

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETING AGENDA

3 OCTOBER 2016

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CITY OF GREATER GERALDTON

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETING ON TUESDAY 3 OCTOBER 2016 AT 3.30PM IN THE COMMITTEE MEETING ROOM – CIVIC CENTRE

AGENDA

1.	DECLARATION OF OPENING
2.	ATTENDANCE
	Present:
	Officers:
	By Invitation:
	Apologies:
	Leave of Absence:
3.	CONFIRMATION OF PREVIOUS MINUTES Recommendation: That the minutes of the City of Greater Geraldton Audit Committee meeting held on 1 March 2016, as attached be accepted as a true and correct record of proceedings.
4.	AC043 2015/2016 AUDIT REPORT FOR THE CITY OF GREATER

- 5. AC044 STATUS OF CITYS RISK MANAGEMENT AND COMPLIANCE ACTIVITIES
- 6 AC045 REVIEW OF COMPLIANCE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS AUDIT -ACTIONS
- 7 AC046 AUDIT COMMITTEE ANNUAL REPORT TO COUNCIL
- **8 MEETING CLOSURE**

4. AC043 2015/2016 AUDIT REPORT FOR THE CITY OF GREATER GERALDTON

AC043 2015/2016 AUDIT REPORT FOR THE CITY OF GREATER GERALDTON

AGENDA REFERENCE: D-16-58389

AUTHOR: A van der Weij, Financial Accountant

EXECUTIVE: B Davis, Director Corporate & Commercial

Services

DATE OF REPORT: 20 September 2016

FILE REFERENCE: FM/3/0003

APPLICANT / PROPONENT: City of Greater Geraldton
ATTACHMENTS: A. 2015/2016 Financial Report
B. 2015/2016 Management Letter

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The purpose of this report is to present to the Audit Committee the audit report for the financial period ending 30 June 2016.

EXECUTIVE RECOMMENDATION;

That the Audit Committee by Simple Majority pursuant to Section 7.1C of the Local Government Act RESOLVES to:

- 1. ADOPT the Audit Report for the financial period ending 30 June 2016.
- 2. ENDORSE actions taken by staff to resolve any items identified in the audit reports; and
- 3. NOTE that for the annual financial report for the year ended 30 June 2016 the Auditor has provided an unqualified audit opinion.

PROPONENT:

The proponent is the City of Greater Geraldton.

BACKGROUND:

The interim audit was conducted by AMD Chartered Accountants from the 1 to the 4 of February 2016 and the final on-site audit from the 5 to the 8 of September 2016. At the conclusion of these audits, the Auditor issue two reports:

- An Independent Auditor's Report to the Ratepayers dated 19 September 2016.
- A Report to the Audit Committee dated 19 September 2016 on the key findings and analysis.

Attached is the report addressed to the Audit Committee by the Auditor. In this report, the auditor has noted:

 Four (4) year-end observations in the Appendix 1 – Auditor recommendations for the year ended 30 June 2016;

Management responses and improvement actions proposed or already implemented are noted in the attached reports.

A copy of the audited financial statements for 2015-16, is attached for the information of the Audit Committee.

The auditor will be in attendance at the Audit Committee meeting via a telephone link up.

ECONOMIC, SOCIAL, ENVIRONMENTAL & CULTURAL ISSUES:

Economic:

There are no economic impacts.

Social:

There are no social impacts.

Environmental:

There are no environmental impacts.

Cultural & Heritage:

There are no cultural or heritage impacts.

RELEVANT PRECEDENTS:

The Audit Committee reviewed the Annual Report 2014/2015 for the City of Greater Geraldton on 6 October 2015, AC038.

COMMUNITY/COUNCILLOR CONSULTATION:

No community consultation has been undertaken. The annual financial report and audit certificate are included in the City's Annual Report, which will be presented to Council for adoption shortly, then released to the community. The annual report is subsequently presented to an annual electors meeting.

LEGISLATIVE/POLICY IMPLICATIONS:

Part 7 Division 3 of the Local Government Act 1995, regulation 16 *Local Government* (Audit) Regulations 1996:

16. Audit committee, functions of

An audit committee —

- (a) is to provide guidance and assistance to the local government
 - (i) as to the carrying out of its functions in relation to audits carried out under Part 7 of the Act; and
 - (ii) as to the development of a process to be used to select and appoint a person to be an auditor;

and

- (b) may provide guidance and assistance to the local government as to
 - (i) matters to be audited; and
 - (ii) the scope of audits; and
 - (iii) its functions under Part 6 of the Act; and

(iv) the carrying out of its functions relating to other audits and other matters related to financial management;

FINANCIAL AND RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS:

There are no financial or resource implications.

INTEGRATED PLANNING LINKS:

Title: Governance	Planning and Policy
Strategy 5.2.7	Ensuring efficient and effective delivery of service

REGIONAL OUTCOMES:

There are no impacts to regional outcomes.

RISK MANAGEMENT

ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS CONSIDERED

There were no alternative options considered







GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2016



General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

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Overview

- (i) These financial statements are General Purpose Financial Statements and cover the consolidated operations for City of Greater Geraldton.
- (ii) All figures presented in these financial statements are presented in Australian Currency.
- (iii) These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Council on 14/09/16. Council has the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Local Government Act 1995

Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996

Statement by Chief Executive Officer

The attached financial report of the City of Greater Geraldton being the annual financial report and supporting notes and other information for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 are in my opinion properly drawn up to present fairly the financial position of the City of Greater Geraldton at 30 June 2016 and the results of the operations for the financial year then ended in accordance with the *Australian Accounting Standards* and comply with the provisions of the *Local Government Act 1995* and the regulations under that Act.

Signed on the	16 fh	day of	San	tem	6 B B	9	2016
Signed on the	10 Th	uay or	001	Tewi	bek		2010

Ken Diehm

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Statement of Comprehensive Income (by Nature or Type)

for the year ended 30 June 2016

* 1000	N	2016	2016	2015
\$ '000	Notes	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Rates	24(a)	41,290,743	41,275,124	39,459,392
Operating Grants, Subsidies & Contributions	30	6,701,460	9,178,676	13,674,952
Fees & Charges	29	20,409,467	19,866,989	20,236,613
Interest Earnings	2(a)	1,433,514	1,443,935	1,509,969
Other Revenue		1,321,900	1,105,661	1,208,200
		71,157,085	72,870,385	76,089,126
Expenses				
Employee Costs	33	(27,897,929)	(28,238,387)	(29,683,817)
Materials & Contracts 1)	00	(22,903,740)	(22,060,140)	(19,596,208)
Utilities		(3,053,752)	(3,295,420)	(3,163,157)
Depreciation & Amortisation	2(a)	(22,567,669)	(22,023,657)	(18,218,207)
Interest Expenses	2(a)	(1,042,382)	(1,109,443)	(860,737)
Insurance	_(&)	(778,377)	(880,735)	(858,882)
Other Expenditure		(2,041,636)	(2,891,549)	(2,232,289)
P 2 2 2 2 2		(80,285,485)	(80,499,331)	(74,613,299)
Operating Result from Continuing Opera	tions	(9,128,400)	(7,628,946)	1,475,827
Non-Operating Grants, Subsidies & Contributions	30	11,600,846	19,689,063	6,036,624
Fair Value Adjustments to financial assets at fair	- 4 >	000.040	00.000	(07.454)
value through profit and loss	2(a)	326,046	90,000	(67,154)
Impairment of Assets	8(b)	-	-	(3,198,741)
Profit on Asset Disposals	21	2,757	218,026	274,464
Loss on Asset Disposal	21	(215,455)	(234,511)	(169,398)
		11,714,194	19,762,578	2,875,796
Not Decult Cumbus (Deficit)				
Net Result - Surplus (Deficit)		2,585,793	12,133,632	4,351,623
Other Comprehensive Income				
Changes on revaluation of non-current assets	13	1,951,512	27,367,322	218,841,263
Total Other Comprehensive Income		1,951,512	27,367,322	218,841,263
Total Comprehensive Income		4.507.005	00.500.054	000 400 000
Total Comprehensive Income		4,537,305	39,500,954	223,192,886

¹⁾ Materials and Contracts expenditure includes expenditure of \$ 5,005,503 which represents Main Roads WA (MWRA) agreed value for their asset component that is material to both CGG total expenditure (capital) and CGG determined asset value for construction of Abraham St Bridge.

MRWA holds future responsibility for maintenance of the bridge structure as a MRWA asset with the City being responsible for the maintenance of the surface components of the bridge.

Statement of Comprehensive Income (by Program) for the year ended 30 June 2016

\$ '000 Notes	2016 Actual	2016 Budget	2015 Actual
4 000	Actual	Buuget	Actual
Revenue			
Governance	436,809	70,480	1,037,433
General Purpose Funding	46,024,466	48,866,455	50,232,856
Law, Order, Public Safety	669,482	889,101	659,748
Health	58,704	56,000	53,751
Education & Welfare	1,261,671	1,349,725	1,256,175
Community Amenities	10,275,992	9,173,791	9,507,981
Recreation & Culture	3,204,726	2,848,319	2,718,727
Transport	6,944,710	6,956,141	7,779,304
Economic Services	1,057,449	1,206,213	1,184,314
Other Property & Services	1,944,108	1,454,161	1,716,206
	71,878,118	72,870,386	76,146,495
Expenses (excl. Finance Costs)			
Governance	(13,126,807)	(11,306,111)	(13,303,688)
General Purpose Funding	(763,159)	(689,531)	(982,744)
Law, Order, Public Safety	(661,439)	(1,101,333)	(744,040)
Health	(103,114)	(99,262)	(110,182)
Education & Welfare	(2,213,469)	(2,377,648)	(2,502,117)
Housing	(132,691)	(72,000)	(127,112)
Community Amenities	(7,268,391)	(8,009,120)	(7,325,951)
Recreation & Culture	(12,807,341)	(13,798,514)	(13,951,693)
Transport	(30,181,973)	(26,594,385)	(20,745,604)
Economic Services	(3,743,796)	(4,036,521)	(3,295,714)
Other Property & Services	(8,961,957)	(11,305,464)	(10,721,085
	(79,964,135)	(79,389,889)	(73,809,930)
Finance Costs 2(a)			
Governance	(29,238)	(38,580)	(33,352)
Recreation & Culture	(439,502)	(511,240)	(424,001)
Transport	(342,048)	(458,857)	(314,428)
Economic Services	(1,395)	(1,886)	(2,342)
Other Property & Services	(230,200)	(98,880)	(86,614)
	(1,042,383)	(1,109,443)	(860,737)
Operating Result from Continuing Operations	(9,128,400)	(7,628,946)	1,475,828
Non-Operating Grants, Subsidies, Contributions			
Governance	70,000	_	_
Law, Order, Public Safety	504,403	_	5,355
Community Amenities	-	_	2,500
Recreation & Culture	2,363,337	19,689,063	1,359,610
Transport	7,595,243	-	1,469,159
Economic Services	12,563	_	-,-00,100
Other Property & Services	1,055,300	_	3,200,000
Other Property & Services	11,600,846	19,689,063	6,036,624
30	11,000,040	10,000,000	0,000,024

Statement of Comprehensive Income (by Program) (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2016

		2016	2016	2015
\$ '000	Notes	Actual	Budget	Actual
Profit/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets				
Other Property & Services		(212,699)	(16,485)	105,066
	21	(212,699)	(16,485)	105,066
Other Income				
Fair Value Adjustments to Financial Assets				
at Fair Value through Profit & Loss	2(a)	326,046	90,000	(67,154)
Impairment of Assets	8(b)			(3,198,741)
		326,046	90,000	(3,265,895)
Net Result - Surplus (Deficit)		2,585,793	12,133,632	4,351,623
. ,				
Other Comprehensive Income				
Changes on revaluation of non-current assets	13	1,951,512	27,367,322	218,841,263
Total Comprehensive Income		4,537,305	39,500,954	223,192,886
. Sta. Comprehensive mounte		1,007,000	=======================================	

Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2016

		2016	2015
\$ '000	Notes	Actual	Actual
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3	38,100,578	32,801,983
Investments	4	-	266,241
Trade and Other Receivables	5	5,772,216	5,869,226
Inventories	6	459,643	452,698
Total Current Assets		44,332,436	39,390,148
Non-Current Assets			
Trade and Other Receivables	5	599,772	609,115
Inventories	6	-	7,206,673
Property, Plant and Equipment	7	207,447,278	190,952,562
Infrastructure	8	655,070,354	650,124,232
Total Non-Current Assets		863,117,404	848,892,583
TOTAL ASSETS	19	907,449,840	888,282,731
TOTALAGETO	10	007,440,040	000,202,701
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and Other Payables	9	27,078,812	17,952,279
Borrowings	10	3,748,422	3,034,459
Provisions	11	4,439,473	4,665,886
Total Current Liabilities		35,266,706	25,652,623
Non Coment Link Hiting			
Non-Current Liabilities	40	04 454 500	40,000,050
Borrowings	10	24,151,530	19,093,956
Provisions	11	9,534,568	9,576,421
Total Non-Current Liabilities		33,686,098	28,670,376
TOTAL LIABILITIES		68,952,804	54,322,999
Net Assets		838,497,036	833,959,732
11017100010			
EQUITY		004 447 446	040.070.450
Retained Surplus		321,447,119	312,372,156
Reserves - Cash/Investment Backed	12	10,327,731	16,816,902
Reserves - Asset Revaluation	13	506,722,186	504,770,674
Total Equity		838,497,036	833,959,732

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2016

			Reserves Cash /	Asset	
A 1000		Retained	Investment	Revaluation	Total
\$ '000	Notes	Surplus	Backed	Reserve	Equity
Balance as at 1 July 2014		308,581,431	16,256,003	285,929,412	610,766,846
Net Result		4,351,623	-	-	4,351,623
Total OCI / Asset Revaluation	13	-	-	218,841,263	218,841,263
Reserve Transfers	12	(560,899)	560,899	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2015		312,372,156	16,816,902	504,770,674	833,959,732
Net Result		2,585,793	-	-	2,585,793
Total OCI / Asset Revaluation	13	-	-	1,951,512	1,951,512
Reserve Transfers	12	6,489,170	(6,489,170)	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2016		321,447,119	10,327,731	506,722,186	838,497,036

Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2016

\$ '000	Notes	2016 Actual	2016 Budget	2015 Actual
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts:				
Rates		40,985,351	41,203,098	38,891,284
Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions		6,701,460	9,178,676	13,674,952
Fees and Charges		20,759,782	19,866,989	19,531,466
Interest Earnings		1,439,615	1,443,623	1,511,124
Goods and Services Tax		183,341	-	(27,950)
Other Revenue		1,074,512	943,420	1,482,522
_		71,144,061	72,635,806	75,063,398
Payments: Employee Costs		(27,832,427)	(28,213,394)	(29,591,904)
Materials and Contracts		(20,938,231)	(21,722,563)	(16,988,266)
Utilities		(3,053,752)	(3,295,420)	(3,163,157)
Insurance		(778,377)	(880,735)	(858,882)
Interest		(1,019,904)	(1,119,443)	(871,625)
Other Expenditure		(2,384,475)	(2,741,549)	(1,532,039)
Carlot Exportances		(56,007,166)	(57,973,104)	(53,005,872)
Net Cash provided (or used in) Operating Activities	14(b)	15,136,895	14,662,702	22,057,525
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Receipts:				
Non-Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions	30	11,600,846	19,689,063	6,036,624
Proceeds from Development of Land for Resale		-	500,000	-
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	21	1,031,143	4,159,000	1,308,413
Unexpended Non-Operating Grants		7,140,673	-	649,000
Proceeds from Investments	4	592,287	90,000	, -
Payments:				
Payments for Development of Land for Resale		-	-	90,236
Payments for Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment	20	(14,191,446)	(15,394,998)	(10,210,232)
Payments for Construction of Infrastructure	20	(21,902,718)	(53,389,863)	(17,860,560)
Net Cash provided (or used in) Investing Activities		(15,729,214)	(44,346,798)	(19,986,518)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Receipts:		21 - 12	24 = 42	
Proceeds from Self Supporting Loans	23(a)	81,748	81,748	77,149
Proceeds from New Loans	23(b)	8,806,000	25,206,000	6,670,000
Proceeds from Council Loans	5	37,629	-	-
Payments: Repayment of Debentures	23(a)	(3,034,463)	(3,032,231)	(4,816,986)
Net Cash provided (or used in) Financing Activities	- ()	5,890,914	22,255,517	1,930,163
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivale	ents	5,298,594	(7,428,579)	4,001,170
Cash at the beginning of the year	3	32,801,983	15,114,433	28,800,813
,				
Cash & Cash Equivalents - End of the Year	14(a)	38,100,578	7,685,854	32,801,983
Additional Information: plus: Investments on hand - end of year	4	-	-	266,241
Total Cash Cash Equivalents & Investments		38 100 570	7 605 054	33 060 334
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments		38,100,578	7,685,854	33,068,224
This statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying	g notes.			page 8

