and detail information such as:

- details about the child/ young person,
- details of those involved e.g. person who made the allegation,
- objective information about what was seen, what was said, and what has happened,
- the immediate risk to the child/ young person,
- whether or not the child/ young person has support, and
- what may need to happen to make the child safe.

This information should then be recorded or where reasonably practicable no later than before ending a shift, and must be treated as highly confidential. General discussions about the matter should not occur. This information could be required at a later stage should legal action arise.

All written record observations and/ or any statements (correspondence) recorded and/ or received should only be used to assist in developing a comprehensive report detailing the chronology of events, with a copy of all correspondence to be sent to the Organisational Development team to keep on file.

All documentation used during this reporting process will be filed and stored in a confidential manner with the Organisational Development team. This documentation is not to be given to any other party unless specified by the *Children and Community Services Act 2004*.

STEP 3 - ASSESS

The Manager Organisational Development or their delegate will be required to immediately stand down any PWWC from all programs and activities involving the direct supervision of, and/ or direct contact with children and young people until further notice.

Where the PWWC is employed by the City, the Manager Organisational Development will assess all evidence obtained and conduct relevant interviews to collect statements from all those involved. Where the PWWC is employed by a third party organisation, the Manager Organisational Development will engage with that organisation.

The Manager Organisational Development must determine if the allegation is to be reported to the Department of Child Protection and Family Support within 24 hours (or where reasonably practicable).

If the Manager Organisational Development decides not to report the allegation to Department of Child Protection and Family Support and/ or the WA Police, the person who raised the allegation should be given a clear written statement of the reason/s why no further action will be taken. Should the person who raised the allegation still remain concerned about the situation, they are free to consult with or report to the Department of Child Protection and Family Support.

STEP 4 - REPORT

The Manager Organisational Development must report the alleged incident to the Chief Executive Officer and make all relevant evidence and statements available.

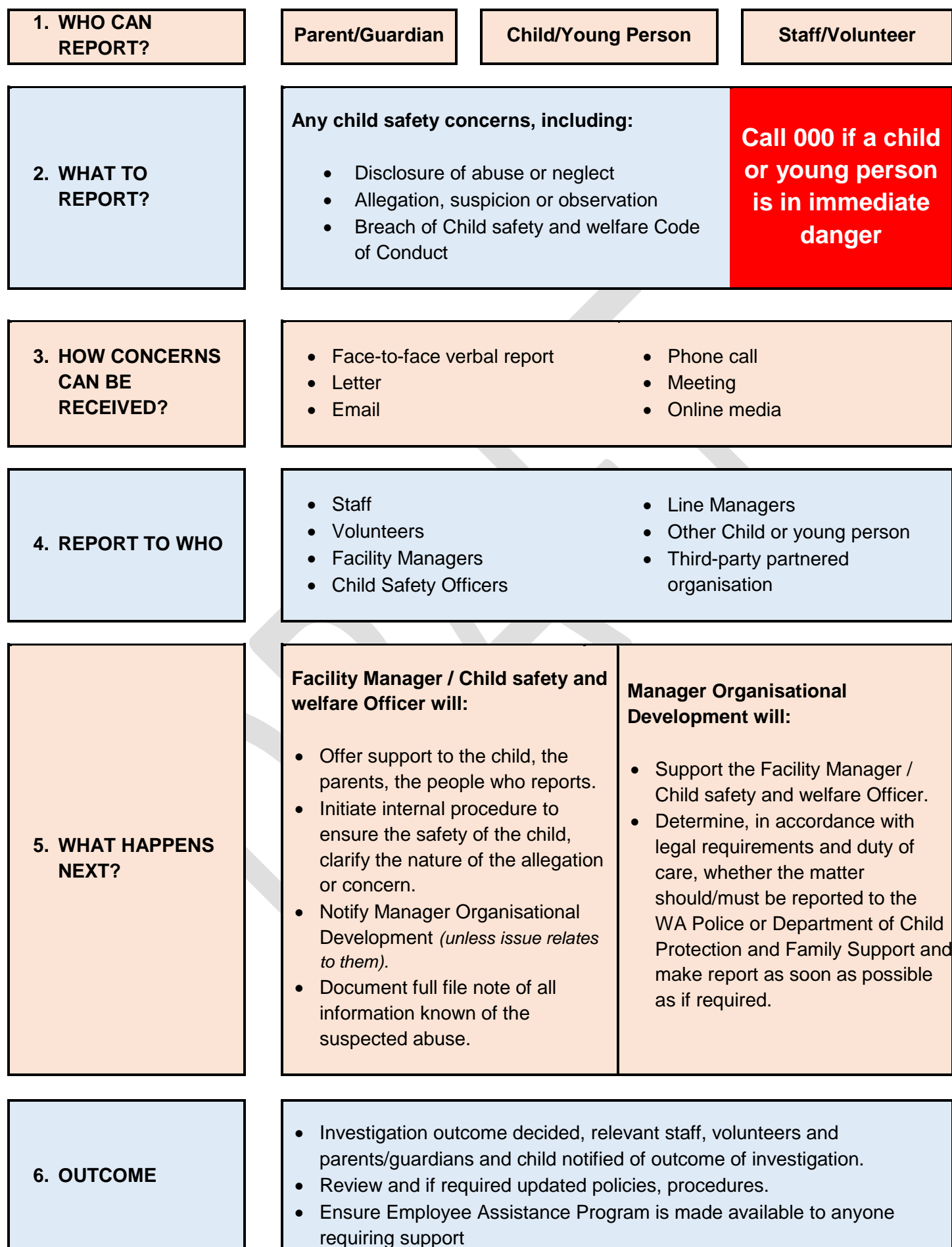
If the Manager Organisational Development determines the alleged incident must be reported to the Department of Child Protection and Family Support, it should be reported within 24 hours (or where reasonably practicable). A written report is to be provided using the Child safety and welfare Concern Referral form found online ([Department of Child Protection– Reporting your Concern webpage](#)) to the best of their knowledge.

