YAMAJI DRIVE TRAIL

1. Esplanade
2. Ilgarjiiri (Things belonging to the Sky) Sculpture
3. Midden Site, Bluff Point
4. Chapman River Regional Park
5. Dr Foley’s Tree, Strathalbyn
6. Bundiyarra Aboriginal Community Aboriginal Corporation
7. Warlgu Trail (Alice Nannup Trail)
8. Greenough River Nature Walk Trail
9. Bootenal Spring
10. Ellendale Pool
11. Woolya Reserve, Tenindewa
12. Mass Rock, Mullewa
13. Bushland Walk Trail and Lookout, Mullewa
14. Butterabby Graves site

More information about the sites visited on the Yamaji Drive Trail can be found in The Aboriginal History of Geraldton (Jambinu) and Surrounding Areas by Stan Gratte. These are available for sale from:

- Geraldton Regional Library, 37 Marine Tce, Geraldton. Ph: 9956 6659
- Geraldton Visitor Centre, 246 Marine Tce, Geraldton. Ph: 9956 6670
- WA Museum-Geraldton, 1 Museum Pl, Geraldton. Ph: 9921 5080
**1. Esplanade**  
For thousands of years, Champion Bay (Jambinu) provided a sheltered location and rich fishing ground for Aboriginal people from across the Midwest, known collectively as Yamaji people. Take a stroll out along the Esplanade to enjoy the view.

**2. Ilgarijiri (Things belonging to the Sky) Sculpture**  
This cast bronze and ceramic sculpture evolved from the interpretation of two paintings – *The Emu in the Sky* by Margaret Whitehurst (Wajarri) and *The Seven Sisters and the Hunter* by Barbara Merritt (Badimaya). Project Coordinator, Yamaji Art, is located at 205 Marine Tce, Geraldton, ph: 9965 3440.

**3. Midden Site, Bluff Point**  
Midden sites typically consist of mounds or layers of shell material or other debris such as charcoal fragments, stone flakes and bone implements left by Aboriginal people adjacent to their food gathering sources. Stop at the Bluff Point Lighthouse Keepers Cottage Museum on the way, Chapman Rd, Bluff Point, ph: 9923 1837.

**4. Chapman River Regional Park**  
Prior to European settlement, the Chapman River was an important camping area for Aboriginal people. Delight in the wildflowers that line the nature walk trails between July-October.

**5. Dr Foley’s Tree, Strathalbyn**  
Planted by Dr. Robert Foley in 1853, this tree marks the site of the home of this early pioneer. A corroboree site was located close to this place, east of Oothacarra Pool (meaning place of the dog).

**6. Bundiyarra Aboriginal Community**  
Learn about Yamaji culture and language at Bundiyarra ACAC, Eastward Rd, Utakarra, ph: 9920 7900.

**7. Warlgu Trail (Alice Nannup Trail)**  
This short walk trail winds its way through a stand of Warlgu (Quandong) trees. The old Geraldton Native Reserve was located in this area.

**8. Greenough River Nature Walk Trail**  
The Greenough Flats contained a number of permanent water-holes along with an abundance of wildlife and the potato-like plants, the Adjecca and the Anguwarra. Enjoy the natural landscape and view an amazing range of birdlife along this circular track (total length approx. 17km).

**9. Bootenal Spring**  
This freshwater spring is believed to be the site of confrontations between local Aboriginal people and early settlers. While in Greenough, visit the Greenough Museum and Gardens, Phillips Rd, ph: 9926 1890 and the Central Greenough Historic Settlement, Brand Highway, ph: 9926 1084.

**10. Ellendale Pool**  
This lovely site is surrounded by giant gum trees and a rocky gorge, and is watched over by Bimarra the Serpent who rests underneath the magnificent cliff face. Camping is available at $5.00 per night. On the way to Ellendale Pool, visit the Walkaway Station Museum, Padbury Rd, ph: 9926 1976.

**11. Woolya Reserve, Tenindewa**  
The site of an Aboriginal soak, close to the old township of Tenindewa. This tranquil setting is a popular place for viewing wildflowers and birdlife.

**12. Mass Rock, Mullewa**  
Monsignor John Hawes (1876-1956) had a great affinity with Aboriginal people and built a special altar to the east of Mullewa, known as Mass Rock. Access is via a rough track.

**13. Bushland Walk Trail & Lookout, Mullewa**  
The Mullewa Bushland Trail is an interesting walk through rich natural landscape (2,370 metres). The trail includes some short moderate climbs and several rocky sections.

**14. Butterabby Graves site**  
This is a site of conflict where the Wajarri and the Nhanhagardi/Wilunyu peoples attempted to resist pastoralist expansion.