Rate Setting Statement (by Nature) for the year ended 30 June 2016

Depreciation & Amortisation (22,567,669) (22,023,657) (18,218,207) Interest Expenses (1,042,382) (1,109,443) (860,737) Insurance (778,377) (880,735) (858,882) Loss on Disposal of Assets (215,455) (234,511) (169,398) Other Expenditure (2,041,636) (2,891,549) (2,232,288) (80,500,940) (80,733,842) (74,782,696) Net Result Excluding Rates (50,631,842) (29,231,492) (37,878,497) Adjustment for Cash Budget Requirements: Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue (Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposal 21 212,699 16,485 (105,066) Movement in Non-Current Deferred Pensioner Rates 77,399 - (11,487) Movement in Non-Current Employee Benefit Provisions 11 27,398 97,167 71,905 Movement in Self Supporting Loan Debtors 5 (86,741) -			2016	2016	2015
Operating Grants, Subsidies & Contributions 6,701,460 28,867,739 13,674,952 Fees & Charges 20,409,467 19,866,989 20,236,613 Interest Earnings 1,433,514 1,433,514 1,430,936 Profit on Disposal of Assets 2,757 218,026 274,464 Other Revenue 1,321,900 1,105,661 1,208,200 Expenses 2,7897,929 51,502,350 36,904,199 Expenses 8 (27,897,929) (28,238,387) (29,683,817) Materials & Contracts (22,903,740) (22,006,140) (19,596,208) Utilities (3,053,752) (3,295,420) (3,183,157) Depreciation & Amortisation (22,567,669) (22,203,677) (18,218,207) Interest Expenses (1042,382) (1,109,436) (3680,737) (18,218,207) Interest Expenses (778,377) (880,735) (858,882) (20,416,36) (2,91,416) (49,483) (49,48) (49,416,36) (2,91,416) (49,48) (49,48) (49,48) (49,48) (49,48) (49,48) (49	\$ '000	Notes	Actual	Budget	Actual
Operating Grants, Subsidies & Contributions 6,701,460 28,867,739 13,674,952 Fees & Charges 20,409,467 19,866,989 20,236,613 Interest Earnings 1,433,514 1,433,514 1,430,936 Profit on Disposal of Assets 2,757 218,026 274,464 Other Revenue 1,321,900 1,105,661 1,208,200 Expenses 2,7897,929 51,502,350 36,904,199 Expenses 8 (27,897,929) (28,238,387) (29,683,817) Materials & Contracts (22,903,740) (22,006,140) (19,596,208) Utilities (3,053,752) (3,295,420) (3,183,157) Depreciation & Amortisation (22,567,669) (22,203,677) (18,218,207) Interest Expenses (1042,382) (1,109,436) (3680,737) (18,218,207) Interest Expenses (778,377) (880,735) (858,882) (20,416,36) (2,91,416) (49,483) (49,48) (49,416,36) (2,91,416) (49,48) (49,48) (49,48) (49,48) (49,48) (49,48) (49	Revenue				
Pees & Charges			6.701.460	28.867.739	13.674.952
Interest Earnings	•				
Profit on Disposal of Assets 2,757 218,026 274,464 Other Revenue 1,321,900 1,105,661 1,208,200 Expenses 29,869,098 51,502,350 36,904,199 Employee Costs (27,897,929) (28,238,387) (29,683,817) Materials & Contracts (22,903,740) (22,001,40) (19,596,208) Utilities (3,053,752) (3,295,420) (3,163,157) Depreciation & Amortisation (22,567,669) (22,023,657) (18,218,207) Interest Expenses (1,042,382) (1,104,433) (860,737) Insurance (778,377) (880,735) (858,882) Loss on Disposal of Assets (215,455) (234,511) (169,388) Other Expenditure (80,500,940) (80,733,842) (74,782,696) Net Result Excluding Rates (50,631,842) (29,231,492) (37,878,497) Adjustment for Cash Budget Requirements: (50,631,842) (29,231,492) (37,878,497) Adjustment for Cash Budget Requirements: (77,393) 16,485 (110,487) Movement in Non-Curren	_				
Other Revenue 1,321,900 1,105,661 1,208,200 Expenses Employee Costs (27,897,929) (28,238,387) (29,683,817) Materials & Contracts (22,903,740) (22,060,140) (19,596,208) Utilities (3,053,752) (3,295,420) (3,161,77) Depreciation & Amortisation (22,567,669) (22,023,657) (18,218,207) Interest Expenses (1,042,382) (1,109,443) (860,737) Insurance (778,377) (880,735) (858,882) Other Expenditure (20,41,636) (2,24,511) (16,938) Other Expenditure (20,41,636) (2,891,549) (2,323,288) Other Expenditure & Revenue (20,41,636) (2,891,549) (2,323,288) Mustement for Cash Budget Requirements: (20,41,636) (2,891,549) (2,323,288) Movement in Non-Current Deferred Pensioner Rates 77,399 16,485 (11,487) Movement in Non-Current Employee Benefit Provisions 11 27,398 97,167 71,905 Movement of Non-Current Debtors & Inventories 28,687,749 22,	<u> </u>				
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Materials & Contracts (22,903,740) (22,060,140) (19,596,208) Utilities (3,053,752) (3,295,420) (3,163,157) Depreciation & Amortisation (22,567,669) (22,23,657) (18,218,207) Interest Expenses (1,042,382) (1,109,443) (860,737) Insurance (778,377) (880,735) (858,882) Loss on Disposal of Assets (215,455) (234,511) (169,398) Other Expenditure (2,041,636) (2,881,549) (2,232,288) Net Result Excluding Rates (50,631,842) (29,231,492) (37,878,497) Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue 21,2699 16,485 (10,506)	•		(27,897,929)	(28,238,387)	(29,683,817)
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Depreciation & Amortisation (22,567,669) (22,023,657) (18,218,207) Interest Expenses (1,042,382) (1,109,443) (860,737) Insurance (778,377) (880,735) (858,882) Loss on Disposal of Assets (215,455) (234,511) (169,398) Other Expenditure (2,041,636) (2,891,549) (2,232,288) (80,500,940) (80,733,842) (74,782,696) Net Result Excluding Rates (50,631,842) (29,231,492) (37,878,497) Adjustment for Cash Budget Requirements: Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue (Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposal 21 212,699 16,485 (105,066) Movement in Non-Current Deferred Pensioner Rates 77,399 7	Utilities		, ,	, ,	(3,163,157)
Interest Expenses (1,042,382) (1,109,443) (860,737) Insurance (778,377) (880,735) (858,882) Loss on Disposal of Assets (215,455) (234,511) (169,398) Other Expenditure (2,041,636) (2,891,549) (2,232,288) Result Excluding Rates (50,631,842) (29,231,492) (37,878,497) Net Result Excluding Rates (50,631,842) (29,231,492) (37,878,497) Adjustment for Cash Budget Requirements: Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue (Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposal 21 212,699 16,485 (105,066) Movement in Non-Current Deferred Pensioner Rates 77,399 - (11,487) Movement in Non-Current Employee Benefit Provisions 11 27,398 97,167 71,905 Movement in Self Supporting Loan Debtors 5 (86,741) -	Depreciation & Amortisation		(22,567,669)	,	` ,
Insurance	•		,	(1,109,443)	(860,737)
Coss on Disposal of Assets			(778,377)	(880,735)	(858,882)
Net Result Excluding Rates (50,631,842) (29,231,492) (37,878,497)	Loss on Disposal of Assets		(215,455)	(234,511)	(169,398)
Net Result Excluding Rates (50,631,842) (29,231,492) (37,878,497) Adjustment for Cash Budget Requirements: Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue (Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposal 21 212,699 16,485 (105,066) Movement in Non-Current Deferred Pensioner Rates 77,399 - (11,487) Movement in Non-Current Employee Benefit Provisions 11 27,398 97,167 71,905 Movement in Self Supporting Loan Debtors 5 (86,741) - - Depreciation & Amortisation on Assets 2(a) 22,567,669 22,023,657 18,218,207 Movement of Non-Current Debtors & Inventories - - - (302,246) Movement of Non-Current Creditors & Provisions 11 (69,250) - - Other Non-Cash (Revenue)/Expenditure 193,743 - (22,611) Net Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue 22,922,915 22,137,309 17,848,701 Capital Expenditure 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (21,83,495) (1,9	Other Expenditure		(2,041,636)	(2,891,549)	(2,232,288)
Adjustment for Cash Budget Requirements: Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue (Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposal 21 212,699 16,485 (105,066) Movement in Non-Current Deferred Pensioner Rates 77,399 - (11,487) Movement in Non-Current Employee Benefit Provisions 11 27,398 97,167 71,905 Movement in Self Supporting Loan Debtors 5 (86,741) Depreciation & Amortisation on Assets 2(a) 22,567,669 22,023,657 18,218,207 Movement of Non-Current Debtors & Inventories (302,246) Movement of Non-Current Creditors & Provisions 11 (69,250) Other Non-Cash (Revenue)/Expenditure 193,743 - (22,611) Net Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue 22,922,915 22,137,309 17,848,701 Capital Expenditure Purchase Land and Buildings 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase Furniture and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	·		(80,500,940)	(80,733,842)	(74,782,696)
Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue (Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposal 21 212,699 16,485 (105,066) Movement in Non-Current Deferred Pensioner Rates 77,399 - (11,487) Movement in Non-Current Employee Benefit Provisions 11 27,398 97,167 71,905 Movement in Self Supporting Loan Debtors 5 (86,741) - - - Depreciation & Amortisation on Assets 2(a) 22,567,669 22,023,657 18,218,207 Movement of Non-Current Debtors & Inventories - - (302,246) Movement of Non-Current Creditors & Provisions 11 (69,250) - - - Other Non-Cash (Revenue)/Expenditure 193,743 - (22,611) - (22,611) Net Non-Cash Expenditure 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Land and Buildings 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - </td <td>Net Result Excluding Rates</td> <td></td> <td>(50,631,842)</td> <td>(29,231,492)</td> <td>(37,878,497)</td>	Net Result Excluding Rates		(50,631,842)	(29,231,492)	(37,878,497)
(Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposal 21 212,699 16,485 (105,066) Movement in Non-Current Deferred Pensioner Rates 77,399 - (11,487) Movement in Non-Current Employee Benefit Provisions 11 27,398 97,167 71,905 Movement in Self Supporting Loan Debtors 5 (86,741) - - Depreciation & Amortisation on Assets 2(a) 22,567,669 22,023,657 18,218,207 Movement of Non-Current Debtors & Inventories - - - (302,246) Movement of Non-Current Creditors & Provisions 11 (69,250) - - Other Non-Cash (Revenue)/Expenditure 193,743 - (22,611) Net Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue 22,922,915 22,137,309 17,848,701 Capital Expenditure Purchase Land and Buildings 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860	Adjustment for Cash Budget Requirements:				
Movement in Non-Current Deferred Pensioner Rates 77,399 - (11,487) Movement in Non-Current Employee Benefit Provisions 11 27,398 97,167 71,905 Movement in Self Supporting Loan Debtors 5 (86,741) - - Depreciation & Amortisation on Assets 2(a) 22,567,669 22,023,657 18,218,207 Movement of Non-Current Debtors & Inventories - - - (302,246) Movement of Non-Current Creditors & Provisions 11 (69,250) - - - Other Non-Cash (Revenue)/Expenditure 193,743 - (22,611) - (22,611) Net Non-Cash Expenditure 22,922,915 22,137,309 17,848,701 Capital Expenditure 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase Furniture and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - - (27,440)	Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue				
Movement in Non-Current Employee Benefit Provisions 11 27,398 97,167 71,905 Movement in Self Supporting Loan Debtors 5 (86,741) - - Depreciation & Amortisation on Assets 2(a) 22,567,669 22,023,657 18,218,207 Movement of Non-Current Debtors & Inventories - - (302,246) Movement of Non-Current Creditors & Provisions 11 (69,250) - - Other Non-Cash (Revenue)/Expenditure 193,743 - (22,611) Net Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue 22,922,915 22,137,309 17,848,701 Capital Expenditure 9 (1,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Land and Buildings 20 (1,726,888) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460)	(Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposal	21	212,699	16,485	(105,066)
Movement in Self Supporting Loan Debtors 5 (86,741) - - Depreciation & Amortisation on Assets 2(a) 22,567,669 22,023,657 18,218,207 Movement of Non-Current Debtors & Inventories - - (302,246) Movement of Non-Current Creditors & Provisions 11 (69,250) - - Other Non-Cash (Revenue)/Expenditure 193,743 - (22,611) Net Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue 22,922,915 22,137,309 17,848,701 Capital Expenditure 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase Furniture and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Movement in Non-Current Deferred Pensioner Rates		77,399	-	(11,487)
Depreciation & Amortisation on Assets 2(a) 22,567,669 22,023,657 18,218,207 Movement of Non-Current Debtors & Inventories - - (302,246) Movement of Non-Current Creditors & Provisions 11 (69,250) - - Other Non-Cash (Revenue)/Expenditure 193,743 - (22,611) Net Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue 22,922,915 22,137,309 17,848,701 Capital Expenditure 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Land and Buildings 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Movement in Non-Current Employee Benefit Provisions	11	27,398	97,167	71,905
Movement of Non-Current Debtors & Inventories - - (302,246) Movement of Non-Current Creditors & Provisions 11 (69,250) - - Other Non-Cash (Revenue)/Expenditure 193,743 - (22,611) Net Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue 22,922,915 22,137,309 17,848,701 Capital Expenditure - (1,2985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Land and Buildings 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Movement in Self Supporting Loan Debtors	5	(86,741)	-	-
Movement of Non-Current Creditors & Provisions 11 (69,250) - - Other Non-Cash (Revenue)/Expenditure 193,743 - (22,611) Net Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue 22,922,915 22,137,309 17,848,701 Capital Expenditure Purchase Land and Buildings 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase Furniture and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Depreciation & Amortisation on Assets	2(a)	22,567,669	22,023,657	18,218,207
Other Non-Cash (Revenue)/Expenditure 193,743 - (22,611) Net Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue 22,922,915 22,137,309 17,848,701 Capital Expenditure Purchase Land and Buildings 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) (7,727,346) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) (1,271,866) Purchase Furniture and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Movement of Non-Current Debtors & Inventories		-	-	(302,246)
Net Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue 22,922,915 22,137,309 17,848,701 Capital Expenditure Purchase Land and Buildings 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase Furniture and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Movement of Non-Current Creditors & Provisions	11	(69,250)	-	-
Capital Expenditure Purchase Land and Buildings 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase Furniture and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Other Non-Cash (Revenue)/Expenditure		193,743		(22,611)
Purchase Land and Buildings 20 (11,726,888) (12,985,498) (7,727,346) Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase Furniture and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Net Non-Cash Expenditure & Revenue		22,922,915	22,137,309	17,848,701
Purchase Plant and Equipment 20 (2,183,495) (1,962,000) (1,271,866) Purchase Furniture and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Capital Expenditure				
Purchase Furniture and Equipment 20 (281,064) (447,500) (665,689) Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Purchase Land and Buildings	20	(11,726,888)	(12,985,498)	(7,727,346)
Purchase of Other PP&E 20 - - (27,440) Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Purchase Plant and Equipment	20	(2,183,495)	(1,962,000)	(1,271,866)
Infrastructure Assets 20 (21,902,718) (53,389,863) (17,860,560) Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Purchase Furniture and Equipment	20	(281,064)	(447,500)	(665,689)
Repayment of Debentures 23(a) (3,034,460) (3,032,231) (4,816,987)	Purchase of Other PP&E	20	-	-	(27,440)
	Infrastructure Assets	20	(21,902,718)	(53,389,863)	(17,860,560)
Net Capital Expenditure (39,128,625) (71,817,092) (32,369,888)	Repayment of Debentures	23(a)	(3,034,460)	(3,032,231)	(4,816,987)
	Net Capital Expenditure		(39,128,625)	(71,817,092)	(32,369,888)

Rate Setting Statement (by Nature) (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2016

		2016	2016	2015
\$ '000	Notes	Actual	Budget	Actual
Capital Revenue				
Proceeds from Disposal of Assets	21	1,031,143	4,159,000	1,706,503
Proceeds from New Debentures	23(b)	8,806,000	25,206,000	6,670,000
Self-Supporting Loan Principal Income	23(a)	81,748	81,748	77,149
Council Loan Principal Income	5	37,629	37,629	10,616
Non-Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions	30	11,600,846	-	6,036,624
Proceeds from Land Held for Resale		-	500,000	-
Net Capital Revenue		21,557,366	29,984,377	14,500,892
Transfers				
Transfers to Reserves (Restricted Assets)	12	(5,168,900)	-	(8,567,113)
Transfers from Reserves (Restricted Assets)	12	11,658,070	8,133,496	8,006,214
Net Transfers		6,489,170	8,133,496	(560,899)
Surplus/(Deficit) July 1 B/Fwd	24(b)	(132,682)	(2,094,502)	(1,132,384)
Surplus/(Deficit) June 30 C/Fwd	24(b)	2,367,045	(1,612,780)	(132,682)
Amount Raised from Rates	24(a)	(41,290,743)	(41,275,124)	(39,459,392)

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

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Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial statement which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities), other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Standards Board, *Local Government Act 1995* and accompanying regulations. The report has also been prepared on the accrual basis under the convention of historical cost accounting modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The results of this experience and other factors combine to form the basis of making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below. Actual results may be substantially different.

Restoration and rehabilitation provision

The Council's accounting policy for the recognition of restoration and rehabilitation provisions requires significant estimates including the magnitude of possible works required for the removal of infrastructure and of rehabilitation works, future cost of performing the work, the inflation and discount rates and the timing of cash flows. These uncertainties may result in future actual expenditure differing from the amounts currently provided. When these factors change or become known in the future, such differences will impact the landfill rehabilitation

provision in the period in which they change or become known.

(b) The Local Government Reporting Entity

All Funds through which the Council controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report. In the process of reporting on the local government as a single unit, all transactions and balances between those funds (for example, loans and transfers between Funds) have been eliminated. All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements, but a separate statement of those monies appears at Note 18 to this financial report.

(c) Goods and Services Tax

In accordance with recommended practice, revenues, expenses and assets capitalised are stated net of any GST recoverable. Receivables and payables in the Statement of Financial Position are stated inclusive of applicable GST.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Position comprise cash at bank and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are included as short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

(e) Trade and Other Receivables

Collectability of trade and other receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. An allowance for doubtful debts is raised when there is objective evidence that they will not be collectible.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(f) Inventories

(i) Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted Net realisable value is the average costs. established selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(ii) Land Held for resale/capitalisation of borrowing costs

Land held for resale is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is assigned by specific identification and includes the cost of acquisition, and development and borrowing costs during development. When development is completed borrowing costs and other holding charges are expensed as incurred. Borrowing costs included in the cost of land held for resale are those costs that would have been avoided if the expenditure on the acquisition and development of the land had not been made. Borrowing costs incurred while active development is interrupted for extended periods are recognised as expenses.

Revenue arising from the sale of property is recognised in the operating statement as at the time of signing a binding contract of sale. Land held for resale is classified as current except where it is held as non-current based on the Council's intentions to release for sale.

(g) Fixed Assets

Initial Recognition

All assets are initially recognised at cost. Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed includes the cost of all materials, direct labour and variable and fixed overheads.

Revaluation

Certain asset classes may be revalued on a regular basis such that the carrying values are not materially different from fair value. For infrastructure and other asset classes where no active market exists, fair value is determined to be the current replacement cost of an asset less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation calculated on a basis to reflect the already consumed or expired future economic benefits of the asset.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of assets are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged against fair value reserves directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Those assets carried at a revalued amount, being their fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, are to be revalued with sufficient regularity to ensure the carrying amount does not differ significantly from that determined using fair value at reporting date.

Land under Roads

In Western Australia, all land under roads is Crown land, the responsibility for managing which, is vested in the local government.

Effective as at 1 July 2008, Council elected not to recognise any value for land under roads acquired on or before 30 June 2008. This accords with the treatment available in Australian Accounting Standard AASB 1051 Land Under Roads and the fact that *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation* 16(a)(i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

Whilst such treatment is inconsistent with the requirements of AASB 1051, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 4(2) provides that, in the event of such an inconsistency, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations prevail.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Consequently, any land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008 is not included as an asset of the Council.

(h) Depreciation of Non-Current Assets

All non-current assets having a limited useful life are separately and systematically depreciated over their useful lives in a manner which reflects the consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in those assets. Assets are depreciated from the date of acquisition or, in respect of internally constructed assets, from the time the asset is completed and held ready for use.

All Land and Art purchases are capitalised. The remaining asset classes will be capitalised if the cost exceeds the following thresholds:

Buildings	\$5,000
Plant, Equipment & Tools	\$2,000
Furniture & Equipment	\$2,000

Depreciation is recognised on a straight-line basis, using rates which are reviewed each reporting period. Major depreciation periods are:

Land	Infinite
Land (Leasehold Interest)	99 years
Airport - Runway, Apron & Car Park	20 to 40 years
Buildings	35 to 55 years
Furniture & Equipment	7 to 13 years
Plant and Major Equipment	5 to 10 years
Minor Plant	3 to 7 years
Sealed Roads and Streets	20 to 50 years
Bridges	60 to 90 years
Car Parks Sealed	20 to 40 years
Culverts	40 to 60 years
Cycle ways	25 to 45 years
Dams, Reservoirs and Weirs	65 to 85 years
Footpaths - Slab	15 to 35 years

Footpaths - Concrete	25 to 45 years
Foundations	40 to 60 years
Kerb & Channels	40 to 60 years
Street Lights	20 to 30 years
Sewerage Piping	70 to 90 years
Water Reticulation/Irrigation	15 to 25 years
Meru Landfill	35 to 40 years
Effluent Scheme	35 to 40 years

The assets residual value and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

(i) Financial Instruments

Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Council becomes a part to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Council commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method or cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fair value represents the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- (a) the amount is which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- (b) less principal repayments;
- (c) plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest rate method; and
- (d) less any reduction for impairment.

The effective interest method used is to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums of discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are classified as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the Statement of Financial Position date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included

in trade and other receivables in the Statement of Financial Position.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Council's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. If Council were to sell other than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity financial assets, the whole category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale. Held-to-maturity financial assets are included in non-current assets, except for those with maturities less than 12 months from the reporting date, which are classified as current assets.

(iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets, comprising principally marketable equity securities, are nonderivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They in non-current assets unless included management intents to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the Statement of Financial Position date. Investments are designated as available-for-sale if they do not have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments and management intends to hold them for the medium to long term.

(v) Financial Liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Council assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether impairment has arisen. Impairment losses recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(j) Fair Value Estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is determined using valuation techniques. Council uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used for long-term debt instruments held. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Council for similar financial instruments.

(k) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Council has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

(I) Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Council has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other long term payables. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term. Lease payments under operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

(m) Impairment

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Council's assets, other than inventories, are tested annually for impairment. Where such an indication exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the asset is made in accordance with AASB 136 Impairment of Assets and appropriate adjustments made. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For non-cash generating assets of the Council such as roads, drains, public buildings and the like, value in use is represented by the asset's written down replacement cost.

(n) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables are carried at amortised cost. They represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Municipality prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Municipality becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(o) Interest-bearing Loans and Borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs.

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Fees paid of the establishment of loan facilities that are yield

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

related are included as part of the carrying amount of the loans and borrowings.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Council has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the Statement of Financial Position date. Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Where this is the case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the particular asset.

(p) Employee Benefits

The provisions for employee benefits relates to amounts expected to be paid for long service leave, annual leave, wages and salaries and are calculated as follows:

Wages, Salaries, Annual Leave and Long Service Leave (Short-term Benefits)

The provision for employees' benefits wages, salaries, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled within 12 months represents the amount the Council has a present obligation to pay resulting from employee's services provided to balance date. The provision has been calculated at nominal amounts based on remuneration rates the Council expects to pay and includes related oncosts

Long Service Leave (Long-term Benefits)

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Where Council does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, the liability is recognised as a current liability.

(q) Superannuation

The Council contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of their employees. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(r) Joint Venture

The municipality's interest in a joint venture has been recognised in the financial statements by including its share of any assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the joint venture within the relevant items reported in the Statement of Financial Position and Statement of Comprehensive Income. Information about the joint venture is set out in Note 17.

(s) Rates, Grants, Donations and Other Contributions

Rates, grants, donations and other contributions are recognised as revenues when the local government obtains control over the assets comprising the contributions. Control over assets acquired from rates is obtained at the commencement of the rating period or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

Where contributions recognised as revenues during the reporting period were obtained on the condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period, and those conditions were undischarged as at the reporting date, the nature of and amounts pertaining to those undischarged conditions are disclosed at Note 2(d). That note also discloses the amount of contributions recognised as revenues in a previous reporting period which were obtained in respect of the local government's operation for the current reporting period.

(t) Current and Non-Current Classification

In the determination of whether an asset or liability is current or non-current, consideration is given to the time when each asset or liability is expected to be settled. The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Council's operation cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Council does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current even if not expected to be realised in the next 12 months except for land held for resale where it is held as non-current based on the Council's intentions to release for sale.

(u) Rounding Off Figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar

(v) Comparative Figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Council applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statement, a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the earliest period will be disclosed.

To ensure comparability with the current reporting period's figures, some comparative period line items and amounts may have been reclassified or individually reported for the first time within these financial statements and/or the notes.

(w) Budget Comparative Figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

(x) Investment Property

Investment property, principally comprising freehold office buildings, is held for long-term rental yields. Investment property is carried at fair value, representing open-market value determined annually by external users.

(y) Non-Current Assets (or Disposal Groups) "Held for Sale" & Discontinued Operations

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as held for sale and stated at the lower of either (i) their carrying amount and (ii) fair value less costs to sell, if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use.

The exception to this is plant and motor vehicles which are turned over on a regular basis. Plant and motor vehicles are retained in Non Current Assets under the classification of Property, Plant and Equipment - unless the assets are to be traded in after 30 June and the replacement assets were already purchased and accounted for as at 30 June.

For any assets or disposal groups classified as Non-Current Assets "held for sale", an impairment loss is recognised at any time when the assets carrying value is greater than its fair value less costs to sell.

Non-current assets "held for sale" are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as "held for sale".

Non-current assets classified as "held for sale" are presented separately from the other assets in the balance sheet.

A Discontinued Operation is a component of Council that has been disposed of or is classified as "held for sale" and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

The results of discontinued operations are presented separately on the face of the income statement.

(z) Intangible Assets

Council has not classified any assets as Intangible.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(aa) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods

In the current year, Council adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current reporting period. The adoption of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations has not resulted in any material changes to Council's accounting policies.

City of Greater Geraldton has not applied any Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective with the exception of AASB 2015-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards — Fair Value Disclosures of Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities. Generally, Council applies standards and interpretations in accordance with their respective commencement dates. The retrospective application of AASB 2015-7 has exempted Council from the disclosure of quantitative information and sensitivity analysis for some valuations categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

At the date of authorisation of the financial report, AASB 9 Financial Instruments and AASB 2015-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Extending Related Party Disclosures to Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities are the only new accounting standards with a future application date that are expected to have a material impact on Council's financial statements.

From 1 July 2016 AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures will apply to Council, which means that Council will disclose more information about related parties and transactions with those related parties. AASB 9, which replaces AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 and must be applied retrospectively. The main impact of AASB 9 is to change the requirements for the classification, measurement and disclosures associated with financial assets. Under the new requirements the four current categories of financial assets stipulated in AASB 139 will be replaced with two measurement categories: fair value and amortised cost and financial assets will only be able to be measured at amortised cost where very specific conditions are met.

Council is still reviewing the way that revenue is measured and recognised to identify whether AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers will have a material impact. To date no impact has been identified.

AASB 15 is effective from 1 January 2018 and will replace AASB 118 Revenue, AASB 111 Construction Contracts and a number of Interpretations. It contains a comprehensive and robust framework for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of revenue from contracts with customers.

Other amended Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which were issued at the date of authorisation of the financial report, but have future commencement dates are not likely to have a material impact on the financial statements.

The amended Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which were issued at the date of authorisation of the financial report, but have future commencement dates are not likely to have a material impact on the financial statements.

Effective for periods commencing 1 January 2016:

- AASB 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts
- AASB 1057 Application of Australian Accounting Standards
- AASB 2014-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards-Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations
- AASB 2014-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards-Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation
- AASB 2014-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards-Agriculture: Bearer Plants
- AASB 2014-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements [AASB 1, 127 & 128]
- AASB 2014-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture [AASB 10 & AASB 128]

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- AASB 2015-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements to Australian Accounting Standards 2012–2014 Cycle [AASB 1, AASB 2, AASB 3, AASB 5, AASB 7, AASB 11, AASB 110, AASB 119, AASB 121, AASB 133, AASB 134, AASB 137 & AASB 140]
- AASB 2015-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101 [AASB 7, AASB 101, AASB 134 & AASB 1049]
- AASB 2015-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception [AASB 10, AASB 12 & AASB 128]
- AASB 2014-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (Part D)

Effective for periods commencing 1 July 2016:

- AASB 1056 Superannuation Entities
- AASB 2015-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Extending Related Party Disclosures to Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities [AASB 10, AASB 124 & AASB 1049]

Effective for periods commencing 1 January 2017:

- AASB 2014-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 15
- AASB 2015-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of AASB 15

Effective for periods commencing 1 January 2018:

- AASB Financial Instruments (December 2009)
- AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- AASB 2010-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010)

- AASB 2014-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (Part E)
- AASB 2014-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2014)

Effective for periods commencing 1 January 2019:

AASB 16 Leases

Council does not expect to adopt the new standards before their operative date.