The Department of Child Protection and Family Support will decide what response would be in the best interest of the parties involved. Parents/ guardians are not to be informed of any reports made to the Department of Child Protection and Family Support and/ or WA Police unless the agencies have instructed to do so.

In relation to licensed programs such as school exercises, day cares etc, the Manager Organisational Development must also notify the Department of Communities Education and Care Regulatory Unit within one working day, once a report has been made to the Department of Child Protection and Family Support and/ or WA Police.

Please refer to the flowchart over the page which provides a summary of the Child Protection Reporting process.

CHILD SAFETY AND WELFARE REPORTING FLOWCHART



APPENDIX 3

DEFINITIONS OF ABUSE

A child can suffer from one or more of these. Abuse can happen within a family or through a person outside the immediate family. Each type of abuse has a range of indicators, although just one indicator on its own may not suggest abuse.

Definitions of Abuse	
Physical Abuse	Physical abuse is when a child or young person is deliberately hurt, or is at serious risk of being physically hurt, by their parents or carers. This can include punching, kicking, shaking or throwing, scalding/burning, strangling or leaving a child alone in a car. It can also be from excessive physical discipline, or by being given drugs including alcohol. These injuries are not treated as accidental.
Sexual Abuse	Sexual abuse is children and young people being exposed to inappropriate sexual activity. This includes being involved in sexual acts (masturbation, fondling, oral sex or penetrative sex); or witnessing sexual activity, either directly or through pornography.
Emotional Abuse	Emotional abuse is being treated in ways that damages a child or young person's ability to feel and express a range of emotions. This can be caused by behaviours that occur over time, such as verbal abuse and teasing, rejection, physical or social isolation, threats and bullying.
Psychological Abuse	Psychological abuse is being treated in ways that damages a child or young person's self-esteem, personal and moral development and intelligence. This can be caused by behaviours that occur over time, for example, belittling, threatening, isolating and causing the child to feel worthless.
Neglect	Neglect is not providing enough care or supervision so that the child or young person is injured, or their development is damaged. It includes lack of food, shelter, affection, supervision, untreated medical problems and abandonment.
Family & Domestic Abuse	<p>Family and domestic violence is strongly associated with child abuse and neglect. It is more likely that a child's basic needs will not be met in a family where there is domestic violence. Witnessing violence between parents, or being involved in a violent act, can seriously affect the emotional health of children and young people. It can affect self-image, response to other people, and the ability to form healthy relationships.</p> <p>These children and young people don't feel safe and secure. They believe that violence is a solution to problems and may develop signs of posttraumatic stress disorder. Family and domestic violence is seen as child abuse when it clearly affects the child or young person's physical, emotional and psychological development.</p>
Cyber/online abuse	<p>Cyber/online abuse is a type of abuse that happens on the internet. It can happen across any device that's connected to the web, like computers, tablets and mobile phones and it can happen anywhere online, including: social media, text messages and messaging apps, emails, online chats, online gaming, live-streaming sites.</p> <p>Cyber/online abuse can take different forms, such as cyber bullying, online grooming, online sexual abuse, and child sexual exploitation. Children can be at risk of online abuse from people they know or from strangers. It might be part of other abuse which is taking place offline, like bullying or grooming or the abuse might only happen online.</p>

APPENDIX 4

NATIONAL PRINCIPLES FOR CHILD SAFE ORGANISATIONS



Child Safe
Organisations
National Principles

National Principles for Child Safe Organisations

1

Child safety and wellbeing is embedded in organisational leadership, governance and culture.

6

Processes to respond to complaints and concerns are child focused.

2

Children and young people are informed about their rights, participate in decisions affecting them and are taken seriously.

7

Staff and volunteers are equipped with the knowledge, skills and awareness to keep children and young people safe through ongoing education and training.

3

Families and communities are informed, and involved in promoting child safety and wellbeing.

8

Physical and online environments promote safety and wellbeing while minimising the opportunity for children and young people to be harmed.

4

Equity is upheld and diverse needs respected in policy and practice.

9

Implementation of the national child safe principles is regularly reviewed and improved.

5

People working with children and young people are suitable and supported to reflect child safety and wellbeing values in practice.

10

Policies and procedures document how the organisation is safe for children and young people.



For information and resources, go to
<https://childsafe.humanrights.gov.au>



Australian
Human Rights
Commission



Australian Government