They would therefore be first applied in the financial statements for the annual reporting period ending 30 June 2017.

Not applicable to Local Government per se;

None

There are no other standards that are "not yet effective" and expected to have a material impact on Council in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

(ab) Disclaimer

Nothing contained within these statements may be taken to be an admission of any liability to any person under any circumstance.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 2. Operating Revenues and Expenses

\$ '000	Notes	2016 Actual	2016 Budget	2015 Actual
(a) Net Result				
The Result includes:				
(i) Charging as an Expense:				
Significant Expense/Revenue reduction in the fair value of the Council's investments	4	(326,046)	(90,000)	67,154
Auditors Remuneration - Audit - Other Services		44,441 29,960	45,000 -	42,275 -
Bad & Doubtful Debts Rates General Debtors	27(c) 27(c)	80,334 74,530	30,000 16,630	1,382 19,866
Depreciation & Amortisation				
Property, Plant & Equipment - Buildings - Furniture and Equipment - Plant and Equipment	7(b)	3,071,695 390,086 2,218,542	1,856,456 38,830 1,895,958	2,907,985 365,812 1,903,632
Infrastructure - Roads - Recreation - Car Parks - Meru Landfill - Airport - Effluent Scheme	8(b)	14,919,685 592,464 437,953 354,176 575,103 7,966	12,427,613 1,117,546 - 968,525 592,256	11,240,352 775,444 242,401 389,804 386,076 6,702
- Other Infrastructure		22,567,669	3,126,473 22,023,657	18,218,207
Interest Expenses (Finance Costs) Debentures	23(a)	1,042,382 1,042,382	1,109,443 1,109,443	860,737 860,737
Rental Charges - Operating Leases		73,504 73,504		67,938 67,938
(ii) Crediting as Revenue:				
Interest Earnings Investments - Reserve Funds Investments - Other Funds Other Interest Revenue	28	438,880 328,885 665,749 1,433,514	900,000 21,935 522,000 1,443,935	481,596 483,648 544,725
		1,433,314	1,443,933	1,509,969

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 2. Operating Revenues and Expenses (continued)

\$ '000

(b). Statement of Objectives, Reporting Programs and Nature or Type

City of Greater Geraldton is dedicated to providing high quality services to the community through the various service orientated programs which it has established.

REPORTING PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS

Council operations that are disclosed encompass the following service orientated activities/programs:

GOVERNANCE

Objective: To provide a decision making process for the efficient allocation of scarce resources.

Activities: Includes the activities of members of council and the administrative support available to the council for the provision of governance of the district. Other costs relate to the task of assisting elected members and ratepayers on matters which do not concern specific council services.

GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING

Objective: To collect revenue to allow for the provision of services.

Activities: Rates, general purpose government grants, and interest revenue.

LAW, ORDER, PUBLIC SAFETY

Objective: To provide services to help ensure a safer and environmentally conscious community.

Activities: Supervision and enforcement of various local laws relating to fire prevention, animal control and protection of the environment and other aspects of public safety including emergency services.

HEALTH

Objective: To provide services to achieve community and environmental health

Activities: Maternal and infant health facilities, immunisation, meat inspection services, inspection of food outlets, noise control and pest control services.

EDUCATION AND WELFARE

Objective: To provide services to children, youth, the elderly and disadvantaged persons

Activities: Pre-school and other education services, child minding facilities, playgroups, senior citizens" centres, meals on wheels and home care services.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 2. Operating Revenues and Expenses (continued)

\$ '000

(b). Statement of Objectives, Reporting Programs and Nature or Type (continued)

HOUSING

Objective: To provide and maintain staff housing and elderly residents' housing.

Activities: Provision and maintenance of staff housing and elderly residents' housing.

COMMUNITY AMENITIES

Objective: To provide services required by the community.

Activities: Rubbish collection services, operation of rubbish disposal sites, litter control, construction and maintenance of urban storm water drains, protection of the environment and administration of town planning schemes, cemeteries and public conveniences.

RECREATION AND CULTURE

Objective: To establish and effectively manage infrastructure and resources which will help the social wellbeing of the community.

Activities: Maintenance of public halls, civic centre, aquatic centre, beaches, recreation centres and various sporting facilities. Provision and maintenance of parks, gardens and playgrounds. Operation of library, museum and other cultural facilities.

TRANSPORT

Objective: To provide safe, effective and efficient transport services to the community.

Activities: Construction (if not capitalised) and maintenance of roads, streets, footpaths, depots, cycleways, parking facilities and traffic control. Aerodromes and water transport facilities, cleaning of streets and maintenance of street trees, street lighting etc.

ECONOMIC SERVICES

Objective: To help promote the shire and its economic wellbeing.

Activities: Tourism and area promotion including the maintenance and operation of a caravan park. Provision of rural services including weed control, vermin control and standpipes. Building control.

OTHER PROPERTY & SERVICES

Objective: To monitor and control council's overheads operating accounts.

Activities: Private works operation, plant repair and operation costs and engineering operation costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 2. Operating Revenues and Expenses (continued)

\$ '000

(c) Nature or Type Classifications

City of Greater Geraldton is required by the Australian Accounting Standards to disclose revenue and expenditure according to its nature or type classification. The following nature or function descriptions are also required by State Government regulations.

REVENUE

Rates

All rates levied under the Local Government Act 1995. Includes general, differential, specific area rates, minimum rates, interim rates, back rates, ex-gratia rates, less discounts offered. Excludes administration fees, interest on instalments, interest on arrears, service charges and waste and sewerage rates.

Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions

Refer to all amounts received as grants, subsidies and contributions that are not non-operating grants.

Non-Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions

Amounts received specifically for the acquisition, construction of new or the upgrading of non-current assets paid to a local government, irrespective of whether these amounts are received as capital grants, subsidies, contributions or donations.

Profit on Asset Disposal

Profit on the disposal of assets including gains on the disposal of long term investments. Losses are disclosed under the expenditure classifications.

Fees and Charges

Revenue (other than service charges) from the use of facilities and charges made for local government services, sewerage rates, rentals, hire charges, fee for service, photocopying charges, licences, sale of goods or information, fines, penalties and administration fees.

Service Charges

Service charges imposed under Division 6 of Part 6 of the Local Government Act 1995. Regulation 54 of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations identifies the charges which can be raised. These are television and radio rebroadcasting, underground electricity, property surveillance and security and water services. Excludes rubbish removal and charges for the provision of waste services.

Interest Earnings

Interest and other items of a similar nature received from bank and investment accounts, interest on rate instalments, interest on rate arrears and interest on debtors.

Other Revenue

Other revenue, which cannot be classified under the above headings, includes dividends, discounts, rebates, etc.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 2. Operating Revenues and Expenses (continued)

\$ '000

(c) Nature or Type Classifications (continued)

EXPENDITURE

Employee Costs

All costs associated with the employment of persons such as salaries, wages, allowances, benefits such as vehicle and housing, superannuation, employment expenses, removal expenses, relocation expenses, worker's compensation insurance, training costs, conferences, safety expenses, medical examinations, fringe benefits tax etc.

Material and Contracts

All expenditure on materials, supplies and contracts not classified under other headings. These include supply of goods and materials, legal expenses, consultancy, maintenance agreements, communication expenses, advertising expenses, membership, periodicals, publications, hire expenses, rental, leases, postage and freight etc.

Utilities (Gas, Electricity, Water, etc.)

Expenditures made to respective agencies for the provision of power, gas or water. Excludes expenditure incurred for the re-instatement of road works on behalf of these agencies.

Depreciation & Amortisation on Non-Current Assets

Depreciation and amortisation expense raised on all classes of assets.

Loss on Asset Disposal

Loss on the disposal of fixed assets.

Interest Expenses

Interest and other costs of finance paid, including costs of finance for loan debentures, overdraft accommodation and re-financing expenses.

Insurance

All insurance other than worker's compensation and health benefit insurance included as a cost of employment.

Other Expenditure

Statutory fees, taxes, provision of bad debts. Donations and subsidies made to community groups.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 2. Operating Revenues and Expenses (continued)

	Opening		Closing				Closing
	Balance 1	Received ²	Expended 3	Balance 1	Received ²	Expended 3	Balance
\$ '000	1-Jul-14	2015	2015	30-Jun-15	2016	2016	30-Jun-16
(d). Conditions Over Grants, Subsidies & Contributions							
Grant/Subsidy/Contribution							
Governance							
Abraham Street Roundabout	-	-	-	-	719,887	-	719,887
Airport Projects	-	632,375	-	632,375	116,245	(413,141)	335,479
Airport Security Screening & Baggage Handling	-	-	-	-	140,000	-	140,000
Aquarena Geothermal	240,000	-	(240,000)	-	-	-	-
Art Gallery- Donation to Lindsay Collection	20,341	-	(7,440)	12,901	-	-	12,901
Art Gallery- Community Cultural Development	3,454	-	-	3,454	-	-	3,454
Arts Engagement Officer	18,894	-	(18,894)	-	-	-	-
Artwork Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	20,000	-	20,000
Back Beach	-	40,000	-	40,000	-	(40,000)	-
Beresford Foreshore (Northern Beaches Seawall)	77,106	-	-	77,106	-	(77,106)	-
Big Sky Writers Festival	16,545	-	(16,545)	-	-	-	-
Bridgid Road New Access	-	-	-	-	80,000	-	80,000
Bright Stars Family Day Care	5,000	-	(5,000)	-	15,000	-	15,000
Building Better Regional Cities	9,790,660	157,070	(5,188,918)	4,758,812	-	(4,758,812)	-
Bushfire Brigade Maintenance	-	-	-	-	7,000	-	7,000
Caring for Bimarras Pools - Stage 1 - Greenough River	-	-	-	-	20,536	-	20,536
Cathedral Avenue Footpath	-	-	-	-	24,444	-	24,444
CBD Gardens Parkway Seats	-	-	-	-	26,580	-	26,580
CCTV Eye on Mullewa	50,000	-	(50,000)	-	-	-	-
CCTV Systems	-	-	-	-	3,000	-	3,000

(continued on next page)

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 2. Operating Revenues and Expenses (continued)

	Opening			Closing			Closing
	Balance 1	Received ²	Expended 3	Balance 1	Received ²	Expended 3	Balance
\$ '000	1-Jul-14	2015	2015	30-Jun-15	2016	2016	30-Jun-16
(d). Conditions Over Grants, Subsidies & Contributions (continue	ed)						
Grant/Subsidy/Contribution (continued)							
Governance (continued)							
Cell 3	-	-	-	-	60,000	-	60,000
Chapman & Greenough River Flood Project	-	-	-	-	125,000	-	125,000
Chapman River Corridor Project - 13001	-	5,000	-	5,000	-	(5,000)	-
Chapman River Regional Park CARE Project - Stage 3	-	-	-	-	20,065	-	20,065
Chapman Road Footpath	-	-	-	-	26,582	-	26,582
Chapman Road Foreshore	-	-	-	-	1,552,947	-	1,552,947
Chapman Wildlife Corridor CARE Stage 2	-	-	-	-	12,100	-	12,100
CLGF Regional Funding - Wonthella Lights	229,141	-	-	229,141	-	(229,141)	-
Community Grants Round 10	19,754	-	(17,019)	2,735	-	(2,735)	-
Community Grants Round 13	-	7,393	-	7,393	-	(5,250)	2,143
Community Grants Round 14	-	35,176	-	35,176	-	(32,119)	3,057
Community Grants Round 15	-	12,901	-	12,901	-	(10,101)	2,800
Community Grants Round 16	-	23,195	-	23,195	-	(16,932)	6,263
Community Grants Round 17	-	-	-	-	19,417	-	19,417
CSRFF - Netball Association	-	48,659	-	48,659	-	(48,659)	-
Depot Main	724,779	80,410	(724,779)	80,410	-	(80,410)	-
Detailed Mountain Bike Plan - Chapman Valley Wildlife Corridor Project	-	-	-	-	12,736	-	12,736
Drainage Works	-	180,847	-	180,847	-	-	180,847
Drummond Cove Toilets - External Showers and Access Path	15,000	-	(15,000)	-	-	-	-
Dual Use Pathways- Bikewest (Champion Bay)	7,000	-	-	7,000	-	-	7,000
(continued on next page)							

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Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 2. Operating Revenues and Expenses (continued)

				Closing			Closing
	Balance 1	Received ²	Expended 3	Balance 1	Received ²	Expended 3	Balance
\$ '000	1-Jul-14	2015	2015	30-Jun-15	2016	2016	30-Jun-16
(d). Conditions Over Grants, Subsidies & Contributions (conti	nued)						
Grant/Subsidy/Contribution (continued)							
Governance (continued)							
Eastern Breakwater	280,000	-	(150,000)	130,000	-	-	130,000
Ellendale Pool Honesty Box	19,730	7,046	-	26,776	-	-	26,776
Environmental Projects - Signage	-	50,000	-	50,000	-	-	50,000
FAGs	-	2,965,584	-	2,965,584	-	(2,965,584)	-
Feasibility Geraldton Laser Light Project	-	-	-	-	40,000	-	40,000
Fitzgerald Street Footpath	-	-	-	-	24,159	-	24,159
Fleet Replacement	200,000	230,000	-	430,000	371,250	-	801,250
Foreshore Stabilisation	-	806,661	-	806,661	-	-	806,661
Glendinning Road Foreshore Bollards	-	-	-	-	19,435	-	19,435
Greater Geraldton Rural Art Tour	-	-	-	-	13,050	-	13,050
Green Army Programme	-	-	-	-	10,000	-	10,000
Greenough River Estuary Nature Walk Trail - Stage 1	-	-	-	-	23,296	-	23,296
Groundwater Monitoring Bore - Meru Landfill	-	-	-	-	39,935	=	39,935
HMAS Memorial	9,204	-	-	9,204	-	=	9,204
Implementation of the Chapman River Estuary Management Plan	-	-	-	-	22,248	=	22,248
IT LAN/WAN Equipment	120,000	-	(120,000)	-	27,000	=	27,000
Kid sport	46,827	-	(46,827)	-	-	=	-
Library Regional Activity Plan	2,290	-	-	2,290	-	-	2,290
Library Old Railway Station	7,805	-	(7,805)	-	-	-	-
Lighthouse Keepers Cottage Restoration	1,362	-	(1,362)	-	-	-	-

(continued on next page)

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 2. Operating Revenues and Expenses (continued)

	Opening			Closing			Closing
	Balance ¹	Received ²	Expended 3	Balance 1	Received ²	Expended 3	Balance
\$ '000	1-Jul-14	2015	2015	30-Jun-15	2016	2016	30-Jun-16
(d). Conditions Over Grants, Subsidies & Contributions (con	tinued)						
Grant/Subsidy/Contribution (continued)							
Governance (continued)							
Lighting Renewal	-	-	-	-	126,799	-	126,799
Lighting Up Lester Avenue	-	-	-	-	19,970	-	19,970
Little Athletics - Replace Doors/Frames	10,000	-	(10,000)	-	-	-	-
Local Planning Strategy and Scheme	-	37,476	-	37,476	-	(37,476)	-
Local Profile and Context Report Northern Planning Program	-	-	-	-	80,000	-	80,000
Mahomets Beach Bollards	-	-	-	-	9,438	-	9,438
Marine Terrace Cycling Enabling Facility	13,011	-	(13,011)	-	-	-	-
Meru Landfill	=	150,000	=	150,000	-	-	150,000
Mid West Gascoyne District Recovery Project	=	90,000	=	90,000	-	(81,402)	8,598
Mid West China Connect Website	-	39,150	-	39,150	-	(31,200)	7,950
Mid West Estuaries - Creating Corridors for Wildlife - Project 1	-	-	-	-	9,091	-	9,091
Mid West Estuaries - Creating Corridors for Wildlife (Round 2)	-	-	-	-	59,500	-	59,500
Midnight Basketball	7,532	-	(7,532)	-	-	-	-
Morris Street Sump (a/c 7090113)	=	111,000	=	111,000	-	(83,655)	27,345
Mullewa Building - Insurance Payment	-	450,000	-	450,000	-	-	450,000
Mullewa Community Trust	10,503	1,000	(10,503)	1,000	-	(1,000)	-
Mullewa Dept LGRD (Indigenous Business Plan)	30,000	-	-	30,000	-	-	30,000
Mullewa Dept LGRD (Scholarship Grant)	10,000	-	-	10,000	-	-	10,000
Mullewa Landfill Transfer Station	-	-	-	-	504,000	-	504,000
Mullewa Sewerage System (CLGF Direct 2011-12)	130,000	-	(75,000)	55,000	-	(55,000)	-

(continued on next page)

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 2. Operating Revenues and Expenses (continued)

	Opening			Closing			Closing
	Balance 1	Received ²	Expended 3	Balance 1	Received ²	Expended 3	Balance
\$ '000	1-Jul-14	2015	2015	30-Jun-15	2016	2016	30-Jun-1
(d). Conditions Over Grants, Subsidies & Contributions (contin	nued)						
Grant/Subsidy/Contribution (continued)							
Governance (continued)							
Mullewa Sewerage Pumping Mains	-	-	-	-	13,000	-	13,000
Mullewa Sewer System - Brookfield Rail	49,450	-	-	49,450	-	-	49,450
Mullewa Town Revitalisation (CLGF Direct 2011-12)	30,000	-	(30,000)	-	-	-	
Mullewa Youth Precinct	-	-	-	-	23,000	-	23,000
NACC Biodiversity Grant	-	-	-	-	11,000	-	11,000
National Tree Day	-	-	-	-	485	-	48
New Animal Facility Design	50,000	-	-	50,000	-	-	50,00
Old Railway Building	1,090,316	-	(1,090,316)	-	-	-	
Olympic Torch Relay	2,821	-	-	2,821	-	-	2,82
QEII - Enclose Walkway	30,000	-	(30,000)	-	-	-	
QPT Line Array System	-	100,060	-	100,060	-	(100,060)	
QPT New Building	-	-	-	-	59,680	-	59,68
QPT Renewal	-	-	-	-	28,615	-	28,61
Parking Facilities Replace Modems	-	-	-	-	11,400	-	11,40
Point Moore Study	-	-	-	-	86,000	-	86,00
Railway Carriage Shed	16,500	-	(16,500)	-	-	-	
Randolf Stow Young Writers Awards	1,625	-	-	1,625	2,773	(1,625)	2,77
Recurrent Grants	-	54,680	-	54,680	-	(53,380)	1,30
Regional Venues Improvement Funds - QPT	-	-	-	-	9,013	-	9,01
Restoring the Chapman & Greenough - Estuaries of the Mid West -							
Stage 2 (Project 1)	-	-	-	-	10,000	-	10,000
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Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 2. Operating Revenues and Expenses (continued)

	Opening			Closing			Closing
	Balance 1	Received ²	Expended 3	Balance 1	Received ²	Expended 3	Balance
\$ '000	1-Jul-14	2015	2015	30-Jun-15	2016	2016	30-Jun-16
(d). Conditions Over Grants, Subsidies & Contributions (continu	red)						
Grant/Subsidy/Contribution (continued)							
Governance (continued)							
Restoring the Chapman & Greenough - Estuaries of the Mid West -							
Stage 2 (Project 2)	-	_	_	-	9,091	_	9,091
Retention Amounts (EVO, Convic and Mitchell & Brown)	-	32,209	-	32,209	40,034	-	72,243
RoadWise - Strengthening Communities	-	-	-	-	4,452	-	4,452
Roadwise Safe Routes To Schools - Bike Map	367	-	-	367	-	-	367
Roadwise Safe Routes To Schools- Surplus	689	-	-	689	-	-	689
Rundle Park Bollards	-	-	-	-	9,993	-	9,993
Stillwater Ave Asphalt Overlay	-	-	-	-	14,573	-	14,573
RV Waste Dump Point	-	-	-	-	106,928	-	106,928
South Tomi Project	8,000	-	-	8,000	-	-	8,000
Sumfun	4,460	-	(1,825)	2,635	-	(2,635)	-
Town Foreshore Playground Softfall	-	-	-	-	22,760	-	22,760
Verita Road Bridge	-	-	-	-	201,816	-	201,816
Walkaway Hall - Electrical Upgrade and Soak Wells	12,000	-	(12,000)	-	-	-	-
Waste Water Management Plan	9,212	-	(9,212)	-	-	-	-
West End Recreation	-	2,000,000	(85,477)	1,914,523	67,355	(1,914,523)	67,355
Whitfield Street Asphalt Overlay	-	-	-	-	11,050	-	11,050
Wonthella Football Oval - Carpark Linemarking	-	-	-	-	25,172	-	25,172
Wonthella Skate Park	-	54,734	-	54,734	-	(54,734)	-
Wonthella Tennis Ablutions	5,250	-	(5,250)	-	-	-	-
Youth Friendly Communities Project - Stage 2	-	10,000	-	10,000	-	-	10,000
Beresford Foreshore Coastal Protection and Enhancement (5)	5,857,500	-	-	5,857,500	13,179,702	(1,708,242)	17,328,960
Building Better Regional Cities: Karloo - Wandina Project (5)	4,962,300	-	-	4,962,300	208,074	(4,492,300)	678,074
Wonthella Oval Lighting ⁽⁵⁾		649,000		649,000	12,440	(59,000)	602,440
Total Unspent Grants, Subsidies & Contributions	24,246,428	9,061,626	(8,006,215)	25,301,839	18,569,115	(17,361,222)	26,509,732

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 2. Operating Revenues and Expenses (continued)

\$ '000

(d). Conditions Over Grants, Subsidies & Contributions (continued)

Notes:

- (1) Grants/contributions recognised as revenue in a previous reporting period which were not expended at the close of the previous period.
- (2) New grants/contributions which were recognised as revenues during the reporting period and which had not yet been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor.
- (3) Grants/contributions which had been recognised as revenues in a previous reporting period or received in the current reporting period and which were expended in the current reporting period in the manner specified by the contributor.
- (4) Grants received but not expected to be fully expended in the next financial year.
- (5) Funding is provided under a Royalties for Region Financial Assistance Agreement between the Department of Regional Development and the City of Greater Geraldton. The full amount of the Funding provided under this Agreement is required to be invested by the City of Greater Geraldton with the Western Australian Treasury Corporation (WATC) until expended as per agreed and approved budget. Under the conditions of the agreement the City has opened a separate Overnight Cash Deposit Facility (OCDF) that gives the City access to the funds at call. The Department of Regional Development is joint signatory to the WATC ODCF account related to the funding and all withdrawals/drawdowns will require the approved signatures of both the Department and the City before WATC will release the funds. Interest received on the ODCF is recognised as liability and added to the Unexpended Non-Operating Grants account to be utilised for the Project in accordance with the Financial Assistance Agreement.
- (6) Economic Dependency
 - A significant portion of revenue is received by way of grants from the State and Federal Government. The total of grant revenue from government sources is disclosed within the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

		2016	2015
\$ '000	Notes	Actual	Actual
Cash - Unrestricted		9,163,374	4,516,282
Cash - Restricted		28,937,204	28,285,702
Cush (Costholog		20,007,201	20,200,702
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	14(a)	38,100,578	32,801,983
The following restrictions have been imposed			
by regulations or other externally imposed requirements:			
Toqui onionio.			
Mullewa Community Reserve	12	-	556,390
Mullewa Reseal Reserve	12	1,891,285	1,891,285
Parking Land Reserve	12	536,187	536,187
Unexpended Capital Works & Restricted Grant Reserve	12	7,900,259	13,833,040
Total Reserves		10,327,731	16,816,902
Unspent Grants	2(d)	18,609,473	11,468,800
Total Unspent Grants and Loans	_(5)	18,609,473	11,468,800
Total Restricted Cash		28,937,204	28,285,702
Note 4. Investments			
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss			
			266 2/1
			266,241
Movements in Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit an	nd Loss		,
Movements in Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit an At beginning of the year	nd Loss	266,241	333,395
Movements in Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit an At beginning of the year Revaluation to Statement of Comprehensive Income	nd Loss	326,046	
Movements in Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit an At beginning of the year Revaluation to Statement of Comprehensive Income Disposals			333,395 (67,154)
Movements in Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit an At beginning of the year Revaluation to Statement of Comprehensive Income		326,046	333,395
Movements in Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit an At beginning of the year Revaluation to Statement of Comprehensive Income Disposals		326,046	333,395 (67,154)
Movements in Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit an At beginning of the year Revaluation to Statement of Comprehensive Income Disposals At end of the year		326,046	333,395 (67,154) - 266,241
Movements in Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and At beginning of the year Revaluation to Statement of Comprehensive Income Disposals At end of the year Total Investments		326,046	333,395 (67,154) - 266,241
Movements in Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and At beginning of the year Revaluation to Statement of Comprehensive Income Disposals At end of the year Total Investments Classified as:		326,046	333,395 (67,154) - 266,241 266,241

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 5. Trade & Other Receivables

\$ '000	Notes	2016 Actual	2015 Actual
Current			
Rates		3,335,668	3,107,675
Sundry Debtors		1,622,068	1,972,383
GST Net Position		287,911	471,252
Interest		19,137	25,237
Self Supporting Loan Debtors		86,741	81,748
Accrued Income		383,982	-
Prepayments		109,484	181,961
Loans by Council		-	37,629
Provision for Doubtful Debts		(72,776)	(8,659)
Total Current Trade & Other Receivables		5,772,216	5,869,226
Non-Current			
Rates Outstanding - Pensioners		360,615	283,216
Self Supporting Loan Debtors		239,158	325,899
Total Non-Current Trade & Other Receivables		599,772	609,115
Note 6. Inventories			
Current			
Fuel and Materials Land Held for Resale - Cost		308,394	317,190
Resalable Merchandise		151,249	135,508
Total Current Inventories		459,643	452,698
Non-Current			
Land Held for Resale - Cost - Development Costs	7(b)	-	7,206,673
Total Non-Current Inventories			7,206,673
Total Non Outlont Involtorios			1,200,010

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 7a. Property, Plant and Equipment

		2016	2015
\$ '000	Notes	Actual	Actual
Land - Fair Value		81,825,607	80,488,168
		8,135,585	00,400,100
Land - Cost (Additions at fair value)			
		89,961,192	80,488,168
Buildings - Fair Value		97,734,052	97,924,353
Buildings - Cost (Additions at fair value)		10,864,266	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(3,062,183)	-
		105,536,134	97,924,353
Furniture and Fauinneant Fair Value		050 550	2 240 224
Furniture and Equipment - Fair Value		950,556	2,210,221
Furniture and Equipment - Cost (Additions at fair value)		281,064	665,689
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(26,791)	(1,369,310)
		1,204,828	1,506,600
Plant and Equipment - Fair Value		8,113,531	12,799,301
Plant and Equipment - Cost (Additions at fair value)		2,183,495	1,271,866
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(160,829)	(3,657,416)
·		10,136,197	10,413,751
Artwork - Fair Value		608,926	619,690
		608,926	619,690
Total Property, Plant & Equipment	7(b)	207,447,278	190,952,562
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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 7b. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Movements in Carrying Amounts

		Land	Buildings Furni	ture and Equipment	Plant and Equipment	Artwork	Total
\$ '000	Notes	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	
Balance as at 1 July 2015		80,488,168	97,924,353	1,506,600	10,413,751	619,690	190,952,562
Additions - Renewal - New	20 20	- 862,622	1,603,753 9,260,513	54,809 226,255	2,183,495 -	- -	3,842,056 10,349,390
Disposals	21	(624,514)	(52,822)	(699,579)	(903,540)	(7,175)	(2,287,630)
Revaluation - Increments Revaluation - (Decrements)	13 13	1,961,953 -	- (128,184)		121,332 -	(3,590)	2,083,285 (131,774)
Depreciation	2(a)	-	(3,071,695)	(390,086)	(2,218,542)	-	(5,680,323)
Depreciation on Disposal		-	216	697,336	349,195	-	1,046,748
Transfers		-	-	(190,506)	190,506	-	-
Reclassification Land Held for Resale		7,272,963	-	-	-	-	7,272,963
Property, Plant & Equipment at 30 June 2016		89,961,192	105,536,134	1,204,829	10,136,197	608,926	207,447,278
Balance as at 1 July 2014		56,704,119	90,750,761	965,453	11,847,911	882,355	161,150,599
Additions - Renewal - New	20 20	- 470,478	1,357,901 5,898,967	665,689	1,271,866	- 27,440	3,295,456 6,396,885
Disposals	21	(500,000)	(222,370)	(100,424)	(778,644)	-	(1,601,437)
Revaluation - Increments Revaluation - (Decrements)	13 13	23,813,571	2,966,932		- -	- (290,105)	26,780,503 (290,105)
Depreciation	2(a)	-	(2,907,985)	(365,812)	(1,903,632)	-	(5,177,429)
Depreciation on Disposal Other Movements		- -	80,146 -	100,424 241,270	217,520 (241,270)	- -	398,090
Property, Plant & Equipment at 30 June 2015		80,488,168	97,924,353	1,506,600	10,413,751	619,690	190,952,562

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 8a. Infrastructure

\$ '000	Notes	2016 Actual	2015 Actual
5 . 5			
Roads - Fair Value		567,776,619	567,776,619
Roads - Fair Value		14,982,935	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(14,919,685)	
		567,839,869	567,776,619
Recreation - Fair Value		30,552,746	30,552,746
Recreation - Fair Value		5,566,031	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(592,464)	-
		35,526,313	30,552,746
Car Parks - Fair Value		11,044,634	11,044,634
Car Parks - Fair Value		378,111	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(437,953)	-
·		10,984,792	11,044,634
Meru Landfill - Fair Value		13,650,547	13,719,797
Meru Landfill - Fair Value		202,736	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(354,176)	-
,		13,499,106	13,719,797
Airport - Fair Value		26,834,300	26,834,300
Airport - Fair Value		730,832	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(575,103)	_
		26,990,030	26,834,300
Effluent Scheme - Cost		268,477	260 477
Effluent Scheme - Cost Effluent Scheme - Cost		42,075	268,477
Less Accumulated Amortisation		(80,308)	(72,342)
Less Accumulated Amortisation		230,244	196,136
		Z3U,Z44	190,130
Total Infrastructure	8(b)	655,070,354	650,124,232

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 8b. Infrastructure (continued)

Movements in Carrying Amounts

		Roads	Recreation	Car Parks	Meru Landfill	Airport	Effluent Scheme	Total
\$ '000	Notes	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	Cost	
Balance as at 1 July 2015		567,776,619	30,552,746	11,044,634	13,719,797	26,834,300	196,136	650,124,232
Additions - Renewal - New	20 20	9,326,461 5,656,474	913,976 4,652,055	257,077 121,034	64,408 138,327	149,714 581,118	42,075 -	10,753,710 11,149,008
Depreciation (Expense)	2(a)	(14,919,685)	(592,464)	(437,953)	(354,176)	(575,103)	(7,966)	(16,887,347)
Other Movements		-	-	-	(69,250)	-	-	(69,250)
Infrastructure at 30 June 20	116	567,839,869	35,526,313	10,984,792	13,499,106	26,990,029	230,244	655,070,354
Balance as at 1 July 2014		392,394,536	30,449,032	3,012,523	12,642,680	16,944,501	191,165	455,634,436
Additions - Renewal - New	20 20	7,159,057 5,720,221	942,636 3,135,262	202,312	22,985 -	244,813 421,600	11,673 -	8,583,476 9,277,084
Revaluation - Increments	13	173,743,157	-	8,072,200	926,045	9,609,463	-	192,350,865
Impairment - (Losses)		-	(3,198,741)	-	-	-	-	(3,198,741)
Depreciation (Expense)	2(a)	(11,240,352)	(775,444)	(242,401)	(389,804)	(386,076)	(6,702)	(13,040,779)
Other Movements		-	-	-	517,891	-	-	517,891
Infrastructure at 30 June 20)15	567,776,619	30,552,746	11,044,634	13,719,797	26,834,300	196,136	650,124,232

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 9. Trade and Other Payables

\$ '000		2016 Actual	2015 Actual
Current			
Sundry Creditors		8,039,950	6,067,497
Accrued Interest on Debentures		164,783	142,305
Accrued Salaries and Wages		264,606	35,688
Unexpended Non-Operating Grants		18,609,473	11,706,789
Total Current Trade and Other Payables		27,078,812	17,952,279
Note 10. Borrowings			
Current			
Secured by Floating Charge			
- Debentures	23(a)	3,748,422	3,034,459
Total Current Borrowings		3,748,422	3,034,459
Non-Current			
Secured by Floating Charge			
- Debentures	23(a)	24,151,530	19,093,956
Total Non-Current Borrowings		24,151,530	19,093,956
Additional detail on borrowings is provided in Note 23.			
Note 11. Provisions			
Current			
Annual Leave		2,257,339	2,378,624
Long Service Leave		1,701,826	1,771,355
Sick Leave		435,932	472,889
Accrued RDO's		44,376	43,018
Total Current Provisions		4,439,473	4,665,886
Non-Current			
Long Service Leave		339,260	311,863
Provision for Infrastructure Meru - Rehabilitation		9,195,308	9,264,558
Total Non-Current Provisions		9,534,568	9,576,421
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Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 12. Reserves - Cash/Investment Backed

\$ '000	2016 Actual	2016 Budget	2015 Actual
4 000	Actual	Duaget	Actual
(a). Mullewa Community Reserve			
Opening Balance	556,390	556,390	556,390
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	(556,390)	-	-
		556,390	556,390
(b). Mullewa Reseal Reserve			
Opening Balance	1,891,285	1,891,285	1,891,285
	1,891,285	1,891,285	1,891,285
(c). Parking Land Reserve			
Opening Balance	536,187	381,700	381,700
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve			154,487
	536,187	381,700	536,187
(d). Unexpended Capital Works & Restricted Grant Reserve			
Opening Balance	13,833,040	9,105,886	13,426,629
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	5,168,900	-	8,412,626
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	(11,101,680)	(8,133,496)	(8,006,214)
	7,900,259	972,390	13,833,040
Total Reserves	10,327,731	3,801,765	16,816,902
Summary of Reserve Transfers			
Transfers to Reserves			
Parking Land Reserve	-	-	154,487
Unexpended Capital Works & Restricted Grant Reserve	5,168,900		8,412,626
Total Transfers to Reserves	5,168,900		8,567,113
Transfers from Reserves			
Mullewa Community Reserve	(556,390)	-	-
Unexpended Capital Works & Restricted Grant Reserve	(11,101,680)	(8,133,496)	(8,006,214)
Total Transfers from Reserves	(11,658,070)	(8,133,496)	(8,006,214)
Total Net Transfer to/(from) Reserves	(6,489,170)	(8,133,496)	560,899

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 12. Reserves - Cash/Investment Backed (continued)

\$ '000

All of the cash backed reserve accounts are supported by money held in financial institutions and match the amounts shown as restricted cash in Note 3 and 4 to this financial report.

In accordance with council resolutions in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside are as follows:

Mullewa Community Reserve

The purpose of this reserve is to provide funding towards any projects or initiatives that support the recreational, social or cultural needs of the Mullewa Community.

Mullewa Reseal Reserve

The purpose of this reserve is to comply with clause 14.2 of the public road access agreement between the former Shire of Mullewa (now the City of Greater Geraldton) and Mount Gibson Mining Ltd.

Parking Land Reserve

The purpose of this reserve is to build up funds that can then be used for the acquisition of land for car parking and provision of parking bays within the City.

Unexpended Capital Works & Restricted Grant Reserve

The purpose of this reserve is to restrict grant funds received that were unspent in the financial year including any tied contribution from the City plus any unexpended capital works to be carried over to the next financial

All of the reserve accounts are supported by money held in financial institutions and match the amounts shown as restricted cash in this financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 13. Reserves - Asset Revaluation

\$ '000	Notes	2016 Actual	2015 Actual
Asset revaluation reserves have arisen on revaluation of the following classes of assets:			
(a). Land			
Opening Balance Revaluation Increment	7(b)	53,180,786 1,961,953 55,142,739	29,367,215 23,813,571 53,180,786
(b). Buildings		33,112,133	33,133,133
Opening Balance Revaluation Increment Revaluation Decrement	7(b) 7(b)	48,900,268 - (128,184)	45,933,336 2,966,932
(c). Plant and Equipment		48,772,084	48,900,268
Opening Balance Revaluation Increment	7(b)	1,480,038 121,332	1,480,038
(d). Artwork		1,601,370	1,480,038
Opening Balance Revaluation Decrement	7(b)	155,660 (3,590) 152,071	445,765 (290,105) 155,660
(e). Roads		102,071	100,000
Opening Balance Revaluation Increment	8(b)	373,003,794 	199,260,637 173,743,157 373,003,794
(f). Car Parks		313,003,134	
Opening Balance Revaluation Increment	8(b)	10,830,969	2,758,769 8,072,200
(g). Meru Landfill		10,830,969	10,830,969
Opening Balance Revaluation Increment	8(b)	1,142,037	215,992 926,045
(h). Airport		1,142,037	1,142,037
Opening Balance Revaluation Increment	8(b)	16,077,123	6,467,660 9,609,463
	-(~)	16,077,123	16,077,123
Total Asset Revaluation Reserves		506,722,186	504,770,675

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 14. Notes to the Statement of Cash flows

		2016	2016	2015
\$ '000	Notes	Actual	Budget	Actual
(a) Pagangiliation of Cook				
(a). Reconciliation of Cash				
For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash on hand and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in	1			
the Statement of Financial Position as follows:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3	38,100,578	7,685,854	32,801,983
		33,133,013	1,000,001	
(b). Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities to Net Result				
Net Result		2,585,793	12,133,632	4,351,623
Impairment of Assets		_	_	3,198,741
Depreciation		22,567,669	22,023,657	18,218,207
Write Down (Up) in Fair Value of Investments		(326,046)	,,	67,154
(Profit)/Loss on Sale of Assets		212,699	16,485	(105,066)
Other Non Cash Movements		(7,178,302)	-	(649,000)
Decrease/(Increase) in Receivables		(39,512)	(327,017)	(1,016,625)
Increase/(Decrease) in Provision for Doubtful Debts		64,117	-	(9,104)
Decrease/(Increase) in Inventories		(6,944)	(57,124)	(14,609)
Increase/(Decrease) in Payables & Accruals		9,104,055	312,132	3,526,367
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Interest Payable		22,478	-	(10,887)
Increase/(Decrease) in Employee Leave Entitlements		(163,415)	250,000	75,087
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Provisions		(104,850)	-	462,262
Grants/Contributions for the Development of Assets		(11,600,846)	(19,689,063)	(6,036,624)
Net Cash from Operating Activities		15,136,895	14,662,702	22,057,525
(c). Undrawn Borrowing Facilities Credit Standby Arrangements				
Group Credit Facility		6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000
Bank Overdraft Limit		750,000	750,000	750,000
Credit Card Limit		115,000	115,000	115,000
Credit Card Balance at Balance Date		(12,242)		(13,404)
Total Amount of Credit Unused		6,852,758	6,865,000	6,851,596
Security The Commonwealth Bank of Australia holds a mortgage over Counc	il's rates r	evenue.		
Loan Facilities				
Loan Facilities - Current	10	3,748,422		3,034,459
Loan Facilities - Non-Current	10	24,151,530		19,093,956
Total Facilities in Use at Balance Date		27,899,951		22,128,415
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				- -

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 15. Contingent Liabilities

\$ '000

The City of Geraldton has entered into an agreement with the Public Transport Authority to indemnify Brookfield Rail for 40% of the cost of modification to the rail Bridge No. 5371 (Abraham Street) contingent on changes to container heights (double stacking). The term of the indemnity expires on the date of expiry of the current lease Brookfield Rails holds over the Rail Corridor (2049).

The likelihood of such an event to occur is considered to be remote.

Note 16. Capital and Leasing Commitments

(a). Operating Lease Commitments

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the accounts.

Payable:

 not later than one year later than one year but not later than five years later than five years 	77,624 173,921	59,953 154,651 -
Total Operating Lease Commitments	251,546	214,604
(b). Capital Expenditure Commitments		
Contracted for:		
- capital expenditure projects	3,157,825	1,683,934
- land and buildings	-	6,545,644
- plant & equipment purchases	371,520	412,280
Total Capital Expenditure Commitments	3,529,345	8,641,858

Payable: - not later than one year	3.529.345	8,641,858
- later than one year but not later than five years	-	-
- later than five years Total Capital Expenditure Commitments	3,529,345	8,641,858

Capital expenditure commitments at the end of the current reporting period are mainly related to rural roads (Muller flood damage repairs.

Note 17. Subsidiaries, Joint Arrangements & Associates

Council has no interest in any Controlled Entities, Associated Entities or Joint Ventures.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 18. Trust Funds

	Balance	Amounts	Amounts	Balance
\$ '000	1-Jul-15	Received	Paid	30-Jun-16
BCITF	47,004	195,619	(222,318)	20,305
BSL - Building Services Levy (BRB)	20,497	183,773	(185,345)	18,926
Refundable Bonds	253,100	33,289	(88,805)	197,584
Verge/Footpath Bonds	125,865	17,900	(25,850)	117,915
Subdivision & Road Deposits	1,638,811	153,831	(340,467)	1,452,174
Election Nomination Deposits	1,030,011	2,000	(2,000)	1,432,174
Unclaimed Monies	10,607	2,000	(528)	10,314
Community/Sporting Groups	47,684	233	(47,684)	10,314
Roadwise Community Grants	134	_	(47,004)	134
Sundry	43,412	_	(8,033)	35,379
DUP Contributions - Cape Burney	26,997	933	(8,033)	27,931
DUP Contributions - Drummond Cove	381,433	13,187	_	394,620
DUP Contributions - Spalding	32,672	1,130	_	33,802
DUP Contributions - Strathalbyn	130,348	4,506	-	134,855
DUP Contributions - Mt Tarcoola	38,387	1,327	_	39,715
DUP Contributions - Wandina	94,266	3,259	-	97,525
DUP Contributions - Waggrakine	189,460	6,550	_	196,010
DUP Contributions - Webberton	9,043	313	_	9,355
DUP Contributions - Geraldton	6,217	215	_	6,432
POS Cash in Lieu	1,655,276	103,958	_	1,759,233
POS Cash in Lieu - Drummond Cove	77,990	2,696	_	80,686
POS Cash in Lieu - Glenfield	59,702	2,065	_	61,767
POS Cash in Lieu - Webberton	840,247	-	(840,247)	-
POS Cash in Lieu - Strathalbyn	215,368	7,446	(010,217)	222,813
POS Cash in Lieu - Utakarra	229,439	7,110	_	237,371
POS Cash in Lieu - Wandina	71,424	3,131	_	74,556
POS Cash in Lieu - Waggrakine Rural Residential	54,975	24,920	-	79,895
Contributions Received WARCA	12,622	494,036	(422,645)	84,013
20A/152 Reserve 41879	42,900	-	(.22,3 /0)	42,900
	6,355,880	1,264,251	(2,183,922)	5,436,210

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 19. Total Assets Classified by Function and Activity

	2016	2015
\$ '000	Actual	Actual
Governance	32,323,177	32,166,700
Law, Order, Public Safety	1,452,471	1,446,354
Health	102,794	103,412
Education & Welfare	6,798,824	6,839,719
Housing	1,302,064	1,309,896
Community Amenities	12,671,656	12,453,258
Recreation & Culture	131,281,243	128,172,566
Transport	555,295,717	547,408,072
Economic Services	288,057	276,206
Other Property & Services	45,660,557	37,109,825
Unallocated	120,273,280	120,996,723
	907,449,840	888,282,731

Note 20. Acquisition of Assets

		2016	2016
\$ '000		Actual	Budget
By Program			
Governance			
Asset acquisition		350,900	577,500
Law, Order, Public Safety		,	•
Asset acquisition		14,854	1,550,000
Community Amenities		,	, ,
Asset acquisition		294,618	213,000
Recreation & Culture			
Asset acquisition		10,404,833	16,879,763
Transport			
Asset acquisition		16,190,049	35,998,800
Economic Services			
Asset acquisition		13,584	-
Other Property & Services			
Asset acquisition		8,825,327	13,565,798
		36,094,165	68,784,861
By Class			
Property, Plant & Equipment	7(b)		
- Land		862,622	-
- Buildings		10,864,266	12,985,498
- Furniture and Equipment		281,064	447,500
- Plant and Equipment		2,183,495	1,962,000
Infrastructure	8(b)		
- Roads		14,982,935	33,941,800
- Recreation		5,566,031	16,893,950
- Car Parks		378,111	-
- Meru Landfill		202,735	213,000
- Airport		730,832	2,007,000
- Effluent Scheme		42,075	-
- Other Infrastructure			334,113
		36,094,165	68,784,861

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Total

Note 21. Disposal of Assets

		Net Bo	ok Value	Sale	Price	Profit/(Loss)		
\$ '000	Notes	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	
The following assets were dispose	d of durir	ng the year	·.					
By Asset Class								
Property, Plant & Equipment	7(b)							
Land		624,514	3,680,000	574,707	3,680,000	(49,807)	-	
Buildings		52,822	-	216	-	(52,606)	-	
Furniture and Equipment		699,579	-	702,336	-	2,757	-	
Plant and Equipment		903,540	495,485	797,632	479,000	(105,908)	(16,485)	
Artwork		7,175	-	40	-	(7,135)	-	

Proceeds of sale at \$2,074,931 represents the gross value of items disposed during the financial year including the value of items written off during the financial year (\$1,043,788).

4,175,485

2,074,931

4,159,000

(212,699)

(16,485)

2,287,630

\$ '000	2016	2016	2015
	Actual	Budget	Actual
Summary Profit on Asset Disposals	2.757	218.026	274.464
Loss on Asset Disposals Net Profit/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets	(215,455)	(234,511)	(169,398)
	(212,699)	(16,485)	105,066

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 22. Financial Ratios

↑ 1000	Amounts	Indicator	Target		Periods
\$ '000	2016	2016		2015	2014
Liquidity Ratio					
1. Current Ratio (1)					
Current Assets less Restricted Current Assets	15,395,232	0.92 : 1	> 1.00 : 1	0.78	0.56
Current Liabilities less Liabilities Associated with	16,657,233	0.32 . 1	<i>></i> 1.00 . 1	0.70	0.50
Restricted Assets					
Debt Ratio					
2. Debt Service Cover Ratio (2)					
Operating Surplus before Interest and Depreciation Exp	14,594,999	3.58 : 1	> 2.00 : 1	3.62	3.24
Principal and Interest Repayments	4,076,843	3.30 . 1	> 2.00 . 1	3.02	3.24
Coverage Ratio					
3. Own Source Revenue Coverage Ratio (3)					
Own Source Operating Revenue	65,843,798	00.400/	100/	0= ==0/	70.070/
Operating Expense	80,174,894	82.13%	> 40%	85.55%	79.87%
Financial Performance Ratio					
4. Operating Surplus Ratio (4)					
Operating Revenue less Operating Expense	(9,015,053)	-13.69%	> 1%	2.31%	-11.66%
Own Source Operating Revenue	65,843,798	1010070	,.		
Asset Management Ratios					
5. Asset Consumption Ratio (5)					
Depreciated Replacement Cost of Depreciable Assets	772,556,440	70.80%	> 50%	73.13%	70.07%
Current Replacement Cost of Depreciable Assets	1,091,200,364	70.00 /6	> 50 /0	73.1370	70.07 /6
6. Asset Sustainability Ratio (6)					
Capital Renewal and Replacement Expenditure	14,595,766				
Depreciation Expense	22,567,669	64.68%	90-110%	65.20%	77.48%
·					
7. Asset Renewal Funding Ratio (7)					
NPV of Planned Capital Renewals over 10 years	163,079,567	93.25%	75-95%	91.32%	82.87%
NPV of Required Capital Expenditure over 10 years	174,884,875	_			

Notes

⁽¹⁾ This is a modified commercial ratio designed to focus on the liquidity position of the Council that has arisen from past year's transactions.

⁽²⁾ This ratio is the measurement of Council's ability to repay its debt including lease payments.

⁽³⁾ This ratio is the measurement of Council's ability to cover its costs through its own revenue efforts.

⁽⁴⁾ This ratio is a measure of Council's ability to cover its operational costs and have revenues available for capital funding or other purposes.

⁽⁵⁾ This ratio measures the extent to which depreciable assets have been consumed by comparing their written down value to their replacement cost.

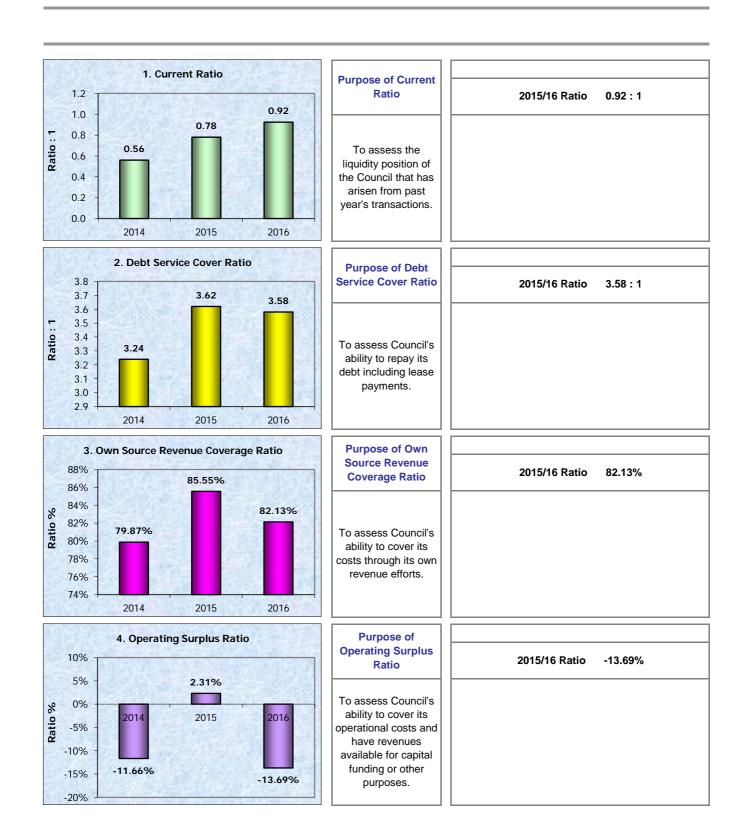
⁽⁶⁾ This ratio indicates whether Council is replacing or renewing existing non-financial assets at the same rate that its overall asset stock is wearing out.

⁽⁷⁾ This ratio is a measure of the ability of Council to fund its projected asset renewal / replacements in the future.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

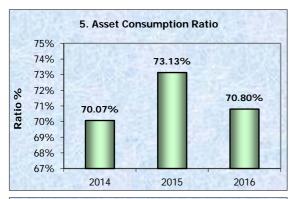
Note 22. Financial Ratios (continued)



Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

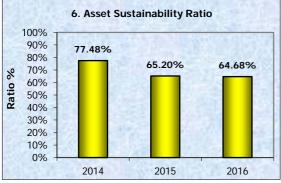
Note 22. Financial Ratios (continued)



Purpose of Asset Consumption Ratio

To assess the extent to which depreciable assets have been consumed by comparing their written down value to their replacement cost.

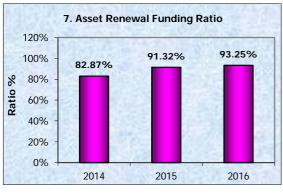




Purpose of Asset Sustainability Ratio

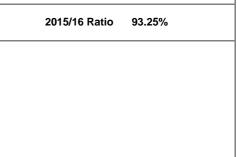
To indicate whether Council is replacing or renewing existing non-financial assets at the same rate that its overall asset stock is wearing out.





Purpose Asset Renewal Funding Ratio

To assess the ability of Council to fund its projected asset renewal / replacements in the future.



Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 23. Information on Borrowings

		Interest	B 1		Principal New Repayments			ipal n-16	Inter Repayn	
\$ '000	Borrowing Institution	Rate %	Principal 1-Jul-15	New Loans	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget
(a). Debenture Repayments										
Governance										
- 262 Office Redevelopment	WATC	3.89%	807,486	-	91,094	91,094	716,392	716,392	29,238	38,580
Recreation & Culture			•		·	•	•	•	•	
* 82 Tarcoola Park Tennis Club SSL	WATC	7.36%	13,890	-	2,891	2,892	10,999	10,998	911	1,081
- 268 Foreshore Stabilisation & Protection	WATC	3.09%	1,200,000	_	104,129	104,129	1,095,871	1,095,871	35,727	48,745
· 264 Aquarena Upgrade	WATC	4.36%	1,836,541	-	170,664	170,664	1,665,877	1,665,877	76,663	97,418
271 QPT Air-Conditioning Replacement	WATC	2.92%	_	3,250,000	_	=	3,250,000	3,250,000	16,854	
263 Recreation Ground Grandstand	WATC	4.36%	1,147,838	_	106,665	106,665	1,041,173	1,041,173	47,915	60,88
272 MUF, Youth Precinct, Beach Access Ram	WATC	3.21%	_	4,056,000	_	=	4,056,000	4,056,000	23,123	
· 259 Verita Road	WATC	4.72%	3,157,282	_	425,658	425,657	2,731,624	2,731,625	142,827	177,65
257 Geraldton Hockey Association *	WATC	4.81%	175,640	-	23,619	23,619	152,021	152,021	7,875	10,03
- 253 Geraldton Yacht Club SSL *	WATC	6.26%	55,223	-	10,312	10,312	44,911	44,911	3,083	3,817
251 Geraldton Hockey Association *	WATC	6.14%	125,005	-	26,570	26,570	98,435	98,435	6,972	8,442
- 228 Geraldton Surf Life Saving *	WATC	6.42%	37,888	-	18,355	18,355	19,533	19,533	1,533	2,569
- 260 Aquarena Renewal Stage 1	WATC	3.89%	2,099,463	-	236,845	236,845	1,862,617	1,862,618	76,019	100,594
Transport										
- 269 Airport Projects	WATC	3.09%	3,020,000	-	262,058	262,058	2,757,942	2,757,942	89,912	122,67
- 261 Airport Paid Parking Facilities	WATC	3.89%	1,211,228	-	136,641	136,641	1,074,587	1,074,587	43,857	57,870
- 258 Airport Buffer Land	WATC	4.72%	912,106	-	122,970	122,968	789,136	789,138	41,261	51,32
- 234 Lot 8 Chapman Road - Car Park	WATC	5.09%	522,262	-	129,733	129,733	392,529	392,529	23,423	29,93
230 Airport Buffer Land	WATC	8.93%	521,165	-	197,594	197,595	323,571	323,570	29,420	37,70
229 SGIO Car Park	WATC	6.47%	172,559	-	83,575	83,576	88,984	88,983	11,712	11,77
255 Plant Loan 10/11	WATC	5.41%	110,951	-	110,951	110,951	-	-	-	5,61
- 252 Plant Purchases for 2009/2010	WATC	6.06%	659,768	-	123,683	123,683	536,085	536,085	36,066	44,37
· 273 Verita Road Stage 1	WATC	2.45%	-	1,500,000	-	-	1,500,000	1,500,000	3,196	
· 270 (New) Airport Technology Park continued on next page)	WATC	2.74%	2,450,000	-	463,700	461,469	1,986,300	1,988,531	63,201	97,59

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Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 23. Information on Borrowings (continued)

	Borrowing	Interest Rate	Principal	New	Principal New Repayments		Prin 30-Ju	cipal ın-16	Interest Repayments	
\$ '000	Institution		01/07/2015	Loans	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget
(a). Debenture Repayments (continued)										
Economic Services										
- 95 Hamlet	WATC	6.99%	28,032	-	13,531	13,531	14,501	14,501	1,395	1,886
Other Property & Services	14/4.70	4.000/	040.070		05.004	05.000	222.222	200 200	00.000	40.700
- 265 Old Works Depot	WATC	4.36%	918,270	-	85,331	85,332	832,939	832,938	38,332	48,709
- 266 Old Railway Building	WATC	4.36%	945,819	-	87,892	87,892	857,923	857,927	39,482	50,171
WATC Loan Guarantee Fee			-	-	-	-	-	-	152,387	-
			22,128,415	8,806,000	3,034,460	3,032,231	27,899,952	27,902,184	1,042,382	1,109,443

Funding of Borrowings All loan repayments were funded by general purpose income.

- 1 Self- Supporting Loan * Those loans denoted with "*" are subject of a repayment agreement that secured the reimbursement from a community organisation of all costs associated with the loan.
- 2 WATC = WA Treasury Corporation

Security

The general funds of the Borrower as defined in section 6.21 (4) of the Local Government Act 1995 are charged in favour of Treasury Corporation to secure all principal interest and other amounts payable by the Borrower from time to time.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 23. Information on Borrowings (continued)

						Total	Interest			
	Amount	Borrowed			Term	Interest	Rate	Amou	nt Used	Balance
\$ '000	Actual	Budget	Institution	Туре	(Years)	& Charges	%	Actual	Budget	Unspent
(b). New Debentures										
Foreshore Stabilisation & Protection	-	1,850,000			-	-		-	(1,850,000)	-
Airport Fire Main Upgrade	-	1,000,000			-	-		-	(1,000,000)	-
Animal Pound Upgrade	-	1,550,000			-	-		-	(1,550,000)	-
MUF, Youth Precinct, Beach Access Ramp	4,056,000	4,056,000	WATC	Debenture	15	1,086,391	3.21%	(4,056,000)	(4,056,000)	-
POS Olive Street Development	-	4,500,000			-	-		-	(4,500,000)	-
QPT Air-Conditioning Replacement	3,250,000	3,250,000	WATC	Debenture	10	521,061	2.92%	(3,250,000)	(3,250,000)	-
Verita Road Stage 1	1,500,000	9,000,000	WATC	Debenture	7	141,446	2.45%	(780,113)	(9,000,000)	719,887
	8,806,000	25,206,000	=			1,748,899	-	(8,086,113)	(25,206,000)	719,887
							Borrov	ved Ex	pended	
					Date	Balance	Dui	ing	During	Balance
\$ '000				В	orrowed	1-Jul-15	Y	ear	Year	30-Jun-16
(c). Unspent Debentures										
Verita Road Stage 1 (Bridge/Roundabout)				;	30/05/2016	-	1,500	,000	(780,113)	719,887
Airport Projects					4/05/2015	632,375		-	(413,441)	218,934
Foreshore Stabilisation & Protection					4/05/2015	806,661		-	-	806,661
					=	1,439,036	1,500	,000 (1	,193,554)	1,745,482

(d). Overdraft

The City of Greater Geraldton established an overdraft facility of \$ 750,000. The balance of the bank overdraft at 30 June 2016 was \$0 (1 July 2015: \$0).

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 24(a). Rating Information (2015/16 Financial Year)

•		Number of	Rateable	Rate	Interim	Back	Total	Budget Rate	Budget Interim	Budget Back	Budget Total
\$ '000 Notes	Rate in \$	Properties	Value	Revenue	Rates	Rates	Revenue	Revenue	Rate	Rate	Revenue
Rate Type											
Differential General Rate											
CGG Residential	11.3506	15,055	234,675,383	26,637,063	313,991	12,808	26,963,862	26,637,063	200,000	5,000	26,842,063
Non Residential GRV	10.7071	1,220	88,358,095	9,460,590	112,432	(1,446)	9,571,576	9,460,590	250,000	5,000	9,715,590
Geraldton UV, Rural, Mining & Farming	0.7032	669	243,078,011	1,709,325	33,582	4,754	1,747,661	1,709,325	-	-	1,709,325
GRV Ex-Mullewa District	11.3804	143	1,207,160	137,380	2,800	145	140,325	137,380	-	-	137,380
Mullewa UV, Rural, Mining & Farming	0.7573	215	141,976,017	1,075,184	(3,533)	86	1,071,737	1,075,184	-	-	1,075,184
Sub-Total		17,302	709,294,666	39,019,542	459,272	16,347	39,495,161	39,019,542	450,000	10,000	39,479,542
Minimum Rates	Minimum										
CGG Residential	1,010	2,099	9,825,236	2,119,990	=	-	2,119,990	2,119,990	-	-	2,119,990
Non Residential GRV	1,010	170	943,741	171,700	-	-	171,700	171,700	-	-	171,700
Geraldton UV, Rural, Mining & Farming	1,010	206	18,858,859	208,060	-	-	208,060	208,060	-	-	208,060
GRV Ex-Mullewa District	600	141	274,854	84,600	-	-	84,600	84,600	-	-	84,600
Mullewa UV, Rural, Mining & Farming	860	103	3,582,372	88,580	-	-	88,580	88,580	-	-	88,580
Sub-Total		2,719	33,485,062	2,672,930	-	-	2,672,930	2,672,930			2,672,930
							42,168,091				42,152,472
Discounts/Concessions 27							(877,348)				(877,348)
							41,290,743				41,275,124
Specified Area Rate 25							-				-
Totals							41,290,743				41,275,124

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 24(b). Surplus/(Deficit) B/Fwd and C/Fwd

		2016	2015
		Carried Fwd	Brought Fwd
\$ '000	Notes	Actual	Actual
Current Assets			
Cash - Unrestricted	3	9,163,374	4,516,282
Cash - Restricted Reserves	3	10,327,731	16,816,902
Cash - Restricted Unspent Grants	2(d)	18,609,473	11,468,800
Investments	4	-	266,241
Rates - Current	5	3,335,668	3,107,675
Sundry Debtors	5	1,549,292	1,963,724
GST Receivable	5	287,911	471,252
Other Receivables	5	599,344	326,575
Inventories			
- Fuel and Materials	6	308,394	317,190
- Other	6	151,249	135,508
		44,332,437	39,390,148
Current Liabilities			
Sundry Creditors	9	8,039,950	6,067,497
Accrued Interest on Debentures	9	164,783	142,305
Accrued Salaries and Wages	9	264,606	35,688
Other Current Trade and Other Payables	9	18,609,473	11,706,789
Current Employee Benefits Provision	11	3,959,165	4,149,979
Other Current Provisions	11	480,308	515,907
Current Loan Liability	10	3,748,422	3,034,459
		35,266,706	25,652,623
Net Current Assets		9,065,731	13,737,525
Less:			
Reserves - Restricted Cash	3	(10,327,731)	(16,816,902)
Self Supporting Loan Principal Repayments		(81,748)	(77,149)
Council Loan Principal Repayments		(37,629)	(10,616)
Add Back:			
Current Loan Liability	10	3,748,422	3,034,459
Surplus/(Deficit)		2,367,045	(132,682)

⁽¹⁾ Restricted Grants & Contributions that are not expected to be spent in the next 12 months.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 25. Specified Area Rate (2015/16 Financial Year)

\$ '000

The City has abolished the Specified Area Rate from 1st of July, 2015.

Note 26. Service Charges (2015/16 Financial Year)

The City of Greater Geraldton does not have any Service Charges.

Note 27. Discounts, Incentives, Concessions & Write-offs (2015/16 Financial Year)

	Total	Budget
\$ '000	Cost / Value	Cost / Value
(a) Discounts/Concessions		
General Rates	877,348_	877,348
	877 348	877 348

A <u>concession</u> will be available to Persons owing rateable properties within the City district that:

- a) Are rateable on the basis of Gross Rental Value (GRV), and are rated under the CGG Residential Differential General rate: and
- b) Are subject to an increase in GRV Valuation of their CGG Residential property as a consequence of the periodic (currently 3-Yearly) General Valuation by the State Valuer-General which takes effect from 1 July 2015; c) Have rates imposed that are higher than the Minimum Payment for the CGG Residential GRV differential general rate.

The Council offers no discounts for the early payment of rates or any other debts to Council.

(b). Incentives

Through an agreement with the Commonwealth Bank, Council offers an incentive to ratepayers for the early payment of rates (if paid within 35 days of the rates being issued) with a prize of 3 x \$1,000 to the successful ratepayers. Details and conditions are set out in the brochures that accompany the rates assessment notice.

Other prizes are also available to ratepayers:

- City of Greater Geraldton Parking Permit for 1 year valued at \$1,367
- City of Greater Geraldton Aguarena 15 x multi swim pass prizes valued at \$ 1,620
- Good Earth Hotel & Perth Ambassador Hotel \$560 2 night weekend stay
- Staples Ipad mini 16GB valued at \$299
- Mitchell & Brown \$ 599 Pots & Pans
- Novus Tint a Car -\$ 300 gift voucher
- Everybody Group Fitness 5 x \$100 Vouchers
- Choices Flooring \$1,000 voucher
- Chimera Pearls \$570 Pendant
- Ibis Geraldton 5 x \$ 50 Meal Vouchers
- Friends of Queens Park Theatre \$100 voucher for any QPT show

None of these prizes involved any cost to Council, with the exception of Parking Permits and Multi Swim Passes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 27. Discounts, Incentives, Concessions & Write-offs (2015/16 Financial Year)

		Total	Budget
\$ '000	Notes	Cost / Value	Cost / Value
(c). Write-Offs			
Rate Assessment	2(a)	80,334	30,000
General Debtors	2(a)	74,530	16,630
		154,864	46,630

(d). Waivers

The City of Greater Geraldton does not offer any standard waivers or write offs of Rates and Charges or any other debts of ratepayers unless specifically approved by Council.

Individuals may approach Council for an extension of time to pay off their debt.

Note 28. Interest Charges and Instalments (2015/16 Financial Year)

\$ '000	Interest Rate %	Admin. Charge	Actual Revenue	Budgeted Revenue
Interest on Unpaid Rates	11.00%	-	482,928	330,000
Interest on Instalments Plan	5.50%	-	173,790	180,000
Pensioner Deferred Interest	0.00%	-	9,031	12,000
			665,749	522,000

Council offers three (3) payment options by which ratepayers can make their payments.

Option 1: To pay their rates in full by the 35th day after the rates notice has been issued

Option 2: To pay their rates in two (2) equal instalments

Option 3: To pay their rates in four (4) equal instalments

For ratepayers election to pay their rates by 2 or 4 instalments, a charge of \$ 10 per instalment is charged. For ratepayers making an arrangement with Council to pay their rates in more than 4 instalments, a one off charge of \$ 40 is charged.

The total amount of revenue from the imposition of interest and instalments charges is \$803,638.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 29. Fees & Charges

	2016	2016	2015
\$ '000	Actual	Budget	Actual
Governance	10,311	11,150	9,527
General Purpose Funding	215,594	257,002	246,783
Law, Order, Public Safety	343,017	350,200	363,067
Health	58,177	52,925	49,752
Education and Welfare	189,047	225,521	189,720
Community Amenities	9,731,657	8,627,957	8,600,822
Recreation and Culture	1,652,136	1,941,745	2,015,922
Transport	6,403,354	6,335,445	6,822,577
Economic Services	833,310	1,063,090	986,634
Other Property and Services	972,865	1,001,954	951,809
	20,409,467	19,866,989	20,236,613

There were no changes during the year to the amount of the fees and charges detailed in the original budget.

Note 30. Grants, Subsidies & Contributions

	2016	2015
\$ '000	Actual	Actual
Grants, subsidies and contributions are included as operating revenues in the Statement of Comprehensive Income:		

(a). By Nature & Type

6,701,460	13,674,952
11,600,846	6,036,624
18,302,306	19,711,577
404,473	987,470
3,080,265	9,014,921
828,856	300,189
500	909
1,066,114	1,064,678
526,876	888,605
2,848,602	1,785,324
7,947,023	1,994,848
197,419	136,203
1,402,178	3,538,430
18,302,306	19,711,577
	11,600,846 18,302,306 404,473 3,080,265 828,856 500 1,066,114 526,876 2,848,602 7,947,023 197,419 1,402,178

Included within the Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions total of \$6,701,460 is \$1,385,417 in reimbursements and recoveries.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 31. Employee Numbers

\$ '000	2016	2015	2014
	Actual	Actual	Actual
The number of full-time equivalent employees at balance date	254	292	328

Council approved establishment end of the reporting year: 291 FTE (2015: 312 FTE).

Note 32. Councillor Remuneration

	2016	2016	2015
\$ '000	Actual	Budget	Actual
The following fees, expenses and allowances were paid to co	ouncil members and	the mayor.	
Meeting Fees	339,180	346,014	345,660
Members Allowance	118,836	119,561	118,835
Members IT and Telephone Allowance	52,041	52,500	52,500
Travelling Expenses	23,970	20,000	26,929
Conference Expenses	30,102	15,000	27,712
Childcare Expenses	2,800	-	2,750
Councillor Training	20,487	20,000	11,667
	587,416	573,075	586,053

Note 33. Employee Costs

Wages and Salaries	18,224,482	23,258,154	19,643,878
Employee Leave Entitlements	5,664,403	335,464	5,646,415
Superannuation	2,881,069	3,276,200	3,022,301
Workers' Compensation Insurance	710,436	768,000	921,935
Protective Clothing & Uniforms	94,316	70,453	113,562
Recruitment Costs	84,010	270,000	57,421
Training Costs (other than Salaries & Wages)	111,125	88,116	105,892
Other	128,088	172,000	172,412
	27,897,929	28,238,387	29,683,817

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 33. Employee Costs (continued)

		2016	2015
\$ '000	Salary Range	Actual	Actual
Envilous Removemention			
Employee Remuneration			
Set out below, in bands of \$10,000 is the number of			
employees entitled to an annual salary of 100,000 or mo	ore.		
Details			
LG Administration Regulations 19 B	100,000 - 109,999	4	8
	110,000 - 119,999	6	9
	120,000 - 129,999	3	4
	130,000 - 139,999	3	2
	140,000 - 149,999	1	-
	160,000 - 169,999	3	3
	170,000 - 179,999	-	1
	250,000 - 259,999	-	1
	270,000 - 279,999	1	_
	*		

Note 34. Major Land Transactions

\$ '000

Drummond Cove Free holding of Land

Details

Via public auction, the sale of land in the Drummond Cove Estate was concluded in 2009-10. West side leaseholders will continue to pay the principal on their properties by yearly instalments as part of a contractual agreement until 2016.

Total principal repaid to the City in 2015-16 amounted to \$37,629 (2014-15: \$ 10,616). All major expenditure associated with subdivisional development was concluded in 2009-10.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 35. Trading and Major Trading Undertakings

\$ '000

Airport

The Geraldton Airport is owned freehold by and is run as a business unit of the City of Greater Geraldton, generating an operating income of approximately \$5.5m per annum (2014-2015: \$6.1M).

Operating surpluses from airport operations are utilised to maintain and improve existing airport infrastructure, provide for development of future infrastructure. During 2015-16, capital outlays on Airport Infrastructure (including buildings) amounted to nearly \$1.0M.

The City of Greater Geraldton endeavours to operate the aerodrome in an environmentally sensitive manner in accordance with aviation best practice, in compliance with Federal statutory requirements for aviation operations, airports, and transport security.

The airport is planned and managed to provide a satisfactory return on investment to the ratepayers of the City of Greater Geraldton, while having regard to the airport as a key regional transport infrastructure asset.

In 2015 the secure departures lounge has been extended, to cope with growth in passenger numbers.

An updated Geraldton Airport Master Plan was formally adopted by Council in 2012. Technical updates to the Master Plan are issued from time to time, most recently in February 2015, to provide the aviation industry with an up to date view of status of airport development. In addition to outlining planned future development of the airport beyond 2030, the Master Plan provides necessary inputs (obstacle height limitation and noise profiles) to town planning processes, enabling amendment of planning schemes, to prevent incompatible development encroachment that could adversely impact the continued operation of the airport as an essential regional infrastructure asset.

Geraldton Airport is serviced by Virgin, QantasLink and Skippers Aviation, providing Regular Public Transport (RPT) services. on the Geraldton-Perth route. Virgin services mainly utilise 50-seat Fokker F50 turboprop aircraft. QantasLink services changed from 75-seat Dash-8 Q400 turboprop aircraft, to 100-seat Fokker F100 jet aircraft, in March 2015.

An aircraft maintenance and service business is well established in a large hangar leased from the City. Shine Aviation and Geraldton Air Charter provide General Aviation services based at the airport, servicing the Abrolhos Islands, FIFO mining workforce logistics, and general charter operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 35. Trading and Major Trading Undertakings (continued)

\$ '000

Meru Landfill Facility

The Meru Landfill Facility is run as a business unit of the City of Greater Geraldton and generated operating income of approximately \$4.3M in 2015-16. During 2015-16, there were no significant capital outlays on the Meru Infrastructure.

This facility was established to provide a regional approach to Waste Management here in the Midwest. Originally managed by the Geraldton Greenough Regional Council (GGRC), this Regional Council was disbanded following the first amalgamation between the City of Geraldton and the Shire of Greenough. The main purpose of establishing a Regional Council was to have a planned and co-ordinated regional approach to the collection, removal, processing, treatment, recycling and disposal of waste in the mid-west region, enabling sharing of benefits of scale where possible. This will continue to be the purpose of this trading undertaking as a function of the City of Greater Geraldton.

The vision of City of Greater Geraldton is to lead the community to an improved level of sustainability - to encourage waste avoidance, maximise the recovery of materials and provide efficient, yet cost effective waste management and resource recovery services to the region. These objectives are achievable by actively engaging the community in sustainable waste practices, by supporting and promoting waste minimisation principles and implementing the objectives of the various Strategic documents.

The 2015/16 financial year saw many changes in the delivery of waste services designed to improve operational efficiencies while maintaining effectiveness. As part of the 2015/16 restructures, the waste function will be moved into the Development and Community Services Department and merged into an existing branch. In preparation for this move, officers have outsources the traditional sanitation services and are presently reviewing the operation of the recycling shop and the landfill weighbridge. Some of the operational initiatives include the installation of CCTV cameras on the site, installation of additional groundwater monitoring bores and a water source bores for firefighting and dust suppression.

One of the other departmental significants includes the inclusion of the City's Sanitation team into the Water & Energy Services area. A new refuse compaction vehicle is expected to replace the current one, that has been decommissioned.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 36. Financial Risk Management

\$ '000

Council's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including (1) price risk, (2) credit risk, (3) liquidity risk and (4) interest rate risk.

The Council's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Council.

Council does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by Council's Finance Section under policies approved by the Council.

The Town held the following financial instruments at balance date.

		Carrying Value		Fair '	Value
	Notes	2016	2015	2016	2015
Financial Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3	38,100,578	32,801,983	38,100,578	32,801,983
Receivables (Current & Non-Current)	5	6,371,988	6,478,341	6,371,988	6,478,341
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	4		266,241		266,241
		44,472,566	39,546,565	44,472,566	39,546,565
Financial Liabilities					
Payables (Current & Non-Current)	9	27,078,812	17,952,279	27,078,812	17,952,279
Borrowings (Current & Non-Current)	10	27,899,951	22,128,415	27,899,951	22,128,415
		54,978,763	40,080,693	54,978,763	40,080,693

Fair Value is determined as follows:

- Cash & Cash Equivalents, Receivables, Payables are estimated to be the carrying value which approximates market value.
- Borrowings & Held to Maturity Investments estimated future cash flows discounted by the current market interest rates applicable to assets & liabilities with similar risk profiles.
- Financial Assets classified (i) "at far value through profit & loss" or (ii) Available for Sale based on quoted market prices at the reporting date or independent valuation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 36. Financial Risk Management (continued)

\$ '000

(a). Cash & Cash Equivalents, Financial assets "at Fair Value through the Profit & Loss", "Available-for-sale" financial assets & "Held-to-maturity" Investments

Council's objective is to maximise its return on cash & investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital.

Council's Finance Section manages the Cash & Investments portfolio with the assistance of independent advisors.

Council has an Investment Policy which complies with the relevant legislation. The policy is regularly reviewed by Council and an Investment Report is tabled before Council on a monthly basis setting out the make-up and performance of the portfolio.

The major risk associated with Investments is price risk - the risk that the capital value of Investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether there changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments or their issuers or are caused by factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.

Cash & Investments are also subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns and income.

A further risk associated with Cash & Investments is credit risk - the risk that the investment counterparty will not complete their obligations particular to a financial instrument, resulting in a financial loss to Council - be it of a capital or income nature.

Council manages these risks by diversifying its portfolio and only purchasing investments with high credit ratings or capital guarantees in accordance with investment restrictions prescribed in the Local Government (*Financial Management*) Regulations 1996.

Council also seeks advice from independent advisers before placing any funds in Cash Equivalents & Investments.

	30-Jun-16	30-Jun-15
Impact of a 10% ⁽¹⁾ movement in price of investments		
Equity	-	26,624
Statement of Comprehensive Income (2)	-	26,624
Impact of a 1% ⁽¹⁾ movement in interest rates on cash and investments		
Equity	381,006	330,682
Statement of Comprehensive Income	381,006	330,682

Notes:

- Sensitivity percentages based on management's expectations of future possible market movements.
 (Price movements calculated on investments subject to fair value adjustments. Interest rate
 movements calculated on cash, cash equivalents and managed funds.)
- 2. Maximum impact.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 36. Financial Risk Management (continued)

\$ '000

(b). Receivables

Council's major receivables comprise (i) Rates & Annual charges and (ii) User Charges & Fees.

The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk - the risk that debts due and payable to Council may not be repaid.

Council manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing stringent debt recovery procedures. It also encourages ratepayers to pay their rates by the due date through incentives.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of Council to secure a charge over the land relating to the debts - that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Council is also able to charge interest on overdue rates & annual charges at higher than market rates which further encourages the payment of debt.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

Council makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required and carries out credit checks on most non-rate debtors.

There are no material receivables that have been subjected to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

A profile of Council's receivables credit risk at balance date follows:

	30-Jun-16 %	30-Jun-15 %
Percentage of Rates and Annual Charges		
Current	94.28%	94.66%
Overdue	5.72%	5.34%
Percentage of Other Receivables		
Current	83.43%	70.32%
Overdue	16.57%	29.68%

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 36. Financial Risk Management (continued)

\$ '000

(c). Payables & Borrowings

Payables & Borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk - the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due.

Council manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer.

Payment terms can be extended & overdraft facilities drawn upon in extenuating circumstances.

The contractual undiscounted cash outflows (ie. principal and interest) of Council's Payables & Borrowings are set out in the Liquidity Table below:

\$ '000	Due	Due	Due	Total	
	within	between	after	contractual	Carrying
	1 year	1 & 5 years	5 years	cash flows	Values
2016					
Payables	27,078,812	-	-	27,078,812	27,078,812
Borrowings	3,748,422	13,951,223	10,200,307	27,899,951	27,899,951
	30,827,234	13,951,223	10,200,307	54,978,763	54,978,763
2015					
Payables	17,952,279	-	-	17,952,279	17,952,279
Borrowings	3,034,459	14,005,270	5,088,686	22,128,415	22,128,415
	20,986,738	14,005,270	5,088,686	40,080,694	40,080,693

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs & debt servicing requirements. Council manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate on a basis that is most suitable for the circumstance. Council officers regularly review interest rate movements to determine if it would be advantageous to refinance or renegotiate part, or all of the loan portfolio.

The following interest rates were applicable to the Council's Borrowings at balance date:

	30-Jun-16		30-Jur	n-15
	Weighted		Weighted	
	average		average	
	interest	Balance	interest	Balance
	rate %	\$	rate %	\$
Bank Loans - Fixed	3.81%	27,899,951	4.14%	22,128,415
		27,899,951		22,128,415

Notes:

1. The interest rate risk applicable to Variable Rate Bank Loan is not considered significant.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 37. Fair Value Measurements

\$ '000

The Council measures the following asset and liability classes at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment
- Investment Property
- Financial Assets & Liabilities

The fair value of assets and liabilities must be estimated in accordance with various Accounting Standards for either recognition and measurement requirements or for disclosure purposes.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a "level" in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- **Level 1:** Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- **Level 2:** Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(1) The following table presents all assets and liabilities that have been measured & recognised at fair values:

ian values.						
		Fair Value	Measureme	ent using:	J	
2016		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	Date	Quoted	Significant	Significant		
	of latest	prices in	observable	unobservable		
Financial Assets	Valuation	active mkts	inputs	inputs		
Receivables			<u>-</u>	6,371,988	6,371,988	
Total Financial Assets		-	-	6,371,988	6,371,988	
Financial Liabilities						
Payables	30/06/16	-	-	27,078,812	27,078,812	
Loans / Advances	30/06/16			27,899,951	27,899,951	
Total Financial Liabilities			-	54,978,763	54,978,763	
Property, Plant & Equipment						
- Land	30/06/15	-	86,505,192	3,456,000	89,961,192	
- Buildings	30/06/15	-	959,000	104,577,134	105,536,134	
- Furniture & Equipment	30/06/16	-	-	1,204,828	1,204,828	
- Plant & Equipment	30/06/16	-	10,136,197	-	10,136,197	
- Artwork	14/11/14		608,926		608,926	
Total Property, Plant & Equipment			98,209,315	109,237,963	207,447,278	
Infrastructure						
- Roads	30/06/15	-	-	567,839,869	567,839,869	
- Recreation	30/06/15	-	-	35,526,313	35,526,313	
- Car Parks	30/06/15	-	-	10,984,792	10,984,792	
- Meru Landfill	30/06/15	-	-	13,499,106	13,499,106	
- Airport	30/06/15			26,990,030	26,990,030	
Total Infrastructure		-	-	654,840,109	654,840,109	

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 37. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

\$ '000

(1) The following table presents all assets and liabilities that have been measured & recognised at fair values: (continued)

		Fair Value	Measureme	ent using:	
2015		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Date	Quoted	Significant	Significant	
	of latest	prices in	observable	unobservable	
Financial Assets	Valuation	active mkts	inputs	inputs	
Investments					
- "Designated At Fair Value on Initial Recognition"	30/06/15	-	-	266,241	266,241
- "Loans and Receivables"	30/06/15		<u>-</u>	6,468,341	6,468,341
Total Financial Assets				6,734,582	6,734,582
Financial Liabilities					
Payables	30/06/15	-	-	17,952,279	17,952,279
Loans / Advances	30/06/15		<u>-</u>	22,128,415	22,128,415
Total Financial Liabilities				40,080,694	40,080,694
Property, Plant & Equipment					
- Land	30/06/15	-	77,032,168	3,456,000	80,488,168
- Buildings	30/06/15	-	959,000	96,965,353	97,924,353
- Furniture & Equipment	30/06/14	-	-	1,506,600	1,506,600
- Plant & Equipment	30/06/13	-	10,413,751	-	10,413,751
- Artwork	14/11/14		619,690		619,690
Total Property, Plant & Equipment			89,024,609	101,927,953	190,952,562
Infrastructure					
- Roads	30/06/15	-	-	567,776,619	567,776,619
- Recreation	30/06/15	-	-	30,552,746	30,552,746
- Car Parks	30/06/15	-	-	11,044,634	11,044,634
- Meru Landfill	30/06/15	-	-	13,719,797	13,719,797
- Airport	30/06/15	<u>-</u>		26,834,300	26,834,300
Total Infrastructure			-	649,928,096	649,928,096

(2) Transfers between Level 1 & Level 2 Fair Value Hierarchies

During the year, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 Fair Value hierarchies for recurring fair value measurements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 37. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

\$ '000

(3) Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 and Level 3 Fair Values

Where Council is unable to derive Fair Valuations using quoted market prices of identical assets (ie. Level 1 inputs) Council instead utilises a spread of both observable inputs (Level 2 inputs) and unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

The Fair Valuation techniques Council has employed while utilising Level 2 and Level 3 inputs are as follows:

Property, Plant & Equipment

AVP valuers & Asset Management completed a valuation of the Land, Buildings & Selected Other Structures with the effective date of valuation 30th of June 2015.

APV has undertaken the financial reporting valuation for City of Greater Geraldton in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards. The valuation reporting has involved the confirmation of completeness of asset registers, physical inspection of the assets and capturing data such as the asset age, type, condition and then compiling information and assessing the value of the assets. Further to this, APV has provided the Insurance Value where requested. Throughout this process, APV ensured quality management procedures were implemented to achieve the most accurate asset valuation reporting.

The following methods are used to determine the fair value measurements:

LAND

Except in the circumstance of any assets being held for sale (valued in accordance with AASB 5 Assets Held for Sale) or in accordance with specific accounting standards (such as Investment Properties) the balance of the portfolio is valued in accordance with AASB 116 Property Plant and Equipment at Fair Value.

Depending upon the unique circumstances of each lot land has been valued using a range of approaches. Where there is an active market the 'market approach' has been adopted. If its value is primarily dependent on its income generating capability the income approach was used. For other types of land the 'cost approach' was adopted. Details of each approach are detailed below

Level 2 valuation inputs

Market (Direct Comparison) – This has been applied to land held in freehold title and has been assessed on the basis of the estimated amount which the interest in each property being valued might reasonably be expected to realise on the date of valuation in an exchange between market participants given highest and best use or highest and best alternative use. This was determined by comparison to recent sales of land with similar characteristics. This was then adjusted to reflect condition and comparability. As this was based on observable evidence they have been classified as Level 2.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 37. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

\$ '000

(3) Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 and Level 3 Fair Values (continued)

Property, Plant & Equipment (continued)

LAND (continued)

Cost (Direct Comparison) - The valuation of some restricted or otherwise non-saleable land has been valued using the cost approach. This approach was used where, assuming if City of Greater Geraldton need to purchase the land or acquire additional land from an adjoining neighbour, the value of that land could be determined based on known zoning and town planning restrictions. This was determined by comparison to recent sales of land with similar characteristics. This was then adjusted to reflect condition and comparability. As this was based on observable evidence they have been classified as Level 2.

Level 3 valuation inputs

Cost (Hypothetical Analysis) – These were determining the cost approach. However the determination of the replacement cost involved detailed analysis of a hypothetical highest alternative land use. Typically this included estimating the number of potential residential or commercial lots that could be developed on the site. These are observable based on existing Town Planning rules and have been classified as Level 2. The third input is the developer's interest which effectively is the rate of return the developer requires based on the existing market conditions. This requires the valuers to exercise professional judgement and accordingly has been classified as a level 3.

BUILDINGS AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The valuation of buildings, structural improvements and site services includes those items that form part of the building services installation (e.g. heating, cooling and climate control equipment, lifts, escalators, fire alarms, sprinklers and fire fighting equipment, and general lighting etc). Excluded are all items of plant, machinery, equipment, cranes, tools, furniture or chattels.

Level 2 valuation inputs

Market (Direct Comparison) - These were used to determine the fair value of a range of properties. This included the residential properties where the relevant inputs were able to be observed from current market evidence. The residential properties fair value has been derived from sales prices of comparable properties after adjusting for differences in key attributes such as property size.

Level 3 valuation inputs

Cost (Depreciated) – This includes specialised buildings as well as some residential properties that were located in isolated locations where there was no evidence to support a market approach. These buildings were valued using the cost approach using professionally qualified Registered Valuers.

Under this approach the cost to replace the asset is calculated and then adjusted to take account of an accumulated depreciation. The valuer disaggregated the building into different components and for each component determined a value based on the interrelationship between a range of factors. These include asset condition, legal and commercial obsolescence and the determination of key depreciation related assumptions such as residual value and pattern of consumption of the future economic benefit.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 37. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

\$ '000

(3) Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 and Level 3 Fair Values (continued)

Property, Plant & Equipment (continued)

PLANT & EQUIPMENT

A fair value valuation of Plant and Equipment has been completed 30/06/2016 by the City's fleet manager. All of the valuations were made on the basis of open market values of similar assets (based on figures supplied by auction groups, council sales records, vehicle valuation guides and the IPWEA Plant and Vehicle Management Manual) adjusted for condition and comparability (Level 2 inputs in the fair value hierarchy).

FURNITURE & EQUIPMENT

Management conducted a valuation of furniture and equipment effective 30/06/2016 actualising the asset register and aligning the asset class with the capitalisation thresholds outlined in the Significant Accounting Policies. Using level 3 valuation inputs ensured no material variance in existing balance sheet values for this asset class was observed with the carrying amount of each asset fairly stated at reporting date.

ARTWORK

A valuation of Artwork was conducted by Banziger Hulme Fine Art Consultants P/L 14th November 2014. David Hulme is an approved valuer for the Australian Government's Cultural Gifts Program. The valuation of the collection is based on market value with market value defined as "what a willing buyer would pay a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing" of similar assets adjusted for condition and for condition and comparability (Level 2 inputs in the fair value hierarchy).

All property, plant and equipment classes are carried at fair value and subject to revaluation only every 3 years as well as an annual assessment as to whether there is an indication an asset may have been impaired in accordance with AASB 136 "Impairment of Assets".

Infrastructure

AIRPORT

AVP valuers & Asset Management have completed a valuation of the Geraldton Airport - Land, Buildings & Selected Other Structures with the effective date of valuation 30th of June 2015.

Prime Property Valuations Pty Ltd has completed a valuation of land located in the Geraldton Airport Technology Park as a result of the reclassification of the land from Land Held for Resale as Freehold Land under Property, Plant and Equipment (Land) with the effective date of valuation 30th of June 2016.

The following methods are used to determine the fair value measurements:

Land

Level 2 valuation inputs

Cost (Direct Comparison) - The valuation of some restricted or otherwise non-saleable land has been valued using the cost approach. This approach was used where, assuming if City of Greater Geraldton need to purchase the land or acquire additional land from an adjoining neighbour, the value of that land could be determined based on known zoning and town planning restrictions. This was determined by comparison to recent sales of land with similar characteristics. This was then adjusted to reflect condition and comparability. As this was based on observable evidence they have been classified as Level 2.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 37. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

\$ '000

(3) Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 and Level 3 Fair Values (continued)

Infrastructure (continued)

AIRPORT (continued)

Buildings

The valuation of buildings, structural improvements and site services includes those items that form part of the building services installation (e.g. heating, cooling and climate control equipment, lifts, escalators, fire alarms, sprinklers and fire fighting equipment, and general lighting etc). Excluded are all items of plant, machinery, equipment, cranes, tools, furniture or chattels.

Level 3 valuation inputs

Cost (Depreciated) – This includes specialised buildings. These buildings were valued using the cost approach using professionally qualified Registered Valuers.

Under this approach the cost to replace the asset is calculated and then adjusted to take account of an accumulated depreciation. The valuer disaggregated the building into different components and for each component determined a value based on the interrelationship between a range of factors. These include asset condition, legal and commercial obsolescence and the determination of key depreciation related assumptions such as residual value and pattern of consumption of the future economic benefit.

Road, Equipment and Civil Assets

All road, equipment and civil assets were valued using the cost approach.

The approach estimated the replacement cost for each asset by componentising the assets into significant parts with different useful lives and taking into account a range of factors. While the unit rates based on square metres or similar capacity could be supported from market evidence (level 2) other inputs (such as estimates of residual value, useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition) required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were classified as having been valued using level 3 valuation inputs.

MERU LANDFILL

AVP valuers & Asset Management have completed a valuation of the Landfill Land and associated Infrastructure assets with the effective date of 30th of June 2015.

The following methods are used to determine the fair value measurements:

Land

Level 2 valuation inputs

Cost (Direct Comparison) - The valuation of some restricted or otherwise non-saleable land has been valued using the cost approach. This approach was used where, assuming if City of Greater Geraldton need to purchase the land or acquire additional land from an adjoining neighbour, the value of that land could be determined based on known zoning and town planning restrictions. This was determined by comparison to recent sales of land with similar characteristics. This was then adjusted to reflect condition and comparability. As this was based on observable evidence they have been classified as Level 2.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 37. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

\$ '000

(3) Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 and Level 3 Fair Values (continued)

Infrastructure (continued)

MERU LANDFILL (continued)

Buildings

The valuation of buildings, structural improvements and site services includes those items that form part of the building services installation (e.g. heating, cooling and climate control equipment, lifts, escalators, fire alarms, sprinklers and fire fighting equipment, and general lighting etc). Excluded are all items of plant, machinery, equipment, cranes, tools, furniture or chattels.

Level 3 valuation inputs

Cost (Depreciated) – This includes specialised buildings. These buildings were valued using the cost approach using professionally qualified Registered Valuers.

Under this approach the cost to replace the asset is calculated and then adjusted to take account of an accumulated depreciation. The valuer disaggregated the building into different components and for each component determined a value based on the interrelationship between a range of factors. These include asset condition, legal and commercial obsolescence and the determination of key depreciation related assumptions such as residual value and pattern of consumption of the future economic benefit.

Road, Equipment and Civil Assets

All road, equipment and civil assets were valued using the cost approach.

The approach estimated the replacement cost for each asset by componentising the assets into significant parts with different useful lives and taking into account a range of factors. While the unit rates based on square metres or similar capacity could be supported from market evidence (level 2) other inputs (such as estimates of residual value, useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition) required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were classified as having been valued using level 3 valuation inputs.

Landfill

Landfill comprises both the cells and capping and is classified as a land improvement which is recorded separate to the land. The underlying land is valued independently of the land improvements. The valuation has been determined using the cost approach. This included disaggregating the overall land improvements into a range of different components based on each component providing a different purpose and as a result exhibiting a different useful life. Day to day operating costs (such as minor maintenance and monitoring) has been excluded from the valuation. To provide consistency, any associated day to day revenues have also been excluded from the valuation.

Observable inputs to the valuation included the dimensions and design of the assets, the average unit rate for similar construction based on recent projects undertaken by the entity and the amount of remaining volume in each cell. Unobservable inputs included estimates of the estimated remaining life of the site. This has been based on council's statutory requirement to continue monitoring the site post complete consumption of the landfill. All calculations assume a zero residual value and a constant pattern of consumption. The approach applied for each component was -

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 37. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

\$ '000

(3) Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 and Level 3 Fair Values (continued)

Infrastructure (continued)

MERU LANDFILL (continued)

Landfill (continued)

- Cost to prepare site based on current costs and depreciate to nil over remaining life of site. These costs were negligible and therefore have not been included as a separate component
- Cost to prepare each cell based on current cost and depreciated to nil as cell is filled.
- Cost to prepare leachate and overflow ponds based on current cost and depreciated to nil over period till statutory monitoring is no longer required

Council established a rehabilitation provision for estimated future capping expenditure that is discounted to its present value, with the unwinding of the discount being charged to the statement of comprehensive income within the amortisation charge. The discounted present value of the future capping expenditure is capitalised as part of the Landfill asset (2015-2016: \$ 9,195,308) and is amortised on a straight-line basis. At each reporting date the restoration and rehabilitation liability is re-measured to account for any new disturbance, updated cost estimates, inflation, changes to the estimated reserves and lives of operations, new regulatory requirements, environmental policies and revised discount rates. Changes to the restoration and rehabilitation liability are added to or deducted from the related rehabilitation asset and amortised accordingly.

OTHER INFRASTRUCTURE

Roads (Drainage, Bridges, Roundabouts, Medians and Islands, Streetlighting, Bus Shelters, Footpaths) Assets revalued and reviewed by Management with data sourced from the ROMAN database, Intramaps, CadCorp and extensive field audits conducted by the Asset Management Team and the ARRB (Australian Road Research Board).

Car Parks

Assets revalued and reviewed by Management with data sourced from MyData, Roman and condition assessments undertaken by ARRB on sealed carparks.

A reasonably flat rate asset condition distribution has been applied with an average RUL (Remaining Useful Life) of 60% of Design Life being applied across the portfolio.

Recreation (Parks)

Recreation (Parks) assets was revalued and reviewed by Management through its myData register 30/06/2015. MyData is based on asset lifecycle costing with automated valuations complying with Australian Accounting Standards.

Valuation is based on a combination of age and condition of the asset. Certain valuations were made on the basis of open market values of similar assets adjusted for condition and comparability (Level 2 inputs in the fair value hierarchy) and certain valuations were made having regard for current replacement cost and residual values (cost based approach, which are Level 3 inputs in the fair value hierarchy). Given the significance of the Level 3 inputs into the overall fair value measurement, the assets are deemed to have been valued using Level 3 inputs. These Level 3 inputs are based on the assumptions with regard to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 37. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

\$ '000

(4). Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

a. The following tables present the changes in Level 3 Fair Value Asset Classes.

	Land	Buildings	Furniture & Equipment	Roads	Total
Adoption of AASB 13	3,456,000	96,965,353	1,506,600	567,776,619	669,704,572
Closing Balance - 30/6/15	3,456,000	96,965,353	1,506,600	567,776,619	669,704,572
Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation & Impairment	- -	10,864,266 (52,606) (3,071,695)	281,064 (2,243) (390,086)	14,982,935 - (14,919,685)	26,128,265 (54,849) (18,381,466)
FV Gains - Other Comprehensive Income Transfer between Asset Classes	-	(128,184)	(190,506)	-	(128,184) (190,506)
Closing Balance - 30/6/16	3,456,000	104,577,134	1,204,829	567,839,869	677,077,832
	Recreation	Car Parks	Meru Landfill	Airport	Total
Adoption of AASB 13	30,552,746	11,044,634	13,719,797	26,834,300	82,151,477
Closing Balance - 30/6/15	30,552,746	11,044,634	13,719,797	26,834,300	82,151,477
Purchases (GBV) Depreciation & Impairment Other movement	5,566,031 (592,464)	378,111 (437,953)	202,735 (354,176) (69,250)	730,832 (575,103)	6,877,709 (1,959,696) (69,250)
Closing Balance - 30/6/16	35,526,313	10,984,792	13,499,106	26,990,029	87,000,240

(5). Highest and best use

All of Council's non financial assets are considered to being utilised for their highest and best use.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 38. "Held for Sale" Non Current Assets & Disposal Groups

\$ '000

Council did not classify any Non Current Assets or Disposal Groups as "Held for Sale".

Note 39. Investment Properties

Council has not classified any Land or Buildings as "Investment Properties"

Note 40. Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets represent identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.

Council is unaware of any control over Intangible Assets that warrant recognition in the Financial Statements, including either internally generated and developed assets or purchased assets.

Note 41. Equity - Retained Earnings and Reserves Adjustments

(a). Correction of Error/s relating to a Previous Reporting Period

Council made no correction of errors during the current reporting period.

(b). Voluntary Changes in Accounting Policies

Council made no voluntary changes in any accounting policies during the year.

Note 42. Discontinued Operations

Council has not classified any of its Operations as "Discontinued".

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 43. Events occurring after the Reporting Period

\$ '000

Events that occur between the end of the reporting period (ending 30 June 2016) and the date when the financial statements are "authorised for issue" have been taken into account in preparing these statements.

Council has adopted the date of receipt of the Auditors' Report as the applicable "authorised for issue" date relating to these General Purpose Financial Statements.

Accordingly, the "authorised for issue" date is 16/09/16.

Events that occur after the Reporting Period represent one of two types:

(i) Events that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the Reporting Period

These financial statements (and the figures therein) incorporate all "adjusting events" that provided evidence of conditions that existed at 30 June 2016.

(ii) Events that provide evidence of conditions that arose after the Reporting Period

These financial statements (& figures therein) do not incorporate any "non-adjusting events" that have occurred after 30 June 2016 and which are only indicative of conditions that arose after 30 June 2016.

Council is unaware of any material or significant "non-adjusting events" that should be disclosed.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

Note 44. Council Information & Contact Details

Principal Place of Business:

63 Cathedral Avenue Geraldton WA 6530

Contact Details

Mailing Address:

63 Cathedral Avenue Geraldton WA 6530

Telephone: 08 9956 6600 **Facsimile:** 08 9956 6674

Officers

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Ken Diehm

AUDITORS

AMD Chartered Accountants Unit 1, 28 Wellington Street Bunbury WA 6230

Other Information

ABN: 55 907 677 173

Opening Hours:

Monday - Friday 8.30am to 5.00pm

Internet: www.cgg.wa.gov.au
Email: council@cgg.wa.gov.au

Elected Members

MAYOR

Shane van Styn

COUNCILLORS

Graeme Bylund Steve Douglas

Lewis Freer

David Caudwell

Michael Raymond

Laurie Graham

Tarleah Thomas

Jennifer Critch

Robert Hall

Victor Tanti

Neil McIlwaine

Natasha Colliver

Renee Ellis

Simon Keemink



T +61 (8) 9780 7555 F +61 (8) 9721 8982

E amd@amdonline.com.au www.amdonline.com.au Unit 1, 28-30 Wellington Street, Bunbury, WA 6230 PO Box 1306, Bunbury WA 6231

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF GREATER GERALDTON

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of the City of Greater Geraldton, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2016, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, the rate setting statement, and the statement of cash flows for the year ended 30 June 2016, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, and the Chief Executive Officer's statement.

Management's responsibility for the financial report

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the Local Government Act 1995 (as amended) and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (as amended), and for such internal control as Management determines necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks and material misstatements of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Council, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we followed applicable independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements.





Opinion

In our opinion, the financial report of the City of Greater Geraldton

- i. gives a true and fair view of the City of Greater Geraldton's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its performance for the financial year ended 30 June 2016;
- ii. complies with Australian Accounting Standards; and
- iii. is prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1995 (as amended) and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (as amended).

Statutory Compliance

In accordance with the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996, we also report that:

- i. There are no matters that in our opinion indicate significant adverse trends in the financial position or the financial management practices of the City.
- ii. There are no other matters indicating non-compliance with Part 6 of the Local Government Act 1995 (as amended), the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (as amended) or applicable financial controls of any other written law noted during the course of our audit.
- iii. The asset consumption ratio and the asset renewal funding ratio included in the annual financial report are supported by verifiable information and reasonable assumptions.
- iv. All necessary information and explanations were obtained by us.
- v. All audit procedures were satisfactorily completed during our audit.

AMD Chartered Accountants

MARIA CAVALLO

Partner

Bunbury, Western Australia

Dated this 19th day of September 2016





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Unit 1, 28-30 Wellington Street, Bunbury, WA 6230 PO Box 1306, Bunbury WA 6231

19 September 2016

Mr S Van Styn Chairman Audit Committee City of Greater Geraldton PO Box 101 GERALDTON WA 6531

Dear Shane

CITY OF GREATER GERALDTON 30 JUNE 2016 MANAGEMENT REPORT

Following completion of our 30 June 2016 audit, we provide our Management Report and audit recommendations.

1.0 Our Audit Approach

The Australian Auditing Standards are the professional Standards applicable to all audit engagements. Accordingly, our audit was conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, with testing designed solely to enable the expression of an opinion on the financial report of the City of Greater Geraldton. This involved us making an assessment of the risk of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and then using our professional judgement, applying audit procedures to mitigate that risk.

To assist Council in understanding our role as external auditor, we have previously detailed our audit responsibilities and scope of work to be performed to meet those responsibilities in our audit engagement letter.

Australian Auditing Standards require us to document and evaluate City of Greater Geraldton's system of internal control to establish the level of reliance on the internal control system in determining the nature, timing and extent of other auditing procedures necessary to enable us to complete our audit. This work is not primarily directed towards the discovery of weaknesses or the detection of fraud or other irregularities and should not, therefore, be taken to assume that no other weaknesses exit. Accordingly the comments within this letter refer only to those matters that have come to our attention during the course of our normal audit work and may not identify all possible improvements that an internal controls review may detect.

Our audit approach is based on a risk analysis methodology which relies upon our understanding of City of Greater Geraldton's operations, strategies and risks. We performed a review of applicable accounting systems and tested those during our audit. The level of testing performed by us is determined by the degree of reliance we place on the internal control systems in place which has a resulting impact on the amount of substantive testing required during our audit procedures. The level of testing performed is also aligned with what is required to form an overall opinion on the financial statements which may not coincide with what the City of Greater Geraldton perceives should be tested.





Our audit also included evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and judgements, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report. There were no areas of disagreement either in the accounting estimates or judgements or in the presentation and disclosures made in the financial report.

1.0 Assessment of Fraud and Error

The primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud is that of Council and management. As a result, it is important that management with the oversight of Council place a strong emphasis on fraud prevention, which may reduce opportunities for fraud to take place and fraud deterrence, which could persuade individuals not to commit fraud because of the likelihood of detection and resulting consequences.

In accordance with Australian Auditing Standards we are required to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial report taken as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. While our procedures are designed to identify material weaknesses and misstatements from fraud and error, there is an unavoidable risk that even some material misstatements may remain undiscovered. This unavoidable risk is due to the test nature and other inherent limitations of an audit, together with the inherent limitations of any accounting and internal control system.

We have confirmed that nothing has come to management's attention that may constitute an incident of fraud, with exception of the anomalies identified at the Meru Waste Facility in June 2016, of which we understand investigations are ongoing as at the date of this report. Other than this matter our audit procedures did not identify any instances of suspected or actual fraud. We take this opportunity to remind you that our audit is not designed to detect fraud and therefore our audit procedures are not designed for that purpose.

2.0 Audit Adjustments and Unadjusted Audit Differences

During the course of our audit, we did not identify any misstatements considered to be material at a financial report level and therefore no adjustment was required to be reflected within the final audited financial report. Please refer to Appendix 2 for unadjusted audit differences.

3.0 Accounting Policies

We confirm to you that we are not aware of any changes to the accounting policies of the City of Greater Geraldton since 30 June 2015 in respect of the preparation of the 30 June 2016 financial report other than those changes required under Australian Accounting Standards and the Local Government Act and Regulations which are adequately disclosed.

4.0 Commitments and Contingencies

On completion of our audit and subsequent discussions with management, we did not identify any additional commitments or contingencies that required disclosure within the financial report of the City of Greater Geraldton, apart from those already disclosed.

5.0 Subsequent Events

We did not identify any additional subsequent events up until the date of this report that required disclosure within the financial report of the City of Greater Geraldton, apart from those already disclosed.

7.0 Fair Value Re-assessment

As required by Regulation 17A of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 a local government must re-assess each class of asset every three years.

We note the City of Greater Geraldton completed a fair value re-assessment for plant and equipment and furniture and equipment classes of assets as at 30 June 2016.

Our review of documentation provided and discussions with management indicated the fair values for plant and equipment were obtained by the Fleet Manager through auction group records, internal sales records, valuation guides and the IPWEA plant and vehicle management manual. However we were not provided with documents or calculations to support individual plant assets we selected for verification.

Please ensure in future years the basis of calculation of fair values is retained and provided to us as part of the audit process.

8.0 Financial Ratio Performance Measures

A review of City of Greater Geraldton's financial ratios as included within Note 22 of the financial report indicates the following adverse trends based on Department of Local Government and Communities guidelines:

- Current asset ratio as at 30 June 2016 is calculated at 0.92 (recommended to be 1 or greater as per guidelines).
- Asset sustainability ratio as at 30 June 2016 is calculated at 0.65 (recommended to be 0.9 or greater as per guidelines).
- Operating surplus ratio as at 30 June 2016 is calculated at -13.69 (recommended to be 1 or greater as per guidelines).

As a result of the above, we recommend Council continue to consider the impact on ratios and long term sustainability when making decisions regarding asset renewal, additional borrowings and setting rates for future years.

9.0 Local Government Act Compliance Measures

In conjunction with our review of the financial statements, we also perform a review of the City of Greater Geraldton's compliance with the Local Government Act and Local Government Financial Management Regulations. We did not identify any items of non-compliance.

10.0 Interim Audit Recommendations

We note the recommendations from our interim audit completed in February 2016 have been subsequently actioned/completed. We would like to thank management for being pro-active in responding to our internal control recommendations.

11.0 Other Matters

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we have a responsibility to provide an opinion in respect to the City of Greater Geraldton's annual financial report as to whether it is free from material misstatement. Our audit report for 30 June 2016 is unqualified with our opinion stating the financial report presents fairly the financial position of the City of Greater Geraldton, as at and for the year ending 30 June 2016.

Our audit indicated procedures and controls in respect to the City of Greater Geraldton's internal processes, procedures and financial reporting framework are adequately designed and have been maintained to high standards throughout the audit period.

Please refer to Appendix 1 for audit recommendations and comments arising from our 30 June 2016 audit.

Our management report is on an exception basis, and therefore we have not commented on the various internal controls in place within your accounting systems.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank Auke, Temba and the finance team for the assistance provided to us during our audit. We appreciate that all reconciliations and supporting documentation requested from the finance team was provided in a timely manner, which enables us to complete the audit efficiently.

Should you have any questions concerning the above or would like to discuss any other aspect of our audit, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours sincerely

AMD Chartered Accountants

MARIA CAVALLO CA

Partner

cc Ken Diehm

Chief Executive Officer

APPENDIX 1

Audit Recommendations for the year ended 30 June 2016

GUIDANCE TO FINDINGS RATING / IMPLICATION

Findings identified during the final audit have been weighted in accordance with the following scale:

Significant: Those findings where there is potentially a significant risk to the entity should the finding not

be addressed promptly.

Moderate: Those findings which are of sufficient concern to warrant action being taken by the entity as

soon as possible.

Minor: Those findings that are not of primary concern however still warrant action being taken.

AUDIT FINDINGS

1. PRIVATE WORKS INVOICING

Finding Rating: Moderate

Discussions with management and our review of the private works job listing at 30 June 2016 indicate private works jobs completed between April and June 2016 had not been invoiced to customers promptly following job completion. As a result accrued income of \$122,312.47 was recorded at 30 June 2016 to reflect Water Corporation private works completed but not yet invoiced.

We also noted other minor private works jobs completed in December 2015 or prior which have not yet been invoiced.

Implication

Risk of understatement of private works revenue.

Recommendation

We recommend a review of private works jobs is completed at least on a monthly basis to identify jobs required to be invoiced or any other major private works jobs which may require progress billing.

Management Comment

During the financial year 15/16 a major restructure has taken place at CGG with redundancies and resignations leading to multiple positions being vacant for the shorter term and longer term until they could be filled. This time lapse resulted in a processing backlog in areas affected by the restructure, in particular at the Works Depot where the invoicing of private works and reinstatements is initiated. At the end of the financial year, with most positions filled, CGG was able to clear the backlog with reinstatements invoiced in full and minor private works invoicing still outstanding. The risk is considered to be of a minor nature as the delayed invoicing was not caused by a deficiency of the internal control process but was due to a lack of resources at a particular moment in time.

APPENDIX 1

Audit Recommendations for the year ended 30 June 2016

2. EXCESSIVE LEAVE

Finding Rating: Minor

From our review of the annual leave listing, we noted employees who have accrued in excess of six weeks annual leave at year end. We also note from our review of the long service leave listing there were four employees with greater than twelve weeks long service leave accrued.

Implication

- 1. The cost to Council is greater if annual leave is not paid out on a regular basis due to the cumulative effect of salary increases over a period of time.
- 2. Recreational leave enhances employee performance.
- 3. It is a fundamental principle of good internal control that all employees take regular holidays.

Recommendation

We recommend leave balances are managed to reduce the number of employees with excess leave due.

Management Comment

This issue has been identified internally for some time and is a whole of organization priority to manage leave entitlements more effectively. The City acknowledges that recent restructures (20% reduction in FTE's) and the need to maintain adequate resourcing requirements would have negatively impacted on the level of leave entitlements. Managements reports are distributed at least annually to both assist in identifying staff with excessive entitlements, to plan their leave and at the same time maintain service delivery.

3. LEAVE FORMS

Finding Rating: Minor

Our testing of leave balances identified instances where personal leave taken (as recorded in Synergy) could not be agreed to authorised leave forms.

Implication

Risk of misstatement of employee leave balances.

Recommendation

Please ensure leave forms are completed by employees and authorised by management prior to leave being taken.

Management Comment

Finance has raised this issue at management level and will continue to do so in relation to both improved management and to adhering to the processes in place for approval of personal leave and cross referencing to fortnightly timesheets.

APPENDIX 1 Audit Recommendations for the year ended 30 June 2016

4. TITLE DEED LISTING Finding Rating: Minor

We identified that the title for Lot 48 and 58 Harrison and Catherine Street continues to be listed on City of Greater Geraldton's title deed listing despite being sold in the prior year.

Implication

Title deed listing included land no longer owned by the City of Greater Geraldton.

Recommendation

We recommend any properties disposed of be removed from the title deed listing.

Management Comment

There is currently no written process in place for deleting title information from the register following disposal of City land; the Titles have now been removed.

To ensure this will not occur again, a process will be created to ensure such information is removed from the register following the date of settlement.

APPENDIX 2 Unadjusted Audit Differences for the year ended 30 June 2016

Summary of Unadjusted Audit Differences

The following audit adjustments were not raised following our audit and therefore not reflected within the 2016 financial report on the basis they do not materially impact on the 30 June 2016 audited result.

However as your auditors, we are required to bring these to management's attention.

CITY OF GREATER GERALDTON UNADJUSTED AUDIT DIFFERENCES				
30 JUNE 2016				
	\$	\$		
Account Name	Debit	Credit		
Land at fair value	89,699			
Asset revaluation reserve		89,699		
Reconcile land valuation to valuation report.				
Various expenses	103,040			
Accrued expenses		103,040		
Record accrued expenses identified.				

5. AC044 STATUS OF RISK MANAGEMENT AND COMPLIANCE ACTIVITIES

AC044 STATUS OF RISK MANAGEMENT AND COMPLIANCE ACTIVITIES

AGENDA REFERENCE: D-16-58206

AUTHOR: B Pearce, Coordinator Procurement &

Risk

EXECUTIVE: B Davis, Director Department Corporate

& Commercial Services

DATE OF REPORT: 24 September 2016

FILE REFERENCE: RM/1/0003

APPLICANT / PROPONENT: The City of Greater Geraldton

ATTACHMENTS: No

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of the current Operational Risk Management review and the status of the City Business Continuity Management (BCM) planning.

EXECUTIVE RECOMMENDATION:

That the Audit Committee by Simple Majority pursuant to Section 7.1C of the Local Government Act RESOLVES to:

- 1. NOTE the City of Greater Geraldton's status with regards to;
 - a. The progress of the Operational Risk Management review.
 - b. The progress of the City Business Continuity Management planning.
- 2. REQUIRE the City to provide a full risk management report to Council by 20 December 2016.

PROPONENT:

The proponent is the City of Greater Geraldton.

BACKGROUND:

PROMAPP RISK MODULE ROLLOUT

Previous reports to the Audit Committee have referred to the proposed use of the City's newly acquired "Promapp" (process mapping and information capture) software as a tool for the capture and reporting of risk management activities and information, across the organisation.

The Promapp process module was successfully implemented across the City in June 2016.

Promapp risk module training and Risk Register development sessions have now commenced for all Departments.

The following Departments Risk Registers have been completed:

1	Fleet Services	15	Geraldton Airport
2	Ranger Services Team	16	Library and Heritage Services
3	Economic Development	17	Health Services Team
4	Mullewa District Office	18	Sport and Leisure
5	Executive Office	23	Treasury and Finance
6	Safety Services Team	24	Geraldton Visitors Centre Team
7	Urban and Regional Development	25	ICT Services
8	Community and Cultural Development	26	Procurement and Risk
9	Maintenance Operations	27	Major Project- Abraham St (roundabout)
10	Waste Services	28	Major Project- Beresford Foreshore
11	Events Team	29	Major Project – Olive Street
12	Communications Team	30	Major Project – Festival
13	Governance Team	31	Organisational Risk
14	Project Design and Delivery		

RISK TREATMENT IDENTIFIED AND SIGN OFF

At the completion of Promapp Risk module training Departmental staff are required to document draft treatment plans and actions into the Promapp risk module for all risks identified. Treatment owners assess, review and finalise draft Promapp processes and treatment plans, and create links to established procedures were relevant.

The timeframe for completion of the risk treatment sign off is between 31 October 2016 to 23 December 2016, depending on the significance of the risk and the resources of the Department concerned.

PROMAPP RISK MODULE STRUCTURE

The Promapp Risk module has been developed to reflect the current City organisation structure and risk methodology as defined in the City's Risk Management Framework.

This structure has been further refined to enable the categorisation of Risks into 3 Risk Register Categories as follows.

1. Department Risk Registers

a. Department specific risks

2. Major Project Risk Registers

a. Project specific risks

3. Organisational Risk Registers

- a. City wide risks effect whole of City Operations
 - Asset & Infrastructure Management
 - · Compliance Management
 - Environment & Public Health Management
 - Financial Management
 - Human Resource Management
 - Information Communication Technology Management
 - Public Relations Management

Safety Management

This refinement of risks across these 3 categories has streamlined processes and removed the previous high level of duplication of effort and resources in developing and managing Department risk registers. The 3 categories ensure that City wide risks are managed by the correct area.

The use of Promapp to capture Major Project Risk Registers and treatment plans has also significantly improved the effectiveness and efficiencies of Major Projects risk management planning.

EMT RISK REPORTING

The documentation of Departmental, Organisational and Major Project risks in the Promapp system has enabled monthly reporting on the effectiveness of risk management to the Executive Management Team (EMT).

The first such risk report was submitted to EMT at the end of August 2016

AUDIT & COUNCIL RISK REPORTING

The completion of the Operational Risk review will enable the City to provide a full risk report to the Audit Committee and demonstrate that the City has adequate risk management processes in place with controls (treatments) effectively managed.

The Operational Risk review indicative timeframes are as follows:

- **01 September 2016** Completion of Risk Identification & Assessment
- 21 October 2016 First Draft of the Risk Report
- 31 October 2016 LGIS Governance & Risk Service review of Risk Report
- **31 October 2016** deadline for majority of significant Risk Treatments.
- **02 November 2016** Draft Risk Report to EMT for approval.
- **20 December 2016** Risk Report submission to Council.
- 31 December 2016 final deadline for minor risk treatments

RISK MANAGEMENT REFRESHER

To support the implementation of the Promapp risk module a Risk Management refresher course has been delivered to all managers, senior staff and officers to ensure that risk matters are identified in a consistent and effective manner within the Risk Management framework.

At the conclusion of the development of the Risk Registers all Departments will have identified on average 4-6 significant risks per team, with the reduction in identified risks resulting from the correct assessment and assignment of risks.

CITY BUSINESS CONTINUITY MANAGEMENT (BCM)

The City has entered into a contract with Geraldton Data Centre, through the WALGA panel, for Disaster Recovery and Business Continuity services via a cloud-based solution for all City ICT Services. This arrangement is to ensure that the initial crisis management and system recovery will be fast and effective in the event of a ICT service disruption.

The City will commence the full BCM review and development upon completion of the full Operational Risk review and the subsequent report to Council. The anticipated commencement of this review shall be December 2016.

Prior to commencement of the BCM development the City time will document all priority functions for managing risk into Promapp, inclusive of processes and treatments. This full documentation of City critical processes will provide reference to all required critical functions in the final Crisis Management & Business Continuity Response Plan and thereby streamline the BCM review and development, which is expected to be substantially completed by the end March 2017, with a possible BCM exercise in April – May 2017.

ECONOMIC, SOCIAL, ENVIRONMENTAL & CULTURAL ISSUES:

Economic:

There are no economic impacts.

Social:

There are no social impacts.

Environmental:

There are no environmental impacts.

Cultural & Heritage:

There are no cultural or heritage impacts.

RELEVANT PRECEDENTS:

AC039 Status of City Risk Management Activities, Oct 2015 Report on Operational risk management.

COMMUNITY/COUNCILLOR CONSULTATION:

There has been no community/councillor consultation.

LEGISLATIVE/POLICY IMPLICATIONS:

Local Government (Audit) Amendment Regulations 2013 Regulation 17 compliance requirement

FINANCIAL AND RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS:

There are no financial or resource implications.

INTEGRATED PLANNING LINKS:

Title: Governance	Planning and Policy
Strategy 5.2.7	Ensuring efficient and effective delivery of service

REGIONAL OUTCOMES:

There are no impacts to regional outcomes.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The purpose of this item is to report on the development and implementation of effective risk management systems throughout the City. Should the City fail to successfully undertake the above mentioned activities the City will be unable to adequately meet its obligations with regards to risk management.

ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS CONSIDERED

No alternatives have been considered, as risk management systems are a regulatory requirement, and this process will deliver the necessary plans and action frameworks for compliance.

6. AC045 REVIEW OF COMPLIANCE -FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS AUDIT REPORT- ACTIONS

AC045 FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS AUDIT- ACTIONS

AGENDA REFERENCE: D-16-57866

AUTHOR: M Adam, Governance Coordinator EXECUTIVE: B Davis, Director Department of

Corporate and Commercial Services

DATE OF REPORT: 12 September 2016

FILE REFERENCE: FM/3/0003

APPLICANT / PROPONENT: The City of Greater Geraldton

ATTACHMENTS: A. Regulation 17 Review worksheet

B. Financial Management Systems

Review worksheet

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

This report provides the Audit Committee with a report on the management actions from the AMD Financial Systems review 2016.

EXECUTIVE RECOMMENDATION;

That the Audit Committee by Simple Majority pursuant to Section 7.1C of the Local Government Act RESOLVES to:

1. NOTE the Report on the management actions on the AMD Financial Systems Review 2016 as recorded in the attached worksheets Attachment A and B, AC045.

PROPONENT:

The proponent is the City of Greater Geraldton.

BACKGROUND:

The Audit Committee at their meeting on 1 March 2016 endorsed the following recommendation:

5. REQUIRE a report on the Management Actions from the AMD 2016 Financial Management Systems Review to be presented to the Audit Committee at the next scheduled Committee Meeting.

And noted:

Management Actions on the AMD 2016 Financial Management System Review are to be itemised on a working report with details of the responsible officer, expected date of completion and a risk rating. The report is to be submitted to the Audit Committee at the next meeting.

The attached working reports Attachment A and B AC045 provide the Committee with the information as required.

ECONOMIC, SOCIAL, ENVIRONMENTAL & CULTURAL ISSUES: Economic:

There are no economic impacts.

Social:

There are no social impacts.

Environmental:

There are no environmental impacts.

Cultural & Heritage:

There are no cultural or heritage impacts.

RELEVANT PRECEDENTS:

Internal audits are conducted from time to time, form part of the internal control systems of the organisation and are aimed at improving internal controls and accounting, compliance processes to minimise risks.

COMMUNITY/COUNCILLOR CONSULTATION:

There has been no community/councillor consultation.

LEGISLATIVE/POLICY IMPLICATIONS:

Local Government (Audit) Amendment Regulations 2013 Regulation 17

FINANCIAL AND RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS:

There are no financial or resource implications.

INTEGRATED PLANNING LINKS:

Title: Governance	Planning and Policy
Strategy 5.2.7	Ensuring efficient and effective delivery of service

REGIONAL OUTCOMES:

There are no impacts to regional outcomes.

RISK MANAGEMENT

ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS CONSIDERED

No alternatives have been considered.

APPENDIX A

CITY OF GREATER GERALDTON

RISK MANAGEMENT

No.	Finding	Recommendation	Responsible	Management Comment	Completion
			Officer	Actions	Date
1	The CGG Risk Framework, including	The CGG Risk Management	Brodie Pearce	Management Comment	
	risk register and accompanying risk	Framework, including the risk		The on-going review and validation	Completed
	management policies were not	register and accompanying risk	Coordinator	of all risk registers slowed after Sept	
	reviewed in accordance with stated	management policies, be	Procurement and	2014 as the City undertook planning	
	next review date.	reviewed on an ongoing basis.	Risk	and selection of a risk management	
				software package, with selection of	
	Out of date Risk Management	The Risk Management		Promapp confirmed in late 2015, to	
	policies include:	Framework to include a		commence implementation in	
	CP006 Risk Management	litigation/claims policy and		March – April 2016.	
	CP008 Occupational Safety and	media policy.		The City will review requirements	
	Health			for litigation/claims procedures.	
	CP036 Risk Tolerance &			These matters are generally	
	Appetite			managed by the City's solicitors in	
	OP005 CGG Risk Management			conjunction with insurers.	
	Framework			The City is not committed to	
				framing further media risk handling	
	CGG's risk policies and procedures do			procedures, with tight controls over	
	not include:			media management exercised by	
	(a)litigation/claims			the CEO in conjunction with the	
	policy; and			Mayor, on a day to day basis.	
	(b) media policy.			Actions	
	(b) media policy.			Policies CP036 and OP005	
				Have been retired.	
				Policies CP006 and OP 008 were	
				reviewed and updated – next review	
				2018.	

2	There is no ongoing assessment of key operational risks completed by management, in particular those risks identified as high within the City's Risk Register.	 (EMT) complete an ongoing assessment of key operational risks on a regular basis which includes: Ongoing review of risks assessed as high including design, implementation and monitoring of mitigating controls; Identification of organisational structure and operational changes which may cause risk assessment changes; and Preparation and presentation of risk reports 	Brodie Pearce Coordinator Procurement and Risk	The Risk Management Framework is current. The Insurance Process has been updated and approved within Promapp – Process software. Management Comment Due to resource constraints, risk management process implementation across the City slowed after 2014, pending implementation of a risk management software package which was confirmed in late 2015 (Promapp) and which will commence roll out in March – April 2016. The City was assisted in the key initial stages of development of risk registers by LGIS. Introduction of periodic reporting for risk monitoring, to EMT, the
		Preparation and		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

				organisation, to capture risk information. Monthly reports to the Executive Management Team commenced July 2016. An operational risk review is in progress due for completion December 2016.	December 16
3	Risk reports are not provided to the Audit Committee / Council on a regular basis. CGG Risk Management Framework (version 3 dated 28 April 2015) states: • The Risk Management Committee will provide a quarterly report to the Council Audit Committee on the status of risk management across the City; • The Risk Management Committee shall provide an annual report to Council (through EMT) on the overall status of risk management across the City; and • The Risk Management Committee shall provide a biannual report to the Audit Committee (through EMT) on the overall status of risk management across the City.	As best practice and in accordance with Council Risk Management Framework, it is recommended that regular risk reports be provided to the Audit Committee / Council which identify key risks, the status and effectiveness of the risk management systems in place at the CGG, risk monitoring, new risks identified and how risks have been mitigated / treated. We recommend a standing agenda item be added to the Audit Committee meeting agenda for risk reports to be tabled.	Brodie Pearce Coordinator Procurement and Risk	Actions An Agenda item addressing risk reporting is included in the Audit Committee Agenda 3.10.16 Actions A Standing Agenda item for Compliance added to Audit Committee Agenda.	October 16

	Risk reports are not being prepared and presented in accordance with stated policy.				
5	From our review of CGG's CP 034 Fraud Control Policy (last reviewed August 2015 with next review date states as 2017) and subsequent inquiries of management, the following was noted: • A fraud control plan has not been developed as required by section 5 of the policy; • Furthermore, the fraud control policy did not have a process for reporting suspected or known fraud to an external party to allow employees, contractors, volunteers and councillors to remain anonymous.	As best practice we also suggest Council consider the use of an external party for reporting suspected or known fraud.	Paul Radalj Manager Treasury and Finance	Management Comments The policy states that the Fraud Control Plan is to be developed by August 2017. Actions Council Policy CP034, Fraud Control is currently being reviewed as part of an all-inclusive review of the City's Council Policy Register	In Progress
6	No formal contract manager role has been identified and assigned (i.e. there is no one responsible for overall contract management). Projects are managed within each directorate and the process with which each directorate manages projects is different.	A policy and procedure is designed and documented to ensure project contracts are uniformly managed appropriately and in accordance with stated policy. Compliance checklists be utilised to ensure compliance is met on all project contracts.	Brodie Pearce Coordinator Procurement and Risk	Management Comments Under current review of organisational structure, a Contract officer role has been identified as a high priority. Action A specialist procurement officer has been appointed to the Infrastructure services team.	

	Contract compliance checklists are not uniformly utilised in managing project contracts across all directorates.			A new compliance / tender process is being developed and will be rolled out in the near future.
				30 procurement processes have been drafted within the process software Promapp.
				Procurement process and policy training has been delivered to city employees.
7	There is no signature specimen in place outlining all payment/purchase order authorities and the corresponding signature for that employee ensuring sign off is being complete on appropriate	A specimen signature is maintained listing all authorities and their signature to ensure up to date.	Auke Van der Weij Financial Accountant	Management Comments Agree with recommendation — signature listing to be compiled and provided to relevant procurement and payment officers.
	levels of expenditure by the correct employees.			Action A specimen signature register has been created and will be updated on a regular basis

INTERNAL CONTROLS

LEGISLATIVE COMPLIANCE

No.	Finding	Recommendation	Responsible	Management Comments	Completion
			Officer	Actions	Date
2	Numerous outdated policies	Policies and procedures included in	Margot Adam	Management Comments	
	and procedures which were		Coordinator	Current documented Policies do not	
			Governance	reflect their formal re-adoption by	

not reviewed in accordance	Council's Manual are updated to reflect the	Council following 2-yearly	
with stated next review date;	last review date and the date the next	Elections.	
	review will be conducted.	The policies have actually been	
Council Policies	Policies should clearly document the last review date and the next review date.	reviewed and readopted, but the review and next review due dates, have not been amended on the published editions. A number of policies are currently being reviewed.	
		Actions	March 2016
		 Actions Councillors and Executives attended a Policy and Strategy workshop March 2016. Councillors are currently reviewing and assessing the Council Policy Manual. A workshop is scheduled for 13 October 2016 for Councillors to discuss priorities for Council Policy review. 	
Operational Policies		Management Comments An initiative to address the currency and relevance of Operational policies has been the recent development of policy review teams within Corporate Services. This practice will be rolled out across the organisation.	Ongoing

			Actions Operational Policies due for review are currently being reviewed by relevant staff and submitted for endorsement to the Executive	
			Management Team.	
2	The Audit Committee agenda does not include a standing item assessing the effectiveness of compliance (for example, assessing the progress of matters raised by Regulation 17 Review).	A standing agenda item be added to the Audit Committee meeting agenda to assess the effectiveness of compliance	Management Comments The annual compliance return to DLG&C is listed every year for Audit Committee consideration. Revitalisation of Risk Management activities and implementation of Promapp in March/April 2016 are expected to drive a risk-based approach to monitoring and management of compliance obligations.	
			Action Standing item for Compliance added to Audit Committee Agenda	3 October 16

Financial Management Systems Review

Working Report

Reference	No.	Finding and Recommendations	Officer	Management Comment Actions	Expected Completion Date	Risk Rating
Appendix B	1.	 End of Day Receipting Procedures Daily Taking Sheet and End of Day Cash Receipts Reconciliation be: Reviewed by someone independent to receipting function and signed off as evidence of independent review. 	Auke Van der Weij Financial Accountant	Management comment Implementation of recommendations to be reviewed on a case by case basis taking into account resources and volume of business. The City considers this a low risk given strong internal controls. Actions	Completed	М
Appendix C	1	IT Strategic Plan Management review the IT strategic plan and update to include Councils current IT and communications objectives and requirements. The plan should state the next review date.	Dennis Duff Manager ICT	Management comment The City is undertaking a joint study with WAI-GA Northern Zone Councils for potential move to a Shared ICT Services arrangement. Development of a new ICT Strategy will reflect the outcomes from the development of a Disaster Recovery and Business Continuity Plan and review of ICT delivery models, Further development of the strategy has been deferred pending completion of the Shared Services study, and deliberation on recommendation by the City and other Councils. Anticipated completion date now 30 June 2016. Actions This is currently still in development.	December 2016	M

3	Business Continuity Plan	Manager ICT	Management comment		М
			The City has entered into a contract with Geraldton		
	A business continuity plan,		Data Centre under WALGA panel, for Disaster		
	incorporating a disaster recovery plan		Recovery and Business Continuity services via a		
	be developed, documented and		cloud-based solution. Testing scheduled for March		
	presented to Council for adoption.		2016. Other components of business continuity plan		
			to be completed by November 2016, subject to		
	These plans should be developed in		timing of completion of review of customer services		
	consultation with relevant staff and		delivery arrangements.		
	third party suppliers, communicated				
	to all staff, implemented and		Actions	November	
	monitored on a regular basis. It is		Scenario planning, documenting and subsequent	2016	
	expected that the business		testing is in development for completion by		
	continuity plan would include as a		November 2016.		
	minimum:				
	 an impact analysis establishing 				
	various scenarios and their				
	efficient resolution, including				
	logistical as well as IT related				
	issues				
	 consideration and evaluation of 				
	temporary alternative sites from				
	which significant operating				
	functions can be conducted in the				
	event of unforeseen events; and				
	 to ensure critical business functions 				
	can be completed whilst IT systems				
	are unavailable.				
	The plan should be tested (annually)				
	and results from the test be				

	documented along with corrective action taken to eliminate weaknesses. Procedures should be developed to identify when changes are required to the business continuity plan as a result of IT infrastructure upgrades or changes.				
5	A formal or structured system development life cycle be developed and implemented to ensure the continued development of new IT systems.	Dennis Duff Manager ICT	Management comment This has linkage to the comments under "findings 1" of this report in that a system development life cycle on infrastructure requirements would not be developed until the ICT Strategy is developed and delivery models are finalised. Action With the recent on boarding of a senior systems analyst, a formal SDLC is being developed and documented within Promapp.	December 2016	M
8	Privacy and Intellectual Property Security A formal documented policy is prepared and communicated to employees regarding restrictions for personal file sharing accounts and USB's / removable hard discs (perhaps this could be implemented though only allowing City approved devised which are password	Dennis Duff Manager ICT	Management comment Agree with recommendation to ensure staff using removal hard drives/USB devices and file sharing services to store their data, do not breach the City's Record Keeping Plan and therefore the State Records Act. Actions No action yet taken. To be developed.	December 2016	M

		protected to be recognised by the IT system).				
	9	Server Backups Backups be tested on a regular basis to ensure recovery of data is achievable with no significant interruption to the operations of the City is experienced.	Dennis Duff Manager ICT	Management comment New Backup testing practices are now in the process of being developed and implemented. Action Integrity checking process still in progress and being reviewed as part of BC/DR planning.	November 2016	
	10	User Terminal logout All computer terminals are set up to log out after a period of inactivity, for example ten minutes	Dennis Duff Manager ICT	Management comment Agree with recommendation — automatic log outs to be set on all terminals after a period of inactivity Actions This configuration was implemented during the rollout to Windows 10.	Completed	L
Appendix E	1	WALGA best practice guidelines	Brodie	Management comment		M
		recommend formal performance management assessments be conducted during and at the completion of a project / service contract to ensure contractors and suppliers are performing in accordance with state contract terms. This could be completed for projects	Pearce Coordinator Procurement and Risk	The City's Internal Procurement working group is currently developing a process that aligns with the above recommendations. Actions		
		or service contracts over a specified				

	value or deemed to be medium to high risk. This assessment may include key performance indicators to assist in comparing contractor / supplier performance. The process for monitoring performance and the key performance indicators used should be included in the project specification document and agreement provided to contractors and suppliers. It may be beneficial for a list of the post tender / service contract evaluation to be maintained for future records which can be reviewed when new tenders are being assessed and to			
	ensure post contractor service history is maintained on file for future reference (in particular when staff turnover occurs).			
5	Minimum Quotations To ensure compliance with Council's stated policy, it is recommended that the minimum number of quotes are obtained prior to the purchase of goods or services.	Procurement	Management comment Council procurement/ purchasing policy CPOIO is currently under review. Within the scope of the review is an evaluation of the number and amount of individual purchase thresholds and the requirements with regard to obtaining quotations. Actions	L

p q v s	suggested that Information retaining to any payment, such as otes obtained (whether verbal or tten), advertising and other nificant notes should be attached or ted on payment advices.	
s q v	e use of a formal quotation form is agested whereby details of verbal obtes obtained are noted and atten quotes obtained a marrised	

7. AC046 AUDIT COMMITTEE ANNUAL REPORT TO COUNCIL

AC046 AUDIT COMMITTEE ANNUAL REPORT TO COUNCIL

AGENDA REFERENCE: D-16-57873

AUTHOR: M Adam, Governance Coordinator
EXECUTIVE: B Davis, Director Department of
Corporate and Commercial Services

Corporate and Commercial

DATE OF REPORT: 12 September 2016

FILE REFERENCE: GO/11/0020

APPLICANT / PROPONENT: The City of Greater Geraldton

ATTACHMENTS: No

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The purpose of this report is for the Audit Committee to review a summary of Audit Committees activities for the period July 2015 to June 2016 prior to submission of the summary to Council.

EXECUTIVE RECOMMENDATION;

That the Audit Committee by Simple Majority pursuant to Section 7.1C of the Local Government Act RESOLVES to:

- 1. RECEIVE the summary of Audit Committee activities for the period July 2015 to June 2016.
- 2. RECOMMEND that Council accepts the summary of Audit Committee activities for the period July 2015 to June 2016.

PROPONENT:

The proponent is the City of Greater Geraldton.

BACKGROUND:

In accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* section 7.1A (1):

"A local government is to establish an audit committee of 3 or more persons to exercise the powers and discharge the duties conferred on it".

The City of Greater Geraldton Audit Committee Charter incorporates the following reporting requirements:

5.2 The Committee shall report annually to the Council summarising its activities during the previous financial year.

Below is a summary of the activities of the Audit Committee for the period July 2015 to June 2016 for the purposes of providing the abovementioned report to Council.

<u>Audit Committee Meeting – 6 October 2015</u>

i. Review of the Interim and Final Audit report for the financial period ending 30 June 2015.

ii. Review of the progress of the City's Risk Management Activities, including the progress of the City's Risk Management Project and Business Continuity Management.

<u>Audit Committee Meeting – 1 March 2016</u>

- i. Review of the Audit Committee Charter.
- ii. Endorse the Compliance Audit Return 2015 and report to Council.
- iii. Review of the Interim Audit report and the Financial System and Risk Review.

ECONOMIC, SOCIAL, ENVIRONMENTAL & CULTURAL ISSUES:

Economic:

There are no economic impacts.

Social:

There are no social impacts.

Environmental:

There are no environmental impacts.

Cultural & Heritage:

There are no cultural or heritage impacts.

RELEVANT PRECEDENTS:

The Audit Committee Charter requires the committee to report annually to Council summarising the activities of the previous financial year.

COMMUNITY/COUNCILLOR CONSULTATION:

There has been no community/councillor consultation.

LEGISLATIVE/POLICY IMPLICATIONS:

Local Government Act 1995 s 7.1A, Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996.

FINANCIAL AND RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS:

There are no financial or resource implications.

INTEGRATED PLANNING LINKS:

Title: Governance	Planning and Policy				
Strategy 5.2.7	Ensuring efficient and effective delivery of service				

REGIONAL OUTCOMES:

There are no impacts to regional outcomes.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The provision of an annual report to Council on the activities of the Audit Committee ensures that the committee meets compliance requirements of the *Audit Committee Charter s5.2* and reporting recommendations of the Department of Local Government and Communities *Audit in Local Government Operational Guideline number 09- 2013.*

ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS CONSIDERED

No alternatives have been considered.

8. MEETING CLOSURE